

Exodus 3:1-15

Table: Exodus 3  
Exodus 3:1-15, AV1611 versus NIV/NKJV footnotes

Verse	AV1611	NIV/NKJV footnotes
1	<i>Now Moses kept the flock of Jethro his father in law, the priest of Midian: and he led the flock to the backside of the desert, and came to the mountain of God, even to Horeb.</i>	<i>Now Moses was tending the flock of Jethro his father-in-law, the priest of Midian, and he led the flock to the far side of the desert and came to Horeb, the mountain of God.</i>
2	<i>And the angel of the LORD appeared unto him in a flame of fire out of the midst of a bush: and he looked, and, behold, the bush burned with fire, and the bush was not consumed.</i>	<i>There the angel of the LORD appeared to him in flames of fire from within a bush. Moses saw that though the bush was on fire it did not burn up.</i>
3	<i>And Moses said, I will now turn aside, and see this great sight, why the bush is not burnt.</i>	<i>So Moses thought, "I will go over and see this strange sight — why the bush does not burn up."</i>
4	<i>And when the LORD saw that he turned aside to see, God called unto him out of the midst of the bush, and said, Moses, Moses. And he said, Here am I.</i>	<i>When the LORD saw that he had gone over to look, God called to him from within the bush, "Moses! Moses!" And Moses said, "Here I am."</i>
5	<i>And he said, Draw not nigh hither: put off thy shoes from off thy feet, for the place whereon thou standest is holy ground.</i>	<i>"Do not come any closer," God said. "Take off your sandals, for the place where you are standing is holy ground."</i>
6	<i>Moreover he said, I am the God of thy father, the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob. And Moses hid his face; for he was afraid to look upon God.</i>	<i>Then he said, "I am the God of your father, the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac and the God of Jacob." At this, Moses hid his face, because he was afraid to look at God.</i>
7	<i>And the LORD said, I have surely seen the affliction of my people which are in Egypt, and have heard their cry by reason of their taskmasters; for I know their sorrows;</i>	<i>The LORD said, "I have indeed seen the misery of my people in Egypt. I have heard them crying out because of their slave drivers, and I am concerned about their suffering.</i>
8	<i>And I am come down to deliver them out of the hand of the Egyptians, and to bring them up out of that land unto a good land and a large, unto a land flowing with milk and honey; unto the place of the Canaanites, and the Hittites, and the Amorites, and the Perizzites, and the Hivites, and the Jebusites.</i>	<i>So I have come down to rescue them from the hand of the Egyptians and to bring them up out of that land into a good and spacious land, a land flowing with milk and honey — the home of the Canaanites, Hittites, Amorites, Perizzites, Hivites and Jebusites.</i>
9	<i>Now therefore, behold, the cry of the children of Israel is come unto me: and I have also seen the oppression wherewith the Egyptians oppress them.</i>	<i>And now the cry of the Israelites has reached me, and I have seen the way the Egyptians are oppressing them.</i>

**Table: Exodus 3 Continued**  
**Exodus 3:1-15, AV1611 versus NIV/NKJV footnotes**

Verse	AV1611	NIV/NKJV footnotes
10	<i>Come now therefore, and I will send thee unto Pharaoh, that thou mayest bring forth my people the <b>children of Israel</b> out of Egypt.</i>	<i>So now, go. I am sending you to Pharaoh to bring my people the <b>Israelites</b> out of Egypt."</i>
11	<i>And Moses said unto God, Who am I, that I should go unto Pharaoh, and that I should bring forth the <b>children of Israel</b> out of Egypt?</i>	<i>But Moses said to God, "Who am I, that I should go to Pharaoh and bring the <b>Israelites</b> out of Egypt?"</i>
12	<i>And he said, <b>Certainly</b> I will be with thee; and this shall be a token unto thee, that I have sent thee: When thou hast brought forth the people out of Egypt, ye shall serve God upon this mountain.</i>	<i>And God said, "I will be with you. And this will be the sign to you that it is I who have sent you: When you have brought the people out of Egypt, you will worship God on this mountain."</i>
13	<i>And Moses said unto God, Behold, when I come unto the children of Israel, and shall say unto them, The God of your fathers hath sent me unto you; and they shall say to me, What is his name? what shall I say unto them?</i>	<i>Moses said to God, "Suppose I go to the Israelites and say to them, 'The God of your fathers has sent me to you,' and they ask me, 'What is his name?' Then what shall I tell them?"</i>
14	<i>And God said unto Moses, I AM <b>THAT</b> I AM: and he said, Thus shalt thou say unto the <b>children of Israel</b>, I AM hath sent me unto you.</i>	<i>God said to Moses, "I AM <b>WHO</b> I AM. This is what you are to say to the <b>Israelites</b>: 'I AM has sent me to you.'"</i>
15	<i>And God said moreover unto Moses, Thus shalt thou say unto the <b>children of Israel</b>, The LORD God of your fathers, the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob, hath sent me unto you: this is my name for ever, and this is my memorial unto all generations.</i>	<i>God also said to Moses, "Say to the <b>Israelites</b>, 'The LORD, the God of your fathers — the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac and the God of Jacob — has sent me to you.' This is my name forever, the name by which I am to be remembered from generation to generation.</i>

Note that many of the notes that follow this table are from Dr Ruckman's works<sup>1</sup>.

### Notes on Exodus 3:1-15

1. Exodus 3:1-3. Moses may have thought that he was finished with God after Exodus 2:11-15. God was not finished with him. Paul explains why in 2 Timothy 2:13.

***"If we believe not, yet he abideth faithful: he cannot deny himself."***

The reason in the case of Moses is in Exodus 2:23-25. It is a five-fold reason.

***"And it came to pass in process of time, that the king of Egypt died: and the children of Israel sighed by reason of the bondage, and they cried, and their cry came up unto God by reason of the bondage. And God heard their groaning, and God remembered his covenant with Abraham, with Isaac, and with Jacob. And God looked upon the children of Israel, and God had respect unto them."***

- 1.1. ***"Horeb"*** is Mount Sinai or the region around Mount Sinai, Exodus 17:6, 33:6, Deuteronomy 1:2, 6, 19, 4:10, 15, 5:2, 9:8, 18:16, 29:1.
- 1.2. ***"The angel of the LORD"*** is an Old Testament appearance of God or Theophany<sup>2</sup>. Note the use of the term ***"appeared."*** See also Acts 7:30.

- 1.3. ***“The bush burned with fire, and the bush was not consumed”*** because God is in the bush. The burning bush is also a picture of the nation of Israel, which has undergone repeated persecutions from the days of Pharaoh to the Catholic Nazi inquisition, aka Holocaust of WW2<sup>3</sup>. Israel nevertheless remains to this day.

***“The bush burned with fire, and the bush was not consumed”*** also shows God’s holiness and wrath against sin, Deuteronomy 4:24, 2 Samuel 23:6, 7, Mark 9:44, 46, 48, Hebrews 6:8, especially if the bush is a thorn bush, Genesis 3:18, Matthew 27:29, John 19:5, 28.

- 1.4. Moses turns aside to ***“see this great sight”*** because ***“the Jews require a sign”*** 1 Corinthians 1:22 pointing to God’s power, blessing and deliverance, as Exodus 4:1-8 shows.
2. Exodus 3:4. God called Moses by name, as He did others who would become His servants, e.g. Samuel, 1 Samuel 3:4, Mary, Luke 1:30, 31, 32, Peter, John 1:42, Paul, Acts 9:5, 6. God would also reveal to Moses His own name, in return, Exodus 3:14.
3. Exodus 3:5. The ground is cursed, Genesis 3:17 but here God lifts the curse and the ground becomes ***“holy ground.”*** This is the first mention of the word ***“holy”*** in the scripture. Right now, ***“the curse...goeth forth over the face of the whole earth”*** Zechariah 5:3 but ***“There shall be no more curse”*** Revelation 22:3 when the Lord comes back, after ***“his feet shall stand in that day upon the mount of Olives”*** Zechariah 14:4.

It is likely that God told Moses to remove his shoes when he stood on ***“holy ground”*** because shoes are made from the hides of dead animals and death is part of the curse, Genesis 3:18, 19, Romans 5:12. See also Joshua 5:15.

4. Exodus 3:6. God is responding to ***“his covenant with Abraham, with Isaac, and with Jacob”*** Exodus 2:24. He is a covenant-keeping God, ***“For all the promises of God in him are yea, and in him Amen”*** 2 Corinthians 1:20.
- 4.1. Note that the expression ***“the God of thy father, the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob”*** shows that God is the God of generations, because His Book is referred to in Genesis 5:1 as ***“This in the book of the generations of Adam”*** and God is interested in people.
- 4.2. The three-fold expression ***“the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob”*** occurs 3 times in the scripture, all in the Old Testament, Exodus 3:6, 15, 4:5 and the similar expression ***“the God of Abraham, and the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob”*** occurs 4 times in the scripture, all in the New Testament, Matthew 22:32, Mark 12:26, Luke 20:37, Acts 7:32. Each expression indicates the Trinity, or Godhead, 1 John 5:7 and the total of 7 such expressions indicates God Himself, or Deity, given the association with God and the number 7, with respect to its first mention as ***“seventh”*** Genesis 2:2, 3<sup>4</sup>. See remarks on Point 10 and Exodus 3:14.
- 4.3. Note also in Luke 20:37, 38 that God is ***“God of...the living”*** as the Lord Himself explained with respect to Abraham, Isaac and Jacob and as He shows in Luke 16:19-31.
- 4.4. Moses hid his face because at that time, Exodus 33:20 prevailed:

***“And he said, Thou canst not see my face: for there shall no man see me, and live.”***

5. Exodus 3:7. Exodus 3:7 cross-references to Exodus 2:23-25. See remarks on Point 4 and Exodus 3:6.
- 5.1. Note that the Lord says ***“I know their sorrows”*** because as David testifies in Psalm 139:2 ***“Thou knowest my downsitting and mine uprising”*** and in the Person of His Son, the Lord Jesus Christ, God would become ***“a man of sorrows, and acquainted with grief.”*** It would be He that ***“hath borne our griefs, and carried our sorrows:”*** because ***“he was wounded for our transgressions, he was bruised for our iniquities: the chastisement of our peace was upon him; and with his stripes we are healed”*** Isaiah 53:3, 4, 5.

- 5.2. Note that in sum, with respect to Israel, God says ***“I have...seen the affliction of my people,” “I have heard their cry” and “I know their sorrows.”*** Devotionally, Exodus 3:7 can be cross-referenced to Psalm 34:7 and the Christian by means of the imputed righteousness of the Lord Jesus Christ, 1 Corinthians 1:30.

***“The eyes of the LORD are upon the righteous, and his ears are open unto their cry.”***

See also Luke 18:7-8b.

***“And shall not God avenge his own elect, which cry day and night unto him, though he bear long with them? I tell you that he will avenge them speedily.”***

- 5.3. Note that the expression ***“my people”*** refers specifically to ***“the children of Israel”*** Exodus 3:9, 10, 11, 14, 15. The term occurs over 200 times in the scripture but wherever the Lord uses the expression ***“my people,”*** the reference is always primarily to Israel, Exodus 3:7, 10, 5:1, 7:4, 16, 8:1 etc., even in the New Testament, Matthew 2:6, Acts 7:34, Romans 9:25, 26, 2 Corinthians 6:16, Revelation 18:4 cross-referencing with Jeremiah 51:5-7<sup>5</sup>.

The main theme of Exodus 1-10 is certainly ***“Let my people go.”*** The expression occurs 9 times; Exodus 5:1, 7:16, 8:1, 20, 21, 9:1, 13, 10:3, 4.

6. Exodus 3:8. Exodus 3:8 literally comes to pass and Deuteronomy 8:7-9 is a detailed description of ***“a good land...flowing with milk and honey.”***

- 6.1. The expression ***“land flowing with milk and honey”*** first occurs in Exodus 3:8 and 6 times in total in scripture; Exodus 3:8, 17, 13:5, 33:3, Jeremiah 11:5, 32:22. The companion expression ***“land that floweth with milk and honey”*** occurs 9 times; Leviticus 20:24, Numbers 16:13, 14, Deuteronomy 6:3, 11:9, 26:9, 15, 27:3, Joshua 5:6.

- 6.2. God states ***“I am come down...to bring them up.”*** God is literally going to deliver His people from Egypt but throughout scripture, Egypt under Pharaoh typifies the world under the rule of the Devil<sup>6</sup>, Luke 4:5, 6. Exodus 3:8 therefore pictures how God will come down to take His saints out of the world ***“unto a good land,”*** which is ***“the third heaven”*** 2 Corinthians 12:2, 1 Thessalonians 4:16, 17. The same is true now spiritually for the Christian according to Colossians 1:12-13.

***“Giving thanks unto the Father, which hath made us meet to be partakers of the inheritance of the saints in light: Who hath delivered us from the power of darkness, and hath translated us into the kingdom of his dear Son:”***

***“Milk and honey”*** are pictures of ***“The law of the LORD”*** and ***“the word of God”*** Psalm 19:7-10, 1 Peter 1:23, 2:2 that will make any land into ***“a good land.”*** ***“The word of God”*** is of course inseparably linked to ***“The Word of God”*** Revelation 19:13, the Lord Jesus Christ.

7. Exodus 3:9, 10. Exodus 3:9 cross-references to Exodus 2:23-25. See remarks under Point 1 and Exodus 3:1-3.

- 7.1. Moses receives a commission just as the Lord Jesus Christ received a commission and as the disciples received a commission, Matthew 28:18-20, Mark 16:15. See John 17:4, 8, 24.

- 7.2. The word ***“behold”*** indicates the greatness of God in that He not only ***“heard their groaning”*** Exodus 2:24 but saw their prayer, Matthew 6:6 because God ***“seeth in secret”*** ***“the desires of thine heart”*** Psalm 37:4, with respect to ***“the children of Israel”*** that in this case was deliverance, Exodus 3:8. See remarks on Point 5 and Exodus 3:7. See also Proverbs 15:3.

- 7.3. The expression ***“the children of Israel”*** cross-references to Hosea 11:1, showing that ***“the LORD loved Israel”*** 1 Kings 10:9 in a special way as ***“his peculiar treasure”*** Psalm 135:4.

***“When Israel was a child, then I loved him, and called my son out of Egypt.”***

7.4. ***“The oppressor”*** in scripture Job 15:20, Psalm 72:4, Isaiah 14:4, 51:13, Jeremiah 25:38, pictures the Devil, Acts 10:38. The use of the terms ***“oppress”*** and ***“oppression”*** in Exodus 3:9 therefore depict Egypt under Pharaoh once again as the world under the rule of the Devil, Luke 4:5, 6. See remarks under Point 6.2.

7.5. Though Moses did not believe it at first, when God says ***“I will send thee...that thou mayest”*** Isaiah 55:11 applies ***“to all generations”*** Psalm 33:11.

***“So shall my word be that goeth forth out of my mouth: it shall not return unto me void, but it shall accomplish that which I please, and it shall prosper in the thing whereto I sent it.”***

Moses still had to trust God according to the principles of Isaiah 55:11. That is a lifelong challenge for the Christian.

8. Exodus 3:11, 12. It is not a case of ***“Who am I”*** but a case of ***“I AM THAT I AM”*** Exodus 3:14 because ***“Certainly I will be with thee.”*** Note that here God is sending Moses into Egypt, which typifies the world, see remarks under Points 6.2, 7.1, 7.4, to bring His people out. Like Exodus 3:10, Exodus 3:12 therefore matches Mark 16:15 and the Great Commission, where the Lord commanded His disciples ***“Go ye into all the world, and preach the gospel to every creature”*** and Matthew 28:20, where the Lord said to the disciples:

***“Lo, I am with you always, even unto the end of the world. Amen.”***

See also Hebrews 13:5, remarks on Points 7.5 and on Point 10 and Exodus 3:14.

In spite of the transgression of Exodus 32, ***“The children of Israel”*** eventually did ***“serve God upon this mountain”*** as God said they would, according to Exodus 33:6.

***“And the children of Israel stripped themselves of their ornaments by the mount Horeb.”***

9. Exodus 3:13-15. Moses asks God what name to give ***“the children of Israel.”*** That is a crucial question. See Point 10.

10. Exodus 3:14. Exodus 3:14 is key.

10.1. Exodus 3:14 relates to the name JEHOVAH that first occurs in Exodus 6:3.

***“And I appeared unto Abraham, unto Isaac, and unto Jacob, by the name of God Almighty, but by my name JEHOVAH was I not known to them.”***

The name means ***“I AM THAT I AM”*** noting the 3-fold imbedded 7’s in ***“I AM THAT,”*** ***“AM THAT I,”*** ***“THAT I AM.”***

The name cross-references to Revelation 1:4, 8, 4:8, a 3-fold witness, to a 3-fold witness within each verse.

***“John to the seven churches which are in Asia: Grace be unto you, and peace, from him which is, and which was, and which is to come; and from the seven Spirits which are before his throne;”***

***“I am Alpha and Omega, the beginning and the ending, saith the Lord, which is, and which was, and which is to come, the Almighty.”***

***“And the four beasts had each of them six wings about him; and they were full of eyes within: and they rest not day and night, saying, Holy, holy, holy, Lord God Almighty, which was, and is, and is to come.”***

That is, as His name ***“JEHOVAH”*** indicates, God is ***“from everlasting to everlasting”*** Psalm 90:2, 103:17, 106:48 and including the present, where He is ***“a very present help in trouble”*** Psalm 46:1, as Exodus 3:1-15 shows. Note that the specific expression ***“from***

*everlasting to everlasting*” is also 3-fold, although see Psalm 41:13 for a similar expression. God is outside of time but He is from back in eternity past, is now and is into eternity future. In this respect, God is *“immutable”* as in Hebrews 6:13-18. See also Psalm 102:24-28, Malachi 3:6, Hebrews 1:12, 13:8.

It follows that *“I AM THAT I AM”* implies that *“I AM in eternity past in order THAT I AM now in order THAT I AM in eternity future.”*

It should also be noted that God imparts His immutability to every Christian because *“if any man be in Christ, he is a new creature”* 2 Corinthians 5:17. The *“new creature”* acquires his immutability by means of *“the abundant grace”* 2 Corinthians 4:15 of His Creator.

*“For which cause we faint not; but though our outward man perish, yet the inward man is renewed day by day”* 2 Corinthians 4:16.

*“...Ye have put off the old man with his deeds; And have put on the new man, which is renewed in knowledge after the image of him that created him”* Colossians 3:10.

God renews *“the inward man”* or *“the new man”* continually so that he does not *“perish”* like *“the outward man”* but is immutable like God Himself and conscious of eternal security in that he is changed into *“the image and glory of God”* 1 Corinthians 11:7, see also 2 Corinthians 3:18, which image will never degenerate, because he *“is renewed in knowledge after the image of him that created him.”*

The Christian can therefore take encouragement from 1 Corinthians 10:13, for example, because *“God is faithful, who will not suffer you to be tempted above that ye are able; but will with the temptation also make a way to escape, that ye may be able to bear it”* and God will always act in accordance with *“the scripture of truth”* Daniel 10:21 because *“He is the Rock, his work is perfect: for all his ways are judgment: a God of truth and without iniquity, just and right is he”* Deuteronomy 32:4. See also Numbers 23:19.

*“God is not a man, that he should lie; neither the son of man, that he should repent: hath he said, and shall he not do it? or hath he spoken, and shall he not make it good?”*

In accordance with His name, therefore *“We will rejoice in thy salvation, and in the name of our God we will set up our banners: the LORD fulfil all thy petitions”* Psalm 20:5.

Moses would go forth in this name, according to 2 Chronicles 14:11 *“help us, O LORD our God; for we rest on thee, and in thy name we go against this multitude.”*

- 10.2. The name Jehovah occurs 7 times in the AV1611, Genesis 22:14, Exodus 6:3, 17:15, Judges 6:24, Psalm 83:18, Isaiah 12:2, 26:4 and is a 7 letter word, both aspects i.e. the number of its occurrences in scripture and the number of letters in the name, denoting Deity.
- 10.3. Dr Mrs Gail Riplinger<sup>7</sup> shows that by removing the 3 vowels and looking at the 4 consonants, JHVH, a picture of the Gospel emerges, in both Hebrew and English. God reaches His open hand down (J) from Heaven (H), we put a nail in His hand (V) and God’s hand returns to Heaven (H). She also shows that the modern 6-letter alternative *Yahweh* is a 19<sup>th</sup> century invention by unsaved German critics of the Bible and should be discarded.
- 10.4. The 4-3 split is significant in the word Jehovah, 4 consonants, 3 vowels, for reasons that Dr Ruckman<sup>8</sup> has shown. The earth was here for 4 millennia until the 1<sup>st</sup> Advent. It will have been here for another 3 millennia until the 2<sup>nd</sup> Advent is fulfilled, followed by eternity.
- 10.5. A 4-3 split also occurs with the word Jehovah in the AV1611. Exodus 6:3, Psalm 83:18, Isaiah 12:2, 26:4 have the word JEHOVAH alone, though with the LORD in Isaiah 12:2, 26:4, denoting that JEHOVAH is the LORD. The remaining 3 verses, Genesis 22:14, Ex-

odus 17:15, Judges 6:24 are in combination with other words that denote seeing, providing Genesis 22:4, 8, 13, 14, warfare Exodus 17:16 and peace, Judges 6:23.

Seeing, John 8:12, providing, John 16:24, warfare, 2 Corinthians 10:3-5 and peace, John 16:33 are all part the Christian's experience through the Lord Jesus Christ. Other cross references e.g. Isaiah 9:6 could be added. Also, Genesis 22:9 with 14, Exodus 17:15, Judges 6:24 are all associated with an altar and sacrifice, especially Genesis 22:9-14, where the typology is very strong with respect to the Lord Jesus Christ and ***"Christ our passover is sacrificed for us"*** 1 Corinthians 5:7.

That is, these 3 Jehovah-based terms each point explicitly to the Lord Jesus Christ (and the Christian).

Observe that the terms for Jehovah in Genesis 22:14, Exodus 17:15, Judges 6:24 are therefore each additional revelation on the name JEHOVAH. The remaining 3 millennia have clearly enabled or will enable progressive revelation of JEHOVAH in the Person of the Lord Jesus Christ, Whose name Jesus<sup>9</sup> means Jehovah is salvation, Matthew 1:21 and Who is ***"God...manifest in the flesh"*** 1 Timothy 3:16. This additional revelation has come through the New Testament<sup>10\*</sup> and will be more in evidence at the Second Advent.

\****"The New is in the Old concealed, the Old is in the New revealed"***<sup>11</sup> 2 Corinthians 3:6, 14.

This revelation is dependent entirely on the 7-fold occurrence of Jehovah in the Old Testament, with its 4-3 split as shown. To give Jehovah as Jehovah more than 7 times, like the RV and the ASV, or to leave it out entirely, like the newer versions do, cuts out all this revelation.

10.6. Note that whereas God has the name JEHOVAH and the name Jesus in the New Testament, which means Jehovah saves<sup>12</sup>, the 'god' of the Moslems is nameless. Allah simply means 'the God.' The name Jesus was ***"secret"*** in the Old Testament, Judges 13:18 and not revealed explicitly until Matthew 1:21 ***"thou shalt call his name JESUS."***

11. It should be noted from Exodus 3:15 that God's name is ***"for ever"*** according to Psalm 135:13.

***"Thy name, O LORD, endureth for ever; and thy memorial, O LORD, throughout all generations."***

The Lord can therefore give a name for ever to His faithful followers, according to Isaiah 66:22.

***"For as the new heavens and the new earth, which I will make, shall remain before me, saith the LORD, so shall your seed and your name remain."***

Paul makes it clear that Christians, whose name derives from the Lord Jesus Christ, Acts 11:26, 1 Peter 4:16, 17 are those ***"whose names are in the book of life"*** Philippians 4:3, Revelation 20:12, 21:27, because they have received ***"eternal life"*** by believing on the Lord Jesus Christ, 1 John 5:11-13.

Two crucial question is, is your name ***"in the book of life"*** and how do you know?

It is possible to answer those questions satisfactorily by means of applying 1 John 5:11-13 personally.

1 John 5:11 ***"And this is the record, that God hath given to us eternal life, and this life is in his Son."***

1 John 5:12 ***"He that hath the Son hath life; and he that hath not the Son of God hath not life."***

1 John 5:13 ***"These things have I written unto you that believe on the name of the Son of God; that ye may know that ye have eternal life, and that ye may believe on the name of the Son of God."***

12. The application from the study is from Exodus 3:7 ***“I know their sorrows”*** and Exodus 3:9 ***“behold”*** together with Psalm 34:7, 37:5. In the light of the expressions in Exodus 3:7, 9, Psalm 34:7, 37:5 should be applied with respect to on-going prayer for Dave and Mike and their futures. The Lord has answered prayer. Dave and Mike have each married and have a son and a daughter respectively. Their marriages are stable, their health is good, they are in good employment and are faithful to ***“the book of the LORD”*** Isaiah 34:16.
13. The NIV is deficient in:
  - 13.1. Exodus 3:7, because it is possible to be *“concerned about”* but not to ***“know”*** the afflictions of an individual or community. See Point 5.
  - 13.2. Exodus 3:8, because although the land, ***“a land flowing with milk and honey”*** is called ***“the land of Canaan”*** Exodus 6:4, it was only the Canaanites’ *“place”* not their *“home”* because God promised that He would ***“give it to Abraham, to Isaac, and to Jacob”*** Exodus 6:8, not the Canaanites. See Point 6.
  - 13.3. Exodus 3:9, because the word ***“behold”*** is omitted, breaking a cross reference to Proverbs 15:3. The term *“way”* is much weaker in the context than the word ***“oppression”*** and the word *“Israelites”* instead of ***“children of Israel”*** does not convey the fact that Israel collectively is God’s ***“child”*** Hosea 11:1. See also Exodus 3:10, 11, 14, 15. See Point 7.
  - 13.4. Exodus 3:12, because omission of the word ***“certainly”*** weakens the assurance of the Lord’s faithfulness, Matthew 28:20. See Point 8.
  - 13.5. Exodus 3:14, because substitution of *“WHO”* for ***“THAT”*** in both the NIV and NKJV texts weakens the testimony of scripture that God is ***“from everlasting to everlasting”*** Psalm 90:2, 103:17, 106:48, from eternity past to now to eternity future. ***“I AM WHO I AM”*** is a trivial statement and stems from the Latin Vulgate of Jerome. It is therefore found in the standard Catholic bibles such as the Jesuit Douay-Rheims Bible of 1609, Challoner’s Revision of the Douay-Rheims Bible of 1749-1752 and the Jerusalem Bible of 1974.

Though not found in Miles Coverdale’s Bible or the Matthew Bible, the expression ***“I AM THAT I AM”*** is found in the other faithful pre-1611 bibles; Wycliffe, Great, Bishops’, Geneva. See **References** for the texts of pre-1611 and post-1611 bible versions.



## John 8:48-59

**Table: John 8**  
**John 8:48-59, AV1611 versus NIV/NKJV footnotes**

Verse	AV1611	NIV/NKJV footnotes
48	<i>Then answered the Jews, and said unto him, Say we not well that thou art a Samaritan, and hast a devil?</i>	<i>The Jews answered him, "Aren't we right in saying that you are a Samaritan and demon-possessed?"</i>
49	<i>Jesus answered, I have not a devil; but I honour my Father, and ye do dishonour me.</i>	<i>"I am not possessed by a demon," said Jesus, "but I honor my Father and you dishonor me.</i>
50	<i>And I seek not mine own glory: there is one that seeketh and judgeth.</i>	<i>I am not seeking glory for myself; but there is one who seeks it, and he is the judge.</i>
51	<i>Verily, verily, I say unto you, If a man keep my saying, he shall never see death.</i>	<i>I tell you the truth, if anyone keeps my word, he will never see death."</i>
52	<i>Then said the Jews unto him, Now we know that thou hast a devil. Abraham is dead, and the prophets; and thou sayest, If a man keep my saying, he shall never taste of death.</i>	<i>At this the Jews exclaimed, "Now we know that you are demon-possessed! Abraham died and so did the prophets, yet you say that if anyone keeps your word, he will never taste death.</i>
53	<i>Art thou greater than our father Abraham, which is dead? and the prophets are dead: whom makest thou thyself?</i>	<i>Are you greater than our father Abraham? He died, and so did the prophets. Who do you think you are?"</i>
54	<i>Jesus answered, If I honour myself, my honour is nothing: it is my Father that honoureth me; of whom ye say, that he is your God:</i>	<i>Jesus replied, "If I glorify myself, my glory means nothing. My Father, whom you claim as your God, is the one who glorifies me.</i>
55	<i>Yet ye have not known him; but I know him: and if I should say, I know him not, I shall be a liar like unto you: but I know him, and keep his saying.</i>	<i>Though you do not know him, I know him. If I said I did not, I would be a liar like you, but I do know him and keep his word.</i>
56	<i>Your father Abraham rejoiced to see my day: and he saw it, and was glad.</i>	<i>Your father Abraham rejoiced at the thought of seeing my day; he saw it and was glad."</i>
57	<i>Then said the Jews unto him, Thou art not yet fifty years old, and hast thou seen Abraham?</i>	<i>"You are not yet fifty years old," the Jews said to him, "and you have seen Abraham!"</i>
58	<i>Jesus said unto them, Verily, verily, I say unto you, Before Abraham was, I am.</i>	<i>"I tell you the truth," Jesus answered, "before Abraham was born, I am!"</i>
59	<i>Then took they up stones to cast at him: but Jesus hid himself, and went out of the temple, going through the midst of them, and so passed by.</i>	<i>At this, they picked up stones to stone him, but Jesus hid himself, slipping away from the temple grounds.</i>

Note that many of the notes that follow this table are from Dr Ruckman's works<sup>13</sup>.

## Notes on John 8:48-59

1. John 8:48. The Jews evaded Jesus' questions in John 8:46.

*"Which of you convinceth me of sin? And if I say the truth, why do ye not believe me?"*

They also could not answer His rebuke in John 8:47.

*"He that is of God heareth God's words: ye therefore hear them not, because ye are not of God."*

They did not want to discuss God's words so they resorted to the *ad hominem* attack, *"for the Jews have no dealings with the Samaritans"* John 4:9. They accused Jesus of having *"a devil"* because the Lord had rightly rebuked them in like manner in John 8:44.

*"Ye are of your father the devil, and the lusts of your father ye will do. He was a murderer from the beginning, and abode not in the truth, because there is no truth in him. When he speaketh a lie, he speaketh of his own: for he is a liar, and the father of it."*

2. John 8:49. The Lord responded by simply speaking the truth, *"I have not a devil."* He rebuked the Jews again for not honouring God.

*"That all men should honour the Son, even as they honour the Father. He that honoureth not the Son honoureth not the Father which hath sent him"* John 5:23.

3. John 8:50. The Lord did not seek His own glory because He came to do His Father's will, not His own.

*"I can of mine own self do nothing: as I hear, I judge: and my judgment is just; because I seek not mine own will, but the will of the Father which hath sent me"* John 5:30.

God sought glory through the Lord Jesus Christ and judged the Lord faithful in that respect, as the Lord testified in John 8:29.

*"And he that sent me is with me: the Father hath not left me alone; for I do always those things that please him."*

The Jews themselves acknowledged that the Lord spoke the truth in John 8:29 because they could not and did not answer His question in John 8:46.

The Christian has an on-going responsibility to glorify God, as the Lord Jesus Christ did.

*"Whether therefore ye eat, or drink, or whatsoever ye do, do all to the glory of God"* 1 Corinthians 10:31.

4. John 8:51. The expression *"Verily, verily"* is the Lord's two-fold witness to the truth of His sayings, the witness of His Father and Himself, according to John 8:17-18.

*"It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true. I am one that bear witness of myself, and the Father that sent me beareth witness of me."*

The Lord says *"Verily, verily"* 25 times in the scripture, all in the Gospel of John; 1:51, 3:3, 5, 11, 5:19, 24, 25, 6:26, 32, 47, 53, 8:34, 51, 58, 10:1, 7, 12:24, 13:16, 20, 21, 38, 14:12, 16:20, 23, 21:18.

One of the Lord's sayings that would fulfil John 8:51 is John 5:24 that should be memorized.

*"Verily, verily, I say unto you, He that heareth my word, and believeth on him that sent me, hath everlasting life, and shall not come into condemnation; but is passed from death unto life."*

5. John 8:52. Note the four 13's in the verse number 52 and the references to "*devil*," "*dead*," "*death*" and the expression "*taste of death*," which is a lie because the Lord actually said "*see death*" in John 8:51. The number 13 in scripture is frequently associated with evil, even within the chapter and verse numbering system<sup>14</sup>.

5.1. Those with "*a devil*" are "*the Jews*." Compare Matthew 4:3, 6, 27:40.

*"And when the tempter came to him, he said, If thou be the Son of God, command that these stones be made bread."*

*"And saith unto him, If thou be the Son of God, cast thyself down: for it is written, He shall give his angels charge concerning thee: and in their hands they shall bear thee up, lest at any time thou dash thy foot against a stone."*

*"And saying, Thou that destroyest the temple, and buildest it in three days, save thyself. If thou be the Son of God, come down from the cross."*

Note also the attitude of "*Yea, hath God said...?*" Genesis 3:1.

5.2. The Jews mention Abraham because they had done so in John 8:33. See John 8:33-39.

6. John 8:53. The Jews ask "*whom makest thou thyself?*" Mary could have told them.

*"And the angel answered and said unto her, The Holy Ghost shall come upon thee, and the power of the Highest shall overshadow thee: therefore also that holy thing which shall be born of thee shall be called the Son of God" Luke 1:35.*

Note also John 10:33-36, where the Lord says in John 10:36 "*I said, I am the Son of God*" and the indication in the expression "*Ye are gods*" in John 10:34 of Galatians 3:26 and Hebrews 2:10.

*"For ye are all the children of God by faith in Christ Jesus."*

*"For it became him, for whom are all things, and by whom are all things, in bringing many sons unto glory, to make the captain of their salvation perfect through sufferings."*

7. John 8:54-55. God did honour the Lord Jesus Christ at His baptism.

*"And Jesus, when he was baptized, went up straightway out of the water: and, lo, the heavens were opened unto him, and he saw the Spirit of God descending like a dove, and lighting upon him: And lo a voice from heaven, saying, This is my beloved Son, in whom I am well pleased" Matthew 3:16-17.*

As "*God...manifest in the flesh*" 1 Timothy 3:16, the Lord Jesus Christ is "*God, that cannot lie*" Titus 1:2. He could therefore say that "*the prince of this world...hath nothing in me*" John 14:30 because as Jesus said both of the Devil and the liars of the Jews, e.g. John 8:33:

*"Ye are of your father the devil, and the lusts of your father ye will do. He was a murderer from the beginning, and abode not in the truth, because there is no truth in him. When he speaketh a lie, he speaketh of his own: for he is a liar, and the father of it" John 8:44.*

John 8:44, 55 are further evidence that the Jews were the ones with "*a devil*."

8. John 8:56. Abraham "*rejoiced to see my day*" in Genesis 22:4-14, where he saw and believed in the resurrection of Isaac and rejoiced accordingly. The events surrounding the sacrifice and resurrection of Isaac in Genesis 22:6-13 were a type of the Lord's death, burial and resurrection.

*"Then on the third day Abraham lifted up his eyes, and saw the place afar off. And Abraham said unto his young men, Abide ye here with the ass; and I and the lad will go yonder and worship, and come again to you" Genesis 22:4-5.*

Note that Abraham did not 'see' Calvary in the future. Psalm 22 and Isaiah 53 notwithstanding, no-one 'saw' Calvary as such in advance. Note Matthew 16:21-23.

*“From that time forth began Jesus to shew unto his disciples, how that he must go unto Jerusalem, and suffer many things of the elders and chief priests and scribes, and be killed, and be raised again the third day. Then Peter took him, and began to rebuke him, saying, Be it far from thee, Lord: this shall not be unto thee. But he turned, and said unto Peter, Get thee behind me, Satan: thou art an offence unto me: for thou savourest not the things that be of God, but those that be of men.”*

Note the use of the expression *“the third day”* in Genesis 22:4 and Matthew 16:21.

9. John 8:57. As a Theophany, the Lord Jesus Christ had seen Abraham, e.g. in Genesis 18:1:

*“And the LORD appeared unto him in the plains of Mamre: and he sat in the tent door in the heat of the day;”*

10. John 8:58-59. The Lord Jesus Christ spoke the truth and the Jews knew exactly what He meant. They were murderers like their father, John 8:44.

*“But thou, Bethlehem Ephratah, though thou be little among the thousands of Judah, yet out of thee shall he come forth unto me that is to be ruler in Israel; whose goings forth have been from of old, from everlasting”* Micah 5:2.

*“And he that blasphemeth the name of the LORD, he shall surely be put to death, and all the congregation shall certainly stone him: as well the stranger, as he that is born in the land, when he blasphemeth the name of the LORD, shall be put to death”* Leviticus 24:16.

The Lord escaped them, however, as He had in Luke 4:28-30, as John 7:30 explains. See also John 8:20.

*“Then they sought to take him: but no man laid hands on him, because his hour was not yet come.”*

11. The NIV is deficient in:

11.1. John 8:48, 49, 52, where it substitutes the transliteration<sup>15</sup> “*demon*” for “*devil*.” Ancient Greek philosophers e.g. Aristotle, Plato, Socrates etc. claimed to get higher knowledge from a ‘demon’ that they referred to as a ‘genius.’ The implication is that although the Lord Jesus Christ did not have a ‘demon,’ you might benefit from having one. The AV1611’s unequivocal use of the word “*devils*” overcomes this insinuation.

11.2. John 8:51, 58, where the two-fold witness to and emphasis on the truth of the Lord’s words “*Verily, verily*” is subverted by the weaker expression “*I tell you the truth.*” See comments under Point 4.

11.3. John 8:53, where the expression “*whom makest thou thyself*” has been altered to the much weaker “*Who do you think you are?*” The alteration breaks the cross references to Luke 1:35 and John 10:33-36. See comments under Point 6.

11.4. John 8:54, where the NIV alters “*honour*” and related words to “*glory*” and where the alteration of “*he*” into “*the one*” matches New Age doctrine<sup>16</sup>. “*Honour*” is correct in the context because the Jews *dishonoured* the Lord Jesus Christ by besmirching His birth and disbelieving His words, John 8:41, 48, 52. The term “*glory*” and related words are more appropriately used with respect to the Lord’s earthly ministry where, for example, the Lord is doing works that showed that He is God and one with the Father, John 1:14, 2:11, 3:2, 11:4, 40, 43-45.

11.5. John 8:56, where the expression “*to see*” has been altered to “*at the thought of seeing,*” weakening the cross reference to Genesis 22:4-14, where Abraham saw *in type* the death, burial and resurrection of the Lord Jesus Christ. See comments under Point 8.

- 11.6. John 8:59, where “*going through the midst of them and so passed by*” has virtually been obliterated, breaking the cross reference to Luke 4:28-30 and thence to John 10:33-36. See comments under Point 10.

## John 6:35-41

**Table: John 6**  
**John 6:35-41, AV1611 versus NIV/NKJV footnotes**

Verse	AV1611	NIV/NKJV footnotes
35	<i>And Jesus said <b>unto them</b>, I am the bread of life: he that cometh to me shall never hunger; and he that believeth on me shall never thirst.</i>	<i>Then Jesus declared, "I am the bread of life. He who comes to me will never go hungry, and he who believes in me will never be thirsty.</i>
36	<i>But I said unto you, That ye also have seen me, and believe not.</i>	<i>But as I told you, you have seen me and still you do not believe.</i>
37	<i>All that the Father giveth me shall come to me; and him that cometh to me I will in no wise cast out.</i>	<i>All that the Father gives me will come to me, and whoever comes to me I will never drive away.</i>
38	<i>For I came down from heaven, not to do mine own will, but the will of him that sent me.</i>	<i>For I have come down from heaven not to do my will but to do the will of him who sent me.</i>
39	<i>And this is <b>the Father's will</b> which hath sent me, that of all which he hath given me I should lose nothing, but should raise it up <b>again</b> at the last day.</i>	<i>And this is <b>the will of him</b> who sent me, that I shall lose none of all that he has given me, but raise them up at the last day.</i>
40	<i>And this is <b>the will of him that sent me</b>, that every one which <b>seeth</b> the Son, and believeth on him, may have everlasting life: and I will raise him up at the last day.</i>	<i>For my <b>Father's will</b> is that everyone who <b>looks to the Son and believes in him</b> shall have eternal life, and I will raise him up at the last day."</i>
41	<i>The Jews then murmured <b>at him</b>, because he said, I am the bread which came down from heaven.</i>	<i>At this the Jews began to grumble <b>about him</b> because he said, "I am the bread that came down from heaven."</i>

Note that many of the notes that follow this table are from Dr Ruckman's works<sup>17</sup>.

### Notes on John 6:35-41

1. John 6:35. Jesus had first offered water, John 4:10, 13, 14. After air, bread and water are essential to life and water takes precedence over bread, so it came first in John's Gospel. 1 Kings 22:27 and 2 Chronicles 18:26 refer to **"bread of affliction and...water of affliction"** as prison fare. **"The bread of life"** or **"The bread of God"** John 6:33, Matthew 4:4 and **"living water"** are the means of receiving **"the power of an endless life"** Hebrews 7:17 and the Christian's fare until the Lord comes back to carry out the 'gaol break' from this 'prison planet' earth, 1 Thessalonians 4:16, 17. The Lord in John 6:35 is referring to **"the life of God"** Ephesians 4:18 that is received by coming to in faith and believing on the Lord Jesus Christ, in order to receive this life, John 1:12.
2. John 6:36. The Jews had seen the Lord's works in seeing Him, John 10:32, 37, 38 and the Lord therefore exhorted them to **"believe the works: that ye may know, and believe, that the Father is in me, and I in him."** The Jews believed not for the reason that Pilate shrewdly discerned, according to Matthew 27:18 **"For he knew that for envy they had delivered him."** By believing on the Lord Jesus Christ or even by refraining from belief themselves but allowing others to exercise it, the Jews knew that they would lose their favoured status that the Roman occupying power had bestowed on them. See John 11:47, 48.

3. John 6:37. During the Lord's earthly ministry, the Father did give many believers to Him, besides the original disciples, Luke 2:25-30, 24:33, Acts 1:15 ***"and none of them is lost, but the son of perdition; that the scripture might be fulfilled"*** the Lord said in John 17:12. ***"The scripture"*** included Psalm 41:9, 55:12-14, 109:6-19. These believers were mainly Jewish, though they included Samaritans John 4:4-42 and Gentiles, like the Roman centurion of Matthew 8:5-13.

The second part of John 6:37 is an open invitation that applies *now*, 2 Corinthians 6:2 ***"behold, now is the day of salvation"*** to receive the Lord Jesus Christ and thereby become one of ***"the sons of God"*** according to John 1:12. John 1:12, 6:37 were instrumental in this writer receiving the Lord Jesus Christ on July 19<sup>th</sup> 1967.

4. John 6:38. Observe that the Lord ***"came down from heaven,"*** from, as Jesus said in John 17:5, ***"the glory which I had with thee before ever the world was."*** See also John 1:1, 2 but note especially that heaven is *up*, i.e. *up* ***"above"*** John 8:23, literally.

John 6:38 cross-references with Luke 22:42 ***"nevertheless not my will, but thine, be done"*** and with Psalm 40:8 ***"I delight to do thy will, O my God: yea, thy law is within my heart."*** See also Hebrews 10:7 ***"Then said I, Lo, I come (in the volume of the book it is written of me,) to do thy will, O God."***

That is why the Lord said ***"Search the scriptures; for in them ye think ye have eternal life: and they are they which testify of me"*** in John 5:39.

That is why the Lord always pleased God His Father, John 8:29, because He always did God's will *and He stuck in* ***"the volume of the book."***

That is why the Lord said in John 14:23 ***"If a man love me, he will keep my words: and my Father will love him, and we will come unto him, and make our abode with him."***

John 14:23 shows how to please and love God today. All Christians should apply that verse and stick in ***"the volume of the book"*** that the Lord has exalted above all His name, Psalm 138:2.

Pray that Dave and Mike always will. The Lord has answered prayer in that respect.

5. John 6:39, 40. John 6:39, 40 first refer collectively and individually to the body of believers that the Father gave to the Lord Jesus Christ, *pre-Calvary or pre-the Ascension, who died either before Calvary or the Ascension*. Note that one of them, Judas, did ***"frustrate the grace of God"*** Galatians 2:21 and was lost even though the Father had given him to Jesus, John 17:12. He was a tragic exception. See comments under Point 3 and John 6:37.

Note further that the term ***"the Father's will"*** is necessary here to reveal that God was and is the Father of Israel *collectively*.

***"When Israel was a child, then I loved him, and called my son out of Egypt"*** Hosea 11:1. Hosea 11:1 is later applied to the Lord Jesus Christ in Matthew 2:15.

Note as indicated that the expressions ***"raise it up again at the last day"*** and ***"I will raise him up at the last day"*** apply first to those who believed on the Lord Jesus Christ before Calvary or before the Ascension and died before the Ascension, of whom the Lord said ***"that every one which seeth the Son, and believeth on him, may have everlasting life:"*** These expressions would apply especially to any believers like Simeon and Anna.

***"And, behold, there was a man in Jerusalem, whose name was Simeon; and the same man was just and devout, waiting for the consolation of Israel: and the Holy Ghost was upon him. And it was revealed unto him by the Holy Ghost, that he should not see death, before he had seen the Lord's Christ. And he came by the Spirit into the temple: and when the parents brought in the child Jesus, to do for him after the custom of the law, Then took he him up in his arms, and blessed God, and said, Lord, now lettest thou thy servant depart in peace, according to thy word: For mine eyes have seen thy salvation"*** Luke 2:25-30.

***“And there was one Anna, a prophetess, the daughter of Phanuel, of the tribe of Aser: she was of a great age, and had lived with an husband seven years from her virginity; And she was a widow of about fourscore and four years, which departed not from the temple, but served God with fastings and prayers night and day. And she coming in that instant gave thanks likewise unto the Lord, and spake of him to all them that looked for redemption in Jerusalem”*** Luke 2:36-38.

Joseph, the Lord’s earthly parent, would be included with Simeon and Anna because he appears to have passed away some time before the Lord began His earthly ministry, Luke 3:21-23.

That is why the Lord said ***“again”*** in John 6:39, with respect to believers like Simeon, Joseph and Anna who had or would have passed away even by the time of the events of John 6. Believers like them who died before Calvary or any who died before the Ascension like the penitent thief in Luke 23:40-43, ascended with the Lord in Luke 24:50-51, ***“When he ascended up on high, he led captivity captive”*** Ephesians 4:8<sup>18</sup>, after ***“the graves were opened; and many bodies of the saints which slept arose, And came out of the graves after his resurrection, and went into the holy city, and appeared unto many”*** Matthew 27:52-53<sup>19</sup>. That is, these saints were raised ***“again”*** at the Ascension.

The Ascension would therefore correspond to ***“the last day”*** of the Lord’s time on earth when He was ***“made of a woman”*** Galatians 4:4 and therefore of the First Advent. However, that is not the full significance of the expression ***“the last day,”*** which is outlined as follows with respect to the Second Advent.

The Devil, of course, uses the film industry to corrupt and counterfeit Matthew 27:52<sup>20</sup>.

Before considering ***“the last day”*** in the context of the Second Advent, it is first necessary to address the position of believers in the Lord Jesus Christ who were alive after the Ascension and *in particular* after the Day of Pentecost in Acts 2. (Any believers who died between the Ascension and the Day of Pentecost in Acts 2 can probably be grouped with those who died before the Ascension. The Lord should have a means of ascending them as in Revelation 11:12.)

John 20:29 is in effect for these believers because no-one has *literally* seen the Lord Jesus Christ for almost two millennia. See also comments under Point 3 and John 6:37.

***“Jesus saith unto him, Thomas, because thou hast seen me, thou hast believed: blessed are they that have not seen, and yet have believed.”***

Today, therefore, the Christian is *already* ***“risen with Christ”*** Colossians 3:1 *spiritually* and God ***“hath raised us up together, and made us sit together in heavenly places in Christ Jesus”*** Ephesians 2:6. The Christian will rise *physically* at the Lord’s Return according to 1 Thessalonians 4:15-17, *long before* ***“the last day”*** as the term applies in the context of the Second Advent. See comments under Point 1 and John 6:35. Note too that today it is specifically the Spirit of God, the Third rather than the Father or the First Person of the Godhead 1 John 5:7, Whose ministry it is to draw the unsaved to the Lord Jesus Christ, John 16:8, 9.

In addition, with respect to a resurrection *before* ***“the last day,”*** note how the Lord corrects Martha in John 11:24-25, with respect to Lazarus<sup>21</sup>.

***“Martha saith unto him, I know that he shall rise again in the resurrection at the last day. Jesus said unto her, I am the resurrection, and the life: he that believeth in me, though he were dead, yet shall he live: And whosoever liveth and believeth in me shall never die. Believest thou this?”***

Martha avoided the question. Like all Jews she knew about ***“the resurrection at the last day”*** but neither she nor even the Lord’s disciples knew about any resurrection *before* then, as shown in Mark 9:10.



***“And they kept that saying with themselves, questioning one with another what the rising from the dead should mean.”***

The Lord is speaking in John 11:25 of this resurrection *before “the last day.”* Anyone like Martha, Mary, Lazarus or others who believed in the Lord Jesus Christ during His earthly ministry such as the apostles and who lived *beyond* both the Ascension and Acts 2 will experience this resurrection *with respect to their bodies*, along with *all saints after Acts 2* who have either gone to be with the Lord or are living on earth *when the Lord returns*. As indicated, Paul described this resurrection in 1 Thessalonians 4:16, 17. See also 1 Corinthians 15:51-54 and Philippians 3:20, 21.

Note that in the resurrection described in Philippians 3:20, 21, 1 Thessalonians 4:16, 1 Corinthians 15:51-54, the believers ***“meet the Lord in the air”*** and so this resurrection must take place before the judgement of the nations of Matthew 25:31-46, which is on earth after the Lord comes back but which itself is not ***“the last day.”***

So John 6:39, 40 with respect to ***“the last day”*** cannot apply to Christians.

However, John 6:39, 40 *will* apply at the end of the Lord’s reign on this earth that will complete the Second Advent, Revelation 20:4. The expression ***“the last day”*** refers here to the resurrection of ***“the rest of the dead”*** Revelation 20:5 and the Great White Throne judgment of Revelation 20:11, 12.

***“And I saw thrones, and they sat upon them, and judgment was given unto them: and I saw the souls of them that were beheaded for the witness of Jesus, and for the word of God, and which had not worshipped the beast, neither his image, neither had received his mark upon their foreheads, or in their hands; and they lived and reigned with Christ a thousand years”*** Revelation 20:4.

***“But the rest of the dead lived not again until the thousand years were finished. This is the first resurrection”*** Revelation 20:5.

Note what Revelation 20:6 states about ***“the first resurrection,”*** which must apply to Christians who ***“shall have immortality”*** 1 Corinthians 15:54, ***“whose names are in the book of life”*** Philippians 4:3 and who are ***“a royal priesthood”*** 1 Peter 2:9.

***“Blessed and holy is he that hath part in the first resurrection: on such the second death hath no power, but they shall be priests of God and of Christ, and shall reign with him a thousand years.”***

Revelation 20:6 cannot apply to ***“the last day”*** but it is described by Revelation 20:11, 12.

***“And I saw a great white throne, and him that sat on it, from whose face the earth and the heaven fled away; and there was found no place for them.”***

***“And I saw the dead, small and great, stand before God; and the books were opened: and another book was opened, which is the book of life: and the dead were judged out of those things which were written in the books, according to their works.”***

The dead of whom it is said in Revelation 14:13 ***“Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord from henceforth: Yea, saith the Spirit, that they may rest from their labours; and their works do follow them”*** include those who are favourably ***“judged out of those things which were written in the books.”*** The Lord is referring to these dead in John 6:39, 40 *in addition* to those who believed on Him at the First Advent but died before the Day of Pentecost in Acts 2.

These dead are those who submitted to the Lord during His earthly reign, according to Psalm 2:11, 18:43 (and died before it ended).

***“Serve the LORD with fear, and rejoice with trembling.”***

***“Thou hast delivered me from the strivings of the people; and thou hast made me the head of the heathen: a people whom I have not known shall serve me. As soon as they hear of me, they shall obey me: the strangers shall submit themselves unto me.”***

These dead could also refer to those ***“which had not worshipped the beast, neither his image, neither had received his mark upon their foreheads, or in their hands”*** and who ***“lived and reigned with Christ a thousand years”*** Revelation 20:4 but, not having glorified bodies like the Christian, Philippians 3:21, die again at about the time ***“the thousand years were finished.”*** The Lord will therefore raise these dead ***“again at the last day”*** John 6:39<sup>22</sup>.

All these dead, like Christians and the believing dead prior to Acts 2, are therefore among those ***“whose names are in the book of life”*** Philippians 4:3, Revelation 20:12, 21:27.

Revelation 20:15 describes the fate of the remaining dead.

***“And whosoever was not found written in the book of life was cast into the lake of fire.”***

The most important question for anyone alive today is therefore, is your name in that book?

In sum, John 6:39, 40 do not refer to *any* believer in the Lord Jesus Christ between Acts 2 and the Lord’s Return as described in 1 Thessalonians 4:16, 17. The expression ***“the last day”*** can refer to the end of the First Advent, i.e. the Ascension and does refer to the end of the Second Advent, i.e. the Great White throne but does not have application to Christian believers.

John 6:39, 40 refer instead to two other groups of believers in the Lord Jesus Christ.

1. Those who believed in Him during His time on earth between His birth and His Ascension but passed away before the Day of Pentecost in Acts 2, such as Joseph, Simeon, Anna and the penitent thief.
2. Those who submitted to Him during His reign on earth that is yet future and thereby showed that they were the Lord’s loyal subjects.

Along with those of Christians, both groups have their names recorded in ***“the book of life.”*** The essential question for anyone is, has your name been recorded there too?

See Dr Vance’s work<sup>23</sup> for comments on John 6:37-40.

6. John 6:41. Note that the Jews spoke *at* the Lord Jesus Christ, not *to* Him.

John 6:41 cross-references with Jude 16.

***“These are murmurers, complainers, walking after their own lusts; and their mouth speaketh great swelling words, having men’s persons in admiration because of advantage.”***

The Jews in John 6:41 were caught ***“walking after their own lusts”*** by the Lord Jesus Christ in John 8:1-11, which is one reason He rounded on them in John 8:44.

The Jews in John 6:41 were of those ***“that their mouth speaketh great swelling words”*** as in John 8:33, 39, 41, 48, 52, 53, 57.

The Jews in John 6:41 were of those ***“having men’s persons in admiration because of advantage”*** as in John 11:48, see comments under Point 2, John 19:15 i.e. ***“The chief priests answered, We have no king but Caesar.”***

They therefore fulfilled John 5:43 and will fulfil it again in the future.

***“I am come in my Father’s name, and ye receive me not: if another shall come in his own name, him ye will receive.”***

This individual will most likely be a resurrected Judas Iscariot, the ***“profane wicked prince of Israel”*** Ezekiel 21:25 and ***“that man of sin be revealed, the son of perdition; Who opposeth and exalteth himself above all that is called God, or that is worshipped; so that he as God***

**sitteth in the temple of God, shewing himself that he is God**” 2 Thessalonians 2:3-4. See also Daniel 9:25-27, Matthew 24:15, Mark 13:14.

7. The NIV is deficient in:

- 7.1. John 6:35, omitting **“unto them”** and weakening the Lord’s direct answer to the speakers in John 6:35. He spoke explicitly to them.
- 7.2. John 6:39, omitting the word **“again”** and obscuring the cross-reference to pre-Calvary or Old Testament believers like Simeon and Anna in Luke 2:25-30, 36-38 and those who were part of **“the first resurrection”** but died again at about the time **“the thousand years were finished”** Revelation 20:4, 5. The Lord will therefore raise these dead **“again at the last day”** John 6:39. See comments under Point 5.
- 7.3. John 6:39, 40, where the proper sequence of identifying the Father by Whose will the Lord Jesus Christ was sent has been reversed and the expression **“the Father’s will”** has been changed to **“my Father’s will,”** obscuring the cross reference to Hosea 11:1. See comments under Point 5.
- 7.4. John 6:40, where the word **“seeth”** has been changed to **“looks to,”** obscuring the application of the verse to believers who actually saw the Lord during His earthly ministry or will see Him and submit to Him when He comes back and reigns on earth, Revelation 20:4, 5. The term **“looks to”** could easily cause John 6:40 to be wrongly applied to Christians via, for example, Philippians 3:20, Titus 2:13, Hebrews 12:2, Jude 21. See comments under Points 3, 5.
- 7.5. John 6:41, where the expression **“at him”** has been changed to **“about him,”** obscuring the antagonism of the Jews towards the Lord Jesus Christ, which became all too apparent in John 8:59. See comments under Point 6.

**Table: John 8, 9**  
**John 8:12, 9:1-11, AV1611 versus NIV/NKJV footnotes**

Verse	AV1611	NIV/NKJV footnotes
12	<i>Then spake Jesus again unto them, saying, I am the light of the world: he that followeth me shall not walk in darkness, but shall have the light of life.</i>	<i>When Jesus spoke again to the people, he said, "I am the light of the world. Whoever follows me will never walk in darkness, but will have the light of life."</i>
1	<i>And as Jesus passed by, he saw a man which was blind from his birth.</i>	<i>As he went along, he saw a man blind from birth.</i>
2	<i>And his disciples asked him, saying, Master, who did sin, this man, or his parents, that he was born blind?</i>	<i>His disciples asked him, "Rabbi, who sinned, this man or his parents, that he was born blind?"</i>
3	<i>Jesus answered, Neither hath this man sinned, nor his parents: but that the works of God should be made manifest in him.</i>	<i>"Neither this man nor his parents sinned," said Jesus, "but this happened so that the work of God might be displayed in his life.</i>
4	<i>I must work the works of him that sent me, while it is day: the night cometh, when no man can work.</i>	<i>As long as it is day, we must do the work of him who sent me. Night is coming, when no one can work.</i>
5	<i>As long as I am in the world, I am the light of the world.</i>	<i>While I am in the world, I am the light of the world."</i>
6	<i>When he had thus spoken, he spat on the ground, and made clay of the spittle, and he anointed the eyes of the blind man with the clay,</i>	<i>Having said this, he spit on the ground, made some mud with the saliva, and put it on the man's eyes.</i>
7	<i>And said unto him, Go, wash in the pool of Siloam, (which is by interpretation, Sent.) He went his way therefore, and washed, and came seeing.</i>	<i>"Go," he told him, "wash in the Pool of Siloam" (this word means Sent). So the man went and washed, and came home seeing.</i>
8	<i>The neighbours therefore, and they which before had seen him that he was blind, said, Is not this he that sat and begged?</i>	<i>His neighbors and those who had formerly seen him begging asked, "Isn't this the same man who used to sit and beg?"</i>
9	<i>Some said, This is he: others said, He is like him: but he said, I am he.</i>	<i>Some claimed that he was. Others said, "No, he only looks like him." But he himself insisted, "I am the man."</i>
10	<i>Therefore said they unto him, How were thine eyes opened?</i>	<i>"How then were your eyes opened?" they demanded.</i>
11	<i>He answered and said, A man that is called Jesus made clay, and anointed mine eyes, and said unto me, Go to the pool of Siloam, and wash: and I went and washed, and I received sight.</i>	<i>He replied, "The man they call Jesus made some mud and put it on my eyes. He told me to go to Siloam and wash. So I went and washed, and then I could see."</i>

Note that many of the notes that follow this table are from Dr Ruckman's works<sup>24</sup>.

## Notes John 8:12, 9:1-11

1. John 8:12. This world has no light apart from the Lord Jesus Christ, because Paul refers in Ephesians 6:12 to *“the darkness of this world.”*

Concerning the statement *“I am the light of the world”* John 8:12 Bob Jones Snr<sup>25</sup> spoke on these attributes of the Lord Jesus Christ, scriptures inserted by this writer:

- *Jesus, the Light of the Intellectual World*  
Proverbs 2:6 *“For the LORD giveth wisdom: out of his mouth cometh knowledge and understanding.”*
- *Jesus Christ, the Light of the Social World*  
Micah 6:8 *“He hath shewed thee, O man, what is good; and what doth the LORD require of thee, but to do justly, and to love mercy, and to walk humbly with thy God?”*
- *Christ, the Light of the Religious World*  
John 14:6 *“Jesus saith unto him, I am the way, the truth, and the life: no man cometh unto the Father, but by me”.*
- *Christ May Become the Light of the Individual World*  
2 Corinthians 3:18 *“But we all, with open face beholding as in a glass the glory of the Lord, are changed into the same image from glory to glory, even as by the Spirit of the Lord.”*
- *Christ, the Light of This Dark World*  
John 12:46 *“I am come a light into the world, that whosoever believeth on me should not abide in darkness.”*
- *Jesus, the Light of Eternal Heaven*  
Isaiah 60:19 *“The sun shall be no more thy light by day; neither for brightness shall the moon give light unto thee: but the LORD shall be unto thee an everlasting light, and thy God thy glory.”*

Paul confirms those attributes of the Lord Jesus Christ in Colossians 2:2-3.

*“...Christ, In whom are hid all the treasures of wisdom and knowledge.”*

Dr Ruckman<sup>26</sup> notes, his emphases, with respect to Hebrews 13:13 *“Let us go forth therefore unto him without the camp, bearing his reproach”* that *The...Christian is supposed to be outside the social camp, the religious camp, the political camp, the news media camp, and the “global citizen” camp.*

The invitation to follow the Lord Jesus Christ extends to the whole world and 1 John 1:5 confirms the Lord’s promise in John 8:12.

*“This then is the message which we have heard of him, and declare unto you, that God is light, and in him is no darkness at all.”*

Note therefore that John 8:12, 1 John 1:5 cross reference with John 1:4, 9, Ephesians 5:14, 2 Timothy 1:10.

*“In him was life; and the life was the light of men.”*

Men have light and life only from the Lord Jesus Christ. Without him is only death and darkness.

*“That was the true Light, which lighteth every man that cometh into the world.”*

All men have enough light from Jesus Christ to know that they need life and light from Him.

***“Wherefore he saith, Awake thou that sleepest, and arise from the dead, and Christ shall give thee light.”***

Again, as Paul shows, the scripture associates life and light but only the Lord Jesus Christ can give both.

***“But is now made manifest by the appearing of our Saviour Jesus Christ, who hath abolished death, and hath brought life and immortality to light through the gospel:”***

The method of receiving light and life through Jesus Christ is ***“through the gospel.”***

The tragedy is that though ***“All men seek for thee”*** Mark 1:37, ***“ye will not come to me, that ye might have life”*** John 5:40 because ***“men loved darkness rather than light, because their deeds were evil”*** John 3:19.

It is now only the Spirit of God Who can bring about conviction for change, John 16:8, 9.

2. John 9:1-3. The passage illustrates how God can use infirmity.

***“And he said unto me, My grace is sufficient for thee: for my strength is made perfect in weakness. Most gladly therefore will I rather glory in my infirmities, that the power of Christ may rest upon me.”***

The Lord was about to use the blind man’s infirmity to show ***“the works of God”*** and confound His critics yet again.

***“And many of them said, He hath a devil, and is mad; why hear ye him? Others said, These are not the words of him that hath a devil. Can a devil open the eyes of the blind?”*** John 10:20-21.

No, only the reverse, 2 Corinthians 4:4:

***“In whom the god of this world hath blinded the minds of them which believe not, lest the light of the glorious gospel of Christ, who is the image of God, should shine unto them.”***

3. John 9:4. John 9:4 is an excellent principle for the Christian, namely to find out what God wants you to do and do it ***“with all thine heart”*** Deuteronomy 6:5, according to Colossians 3:23. Time is a limited resource.

***“And whatsoever ye do, do it heartily, as to the Lord, and not unto men;”***

John 17:4 is an excellent objective to aim for.

***“I have glorified thee on the earth: I have finished the work which thou gavest me to do.”***

***“the night”*** that the Lord refers to is the ***“great tribulation”*** Revelation 7:14, of which the Lord said in Matthew 24:21:

***“For then shall be great tribulation, such as was not since the beginning of the world to this time, no, nor ever shall be.”***

As Dr Ruckman<sup>27</sup> states of those in the fields just before ***“the night cometh”***:

*The “evening workers” of the [21<sup>st</sup>] century...labour in a field of semi-darkness, with no food in their stomachs since 12 noon and the grape bunches becoming dimmer in the fading light, and the chill wind of October in Galilee coming on them. “Work...whilst it is day, the night cometh, when no man can work.”*

4. John 9:5. See remarks under Point 1, on John 8:12. The Lord is no longer in the world. The Christian is, as the Lord reminded His disciples and as Paul exhorted fellow believers.

***“Ye are the light of the world. A city that is set on an hill cannot be hid”*** Matthew 5:14.

***“That ye may be blameless and harmless, the sons of God, without rebuke, in the midst of a crooked and perverse nation, among whom ye shine as lights in the world;”*** Philippians 2:15.

It is time to shine. Don't hide the light under a bushel:

***“Neither do men light a candle, and put it under a bushel, but on a candlestick; and it giveth light unto all that are in the house. Let your light so shine before men, that they may see your good works, and glorify your Father which is in heaven”*** Matthew 5:15-16.

Paul gives a like admonition in 1 Corinthians 10:31.

***“Whether therefore ye eat, or drink, or whatsoever ye do, do all to the glory of God.”***

Ask God to enable the doing of “good works” that are “all to the glory of God” according to Paul’s exhortation in Colossians 4:17 ***“And say to Archippus, Take heed to the ministry which thou hast received in the Lord, that thou fulfil it.”***

5. John 9:6. The man is still blind. The Lord Jesus Christ will take you as He finds you, like the hymn *Just as I Am* testifies<sup>28</sup>. See comments that follow on Revelation 3:17-18. For now, observe that the Lord does give ***“recovering of sight to the blind”*** Luke 4:18 as He promised.

Note that as ***“The LORD God formed man of the dust of the ground”*** Genesis 2:7, in John 9:6 He restored the defective part of one of ***“them that dwell in houses of clay, whose foundation is in the dust”*** Job 4:19. See also Genesis 3:19, Job 10:9, 33:6, Psalm 139:15-16.

Note further that God can remake an entire nation, in addition to an individual as in John 9:6.

***“But now, O LORD, thou art our father; we are the clay, and thou our potter; and we all are the work of thy hand”*** Isaiah 64:8.

***“O house of Israel, cannot I do with you as this potter? saith the LORD. Behold, as the clay is in the potter’s hand, so are ye in mine hand, O house of Israel”*** Jeremiah 18:6.

The Lord will do more than that for the Christian at His Return. He will remake the clay, as Paul explains in Philippians 3:20-21.

***“For our conversation is in heaven; from whence also we look for the Saviour, the Lord Jesus Christ: Who shall change our vile body, that it may be fashioned like unto his glorious body, according to the working whereby he is able even to subdue all things unto himself.”***

Note also that even where the Lord has to chastise, He still meets the exact need(s), as He did for the blind man. To “buy” from the Lord Jesus Christ is to count and meet the cost of discipleship, Luke 14:28, e.g. willingness to be expelled from the assembly, John 9:34.

***“Because thou sayest, I am rich, and increased with goods, and have need of nothing; and knowest not that thou art wretched, and miserable, and poor, and blind, and naked; I counsel thee to buy of me gold tried in the fire, that thou mayest be rich; and white raiment, that thou mayest be clothed, and that the shame of thy nakedness do not appear; and anoint thine eyes with eyesalve, that thou mayest see”*** Revelation 3:17-18.

6. John 9:7. The blind man “went his way” like the Capernaum nobleman because ***“the man believed the word that Jesus had spoken unto him”*** John 4:50 and, again as with the nobleman, God answered ***“the prayer of faith”*** James 5:15.

Note also Luke 8:39 for another testimony of ***“how great things Jesus had done unto him”*** together with a testimony to the Lord’s Deity and Luke 22:4 for a contrasting testimony of how Judas “went his way” that was not God’s way, with the tragic result, Matthew 27:5 (the number of death, d-e-a-t-h), Acts 1:18 (666!).

Bob Jones Snr.<sup>29</sup> said that *The right road always leads out at the right place.*

Make sure, therefore that your ways are God’s ways.

***“I will instruct thee and teach thee in the way which thou shalt go; I will guide thee with mine eye”*** Psalm 32:8.

***“I thought on my ways, and turned my feet unto thy testimonies”*** Psalm 119:59.

***“And thine ears shall hear a word behind thee, saying, This is the way, walk ye in it, when ye turn to the right hand, and when ye turn to the left”*** Isaiah 30:21.

7. John 9:8-11. Those close to you will see a change after you have met the Lord Jesus Christ and they may be prompted to ask questions. Note that in his answers, the blind man had a new boldness through meeting the Lord Jesus Christ and was not afraid to ***“Provide things honest in the sight of all men”*** Romans 12:17 in his testimony about who he was, Whom he had met and how the Lord had changed him for the better.

***“Now when they saw the boldness of Peter and John, and perceived that they were unlearned and ignorant men, they marvelled; and they took knowledge of them, that they had been with Jesus”*** Acts 4:13.

Is that your testimony of who you are, how you met Jesus and what He did for you?

8. The NIV is deficient in:
  - 8.1. John 9:6. The NIV omits the word ***“blind,”*** weakening the testimony of scripture that only God can change the individual according to Isaiah 64:8, Jeremiah 18:6, which cross references the NIV breaks because it changes the word ***“clay”*** to ***“mud.”*** See also John 9:11.
  - 8.2. John 9:7. The NIV omits the words ***“his way”*** and breaks the cross reference to Luke 8:39, 22:4, John 4:50. See remarks under Point 6.
  - 8.3. John 9:8. The NIV changes ***“that he was blind”*** to ***“begging”*** and obscures the central issue, which was ***“our infirmities, and...our sicknesses”*** Matthew 8:17. The Lord came to cure blindness, not begging, Luke 4:18, 2 Corinthians 4:4-6.
  - 8.4. John 9:11. The NIV changes ***“that is called Jesus”*** to ***“they call Jesus,”*** which is a slur on ***“the angel of the Lord”*** Matthew 1:20, 21. The expression ***“they call”*** in scripture is only used in a pejorative sense when applied to a designation; Psalm 49:11, Isaiah 48:2, Matthew 10:25, Acts 24:14. The NIV omits ***“the pool of,”*** weakening the formerly blind man’s exact testimony to the precise command that the Lord had given him, John 9:7, e.g. as in 2 Kings 5:10-14 ***“Go and wash in Jordan seven times.”*** Siloam is a place, not just a pool. It had a tower, Luke 13:4. See comments in Point 8.1 on the change of the word ***“clay”*** to ***“mud.”***



**Table: John 10:1-10**  
**John 10:1-10, AV1611 versus NIV/NKJV footnotes**

Verse	AV1611	NIV/NKJV footnotes
1	<i>Verily, verily, I say unto you, He that entereth not by the door into the sheep-fold, but climbeth up some other way, the same is a thief and a robber.</i>	<i>"I tell you the truth, the man who does not enter the sheep pen by the gate, but climbs in by some other way, is a thief and a robber.</i>
2	<i>But he that entereth in by the door is the shepherd of the sheep.</i>	<i>The man who enters by the gate is the shepherd of his sheep.</i>
3	<i>To him the porter openeth; and the sheep hear his voice: and he calleth his own sheep by name, and leadeth them out.</i>	<i>The watchman opens the gate for him, and the sheep listen to his voice. He calls his own sheep by name and leads them out.</i>
4	<i>And when he putteth forth his own sheep, he goeth before them, and the sheep follow him: for they know his voice.</i>	<i>When he has brought out all his own, he goes on ahead of them, and his sheep follow him because they know his voice.</i>
5	<i>And a stranger will they not follow, but will flee from him: for they know not the voice of strangers.</i>	<i>But they will never follow a stranger; in fact, they will run away from him because they do not recognize a stranger's voice."</i>
6	<i>This parable spake Jesus unto them: but they understood not what things they were which he spake unto them.</i>	<i>Jesus used this figure of speech, but they did not understand what he was telling them.</i>
7	<i>Then said Jesus unto them again, Verily, verily, I say unto you, I am the door of the sheep.</i>	<i>Therefore Jesus said again, "I tell you the truth, I am the gate for the sheep.</i>
8	<i>All that ever came before me are thieves and robbers: but the sheep did not hear them.</i>	<i>All who ever came before me were thieves and robbers, but the sheep did not listen to them.</i>
9	<i>I am the door: by me if any man enter in, he shall be saved, and shall go in and out, and find pasture.</i>	<i>I am the gate; whoever enters through me will be saved. He will come in and go out, and find pasture.</i>
10	<i>The thief cometh not, but for to steal, and to kill, and to destroy: I am come that they might have life, and that they might have it more abundantly.</i>	<i>The thief comes only to steal and kill and destroy; I have come that they may have life, and have it to the full.</i>

Note that many of the notes that follow this table are from Dr Ruckman's works<sup>30</sup>.

#### Notes on John 10:1-10

1. John 10:1. **"The door"** is not that in John 10:7 as John 10:2 indicates but that in Revelation 4:1: ***"After this I looked, and, behold, a door was opened in heaven: and the first voice which I heard was as it were of a trumpet talking with me; which said, Come up hither, and I will shew thee things which must be hereafter."***  
**"The door"** of John 10:1 nevertheless pre-figures the Lord's death by which His followers enter into the presence of God, both spiritually now and positionally when the Lord comes back, 1 Thessalonians 4:16, 17 as emphasised by the tearing of the temple curtain.  
***"Having therefore, brethren, boldness to enter into the holiest by the blood of Jesus, By a new and living way, which he hath consecrated for us, through the veil, that is to say, his flesh;"*** Hebrews 10:19-20.  
***"And, behold, the veil of the temple was rent in twain from the top to the bottom; and the earth did quake, and the rocks rent;"*** Matthew 27:51.

Devotionally, the “*open door*” of Revelation 3:8 is an invitation to every individual seeking salvation. One day it will be shut, Matthew 25:10 and anyone left outside will be vulnerable to thieves and robbers who are also murderers, 1 Thessalonians 5:1-8, Revelation 5-19, especially Chapter 13.

The Devil is he that “*climbeth up some other way, the same is a thief and a robber*” according to Isaiah 14:13-14.

*“For thou hast said in thine heart, I will ascend into heaven, I will exalt my throne above the stars of God: I will sit also upon the mount of the congregation, in the sides of the north: I will ascend above the heights of the clouds; I will be like the most High.”*

The Lord took the place of “*a thief and a robber*” namely Barabbas, John 18:40 and He even became as the Devil, John 3:14.

*“And as Moses lifted up the serpent in the wilderness, even so must the Son of man be lifted up:”*

He did this to secure “*eternal redemption for us*” Hebrews 9:12, according to 2 Corinthians 5:21.

*“For he hath made him to be sin for us, who knew no sin; that we might be made the righteousness of God in him.”*

2. John 10:2. By inspection “*the door*” in John 10:2 is not “*the door*” in John 10:7. Otherwise “*the door*” John 10:7 entering by “*the door*” John 10:2 would make no sense. It would be like saying “*the good shepherd*” John 10:11, 14 enters by “*the shepherd of the sheep*” John 10:2, Hebrews 13:20. See comments in Point 1 for John 10:1.
3. John 10:3. Note that the expression “*he calleth his own sheep by name*” cross references first to Isaiah 40:26 and Daniel 12:3.

*“Lift up your eyes on high, and behold who hath created these things, that bringeth out their host by number: he calleth them all by names by the greatness of his might, for that he is strong in power; not one faileth.”*

*“And they that be wise shall shine as the brightness of the firmament; and they that turn many to righteousness as the stars for ever and ever.”*

Doctrinally, John 10:3 refers to all Jewish believers as delineated in Luke 15:4-7 and Ezekiel 37:1-14, this group including those murdered by the Antichrist because they will not worship an image, Revelation 13:13-15<sup>31</sup>.





And he doeth great wonders, so that  
he maketh fire come down from  
heaven on the earth in the sight of  
men,                      Revelation 13:13

*“And he doeth great wonders, so that he maketh fire come down from heaven on the earth in the sight of men...and cause that as many as would not worship the image of the beast should be killed.”*

John 10:3 applies devotionally to all members of the Body of Christ, 1 Peter 2:25.

*“For ye were as sheep going astray; but are now returned unto the Shepherd and Bishop of your souls.”*

*“The porter”* is mentioned in Mark 13:34 and may correspond to the speaker in Matthew 25:6.

*“And at midnight there was a cry made, Behold, the bridegroom cometh; go ye out to meet him.”*

Note also that *“porters”* were guardsmen and keepers as well as watchers Mark 13:34, both of which services could apply to John 10:3. See 2 Chronicles 23:4, 19, Nehemiah 11:19, 12:25, 45.

The expression *“the porter”* could also apply to 1 Thessalonians 4:16<sup>32</sup>.

*“For the Lord himself shall descend from heaven with a shout, with the voice of the archangel, and with the trump of God: and the dead in Christ shall rise first:”*

However, when *“he calleth his own sheep by name,”* the Lord does so as He did for Lazarus, John 11:43 *“Lazarus, come forth.”* The Lord *“leadeth them out”* as typified by Exodus 15 and up, according to Job 37:1-4, 1 Corinthians 15:50-54, 1 Thessalonians 4:16, 17. As in John 10:4 *“he goeth before them.”*

4. John 10:4. *“He putteth forth his own sheep”* because He has the power to do so.

*“And God hath both raised up the Lord, and will also raise up us by his own power”* 1 Corinthians 6:14.

*“Knowing that he which raised up the Lord Jesus shall raise up us also by Jesus, and shall present us with you”* 2 Corinthians 4:14.

*“He goeth before them”* because He is *“the captain of the LORD’s host”* Joshua 5:15 and *“the captain of their salvation”* Hebrews 2:10.

Observe that *“the sheep follow him: for they know his voice”* in His humiliation, Luke 9:23, in His service, John 12:26, in the redemption of their bodies, Romans 8:23 and at His Return, Revelation 19:13-14.

*“And he was clothed with a vesture dipped in blood: and his name is called The Word of God. And the armies which were in heaven followed him upon white horses, clothed in fine linen, white and clean.”*

5. John 10:5. Today *“the...strangers”* are principally those false teachers *“without Christ, being aliens from the commonwealth of Israel, and strangers from the covenants of promise, having no hope, and without God in the world”* Ephesians 2:12.

The principal false teacher would be *“the idol shepherd”* of Zechariah 11:17, who is *“that man of sin...the son of perdition”* 2 Thessalonians 2:3, who is also *“the beast”* of Revelation 13:1-8.

In particular for the Christian, Paul therefore warns of *“the voice of strangers”* John 10:5 in Acts 20:29-30 who come with *“divers and strange doctrines”* Hebrews 13:9.

*“For I know this, that after my departing shall grievous wolves enter in among you, not sparing the flock. Also of your own selves shall men arise, speaking perverse things, to draw away disciples after them.”*

Paul gives an example of *“perverse things”* from *“the voice of strangers”* John 10:5 in 2 Timothy 2:17-18.

*“And their word will eat as doth a canker: of whom is Hymenaeus and Philetus; Who concerning the truth have erred, saying that the resurrection is past already; and overthrow the faith of some.”*

The false teaching of *“the...strangers”* is briefly that the Christian is already resurrected and he experiences no *physical* resurrection *before* the judgement of the great white throne of Revelation 20:11. Revelation 20:4-6 must therefore be spiritualised in this false teaching, as having no *physical* reality.

This false teaching is contrary to what Paul taught in 1 Corinthians 15:51-52. What follows is *“a mystery”* revealed to Paul<sup>33</sup> *before* it was revealed to any of the other apostles.

***“Behold, I shew you a mystery; We shall not all sleep, but we shall all be changed, In a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, at the last trump: for the trumpet shall sound, and the dead shall be raised incorruptible, and we shall be changed.”***

See 1 Corinthians 15:53-57 and note that in 1 Corinthians 15:54 *“Death is swallowed up in victory”* for all those for whom *“this corruptible shall have put on incorruption, and this mortal shall have put on immortality.”* However, death and the grave are still present in 1 Corinthians 15:55 because Paul addresses them, in effect taunting them because they have lost their respective holds over the resurrected Christian.

***“O death, where is thy sting? O grave, where is thy victory?”***

*“Death”* and *“grave”* have therefore not lost their respective holds over *the unsaved dead after “this corruptible shall have put on incorruption, and this mortal shall have put on immortality.”*

Inspection of Revelation 20:11-15, however, shows a totally different situation.

Note first that *all the graves have vanished*. They are not mentioned in the passage.

Note also that *“the sea gave up the dead which were in it; and death and hell delivered up the dead which were in them; and they were judged every man according to their works”* Revelation 20:13.

*“The dead”* here include *unsaved dead* over whom death *did* retain a hold in 1 Corinthians 15:55 but *“the dead”* here *cannot* include Christians whose works have already been judged at *“the judgment seat of Christ”* Romans 14:10, 2 Corinthians 5:10 which is different from the great white throne judgement.

The resurrection of Revelation 20:11-15 is therefore different from the resurrection of 1 Corinthians 15:51-57.

*“The thousand years”* of *“the first resurrection”* Revelation 20:4-5 are therefore *physical* and to spiritualise them is to introduce *“perverse things”* Acts 20:30 from *“the voice of strangers”* John 10:5.

Concerning the Lord’s statement that *“And a stranger will they not follow, but will flee from him”* the Lord would make provision for its fulfilment according to the promise of John 16:13.

***“Howbeit when he, the Spirit of truth, is come, he will guide you into all truth: for he shall not speak of himself; but whatsoever he shall hear, that shall he speak: and he will shew you things to come.”***

Flee *“the...strangers”* by following the Spirit, according to Romans 8:14.

***“For as many as are led by the Spirit of God, they are the sons of God.”***

Note also how the ministry of *“the Spirit of God”* in leading and feeding the Lord’s sheep is explained in more detail in Ephesians 4:11-16.

The Lord’s explicit wording *“a stranger will they not follow, but will flee from him”* is explained in John 10:6 with respect to *“This parable.”*



6. John 10:6. John 10:1-5 are ***“This parable”*** but the Lord’s listeners did not understand it. They would need the Spirit of God to enlighten them, John 14:26, 16:13.

In sum, Dr Ruckman states<sup>34</sup>, his emphases that ***“The door”*** is a real opening in the third heaven (Rev. 4:1).... Satan is the ***“thief”*** and ***“robber”*** who chose to climb up another ***“way”*** (see Isa. 14:12-14). The ***“sheep”*** are saved Jews (Ezek. 34:1-31; Matt. 9:36, 10:6, 15:24, 18:12; Luke 15:4-6) although devotionally it can apply to all saved people in ***this age*** (1 Pet. 2:25). The ***“call”*** is not just a call ***out***...it is a call ***up*** (Job 37:1-4; 1 Cor. 15:51-53; 1 Thess. 4:13-18). The ***“return”*** of the sheep in verse 4 is the saints following Jesus Christ at the Second Advent (Rev. 19:11-14)...

In verses 1 and 2, Jesus Christ is going up at the Ascension and entering the third heaven (vs. 2); this is compared with the Devil’s ascension in Isaiah 14:12-14 (vs. 1).... Verse 3 is the exodus of the Body of Christ at the Rapture according to Song of Solomon 2:8-13.... Verse 4 is the Second Advent, with the ***“sheep”*** following the Lord Jesus back down to earth (Rev. 19:14).... Verse 5 describes the ***“sheep”*** on earth during the Tribulation as they refuse to follow the Anti-christ...

It is not surprising that the Lord’s hearers couldn’t understand what He said, as Paul explains in 1 Corinthians 2:13 ***“Which things also we speak, not in the words which man’s wisdom teacheth, but which the Holy Ghost teacheth; comparing spiritual things with spiritual.”***

7. John 10:7. The Lord states that He is ***“the door of the sheep”*** because as He states in John 14:6 ***“I am the way, the truth, and the life: no man cometh unto the Father, but by me.”*** Many ways to Christ exist but only one way to God exists and that is by becoming a son of God by adoption through the Lord Jesus Christ, Galatians 4:4, 5. Note that the Lord is ***“the door of the sheep.”*** ***“The sheep”*** typify the Lord’s true followers, John 10:5. The Lord is not ***“the door”*** for ***“goats”*** Matthew 25:32, ***“wolves”*** Matthew 7:15, ***“dogs”*** or ***“swine”*** Matthew 7:16, all of which represent unsaved individuals.

Note that unlike a ***“gate”*** NIV, a ***“door”*** cannot be surmounted. ***“A thief and a robber”*** therefore ***“climbeth up some other way.”*** The risen Lord Jesus Christ cannot be surmounted. He is ***“Alpha and Omega, the first and the last”*** and He has won the victory over death and hell, Revelation 1:8, 11, 18 and though ***“accounted as sheep for the slaughter”*** the Lord’s true followers ***“are more than conquerors through him that loved us”*** Romans 8:32-39, 1 Corinthians 15:57.

8. John 10:8. The ***“thieves and robbers”*** that ***“came before”*** the Lord Jesus Christ include Greek philosophers, Colossians 2:8, ungodly Jewish priests and false prophets, Jeremiah 5:31, 14:14, Matthew 7:15 and deceitful ***“diviners”*** and ***“dreamers”*** of the nation of Israel, Deuteronomy 13:1-3\*, 18:20-22, Jeremiah 27:9, 29:8, Micah 3:7. \*Note that a false prophet is false because he seeks to lead the Lord’s people astray. He may be able to foretell events that come to pass, like Balaam but he is a deceiver with ***“good words and fair speeches”*** who brings his victims into ***“the bondage of corruption”*** Romans 8:21 with Numbers 23:8-10, 24, 24:6-9, 17:24, 25:1-9, 16:18, 2 Peter 2:15, 19, Jude 11, Revelation 2:14.

***“The sheep did not hear them”*** when instead they listened to ***“the Lord God of Israel”*** Joshua 10:42, Who promised them in Jeremiah 3:15 ***“And I will give you pastors according to mine heart, which shall feed you with knowledge and understanding.”***

9. John 10:9. John 10:9 enlarges on John 10:7. John 10:9 pictures
- 9.1. salvation of the soul John 14:6
  - 9.2. spiritual sustenance 1 Peter 5:2
  - 9.3. redemption of the body Romans 8:23
  - 9.4. victory at the Second Advent Revelation 19:11-21.

10. John 10:10. ***“The thief”*** in John 10:10 is the Devil, who brings only death and shows how he would fulfil his ‘ministry’ in the life of Job 1:12-19. The Devil can still exercise ***“the power of death”*** Hebrews 2:14 as God explicitly permits him, Revelation 12:10-12. His deputy, also a thief and a killer, is ***“the idol shepherd”*** of Zechariah 11:16-17, who seeks only to devour the flock. See remarks under Point 5 and John 10:5.

***“For, lo, I will raise up a shepherd in the land, which shall not visit those that be cut off, neither shall seek the young one, nor heal that that is broken, nor feed that that standeth still: but he shall eat the flesh of the fat, and tear their claws in pieces. Woe to the idol shepherd that leaveth the flock! the sword shall be upon his arm, and upon his right eye: his arm shall be clean dried up, and his right eye shall be utterly darkened.”***

***“The idol shepherd”*** has an institution that today is the Catholic Church, Revelation 17:5, which according to Revelation 18:24 ***“in her was found the blood of prophets, and of saints, and of all that were slain upon the earth.”***

The blasphemous church-state religion Islam, which denies that God can have a son in at least 20 passages of the Qur’an, is but one of the ***“ABOMINATIONS OF THE EARTH”*** Revelation 17:5 of the Catholic Church. Islam is committed to killing or enslaving all non-Moslems<sup>35</sup>.

***“False teachers”*** 2 Peter 2:1-3 who subvert ***“the scripture of truth”*** Daniel 10:21 are also thieves that have infiltrated and poisoned the spiritual life of many formerly 1611 Holy Bible-believing churches over the last century and a half<sup>36</sup>.

By complete contrast, the Lord Jesus Christ gives abundant life because it is

- 10.1. an ***“eternal life”*** John 10:28
- 10.2. an enlightened life John 8:12
- 10.3. a clean life John 15:3
- 10.4. a joyful life John 15:11
- 10.5. a fruitful life John 15:16
- 10.6. a fulfilled life John 16:24
- 10.7. a peaceful life John 16:33
- 10.8. a justified life Romans 3:24
- 10.9. a righteous life 1 Corinthians 1:30
- 10.10. a sanctified life 1 Corinthians 6:11
- 10.11. a glorious, powerful, heavenly incorruptible, immortal life 1 Corinthians 15:43-54
- 10.12. a holy life Ephesians 1:4
- 10.13. a redeemed life Colossians 1:14
- 10.14. a discerning life Hebrews 5:14
- 10.15. ***“an endless life”*** Hebrews 7:16
- 10.16. in sum ***“the life of God”*** Ephesians 4:18.

The Lord Jesus Christ said in John 16:33 ***“These things I have spoken unto you, that in me ye might have peace. In the world ye shall have tribulation: but be of good cheer; I have overcome the world.”***

This writer has found that scripture to have proved true for him over the last 55 years and prays that it will prove true for all that the Lord has given him i.e. Gill, David and Jelena and Logan, Michael and Zanna and Renny.

## 11. The NIV is deficient in:

- 11.1. John 10:1, 7. The NIV omits the equivalent of half of the expression “*Verily, verily*” thereby weakening the emphasis of the Lord’s words that follow.
- 11.2. John 10:1, 2, 7, 9. The NIV changes “*door*” to “*gate*” and breaks the all-important cross reference from John 10:1, 2 to Revelation 3:8, 4:1, which read “*door*” in the NIV. The NIV’s alteration of “*door*” to “*gate*” in John 10:7, 9 breaks or weakens the cross references to Romans 8:32-39, 1 Corinthians 15:57, Revelation 1:8, 11, 18. Note that ‘the Greek’ for “*door(s)*” is *thura* and is translated 39 times as “*door(s)*” and only once as “*gate*” in Acts 3:2, so “*door(s)*” is clearly the primary meaning of the word *thura* Biblically. Note also that Acts 12:13 distinguishes between “*door*” and “*gate*” with the expression “*the door of the gate.*”

Though differing significantly between each other in hundreds of readings, the Greek sources of Nestle’s 21<sup>st</sup> Edition and Ricker Berry’s Edition of Stephanus’s Received Greek Text both give “*door*” in John 10:1, 2, 7, 9. See p 89 of this work and **References**.

W. E. Vine<sup>37</sup> is no friend of the AV1611 but he gives both “*door*” and “*gate*” as meanings of *Thura* and does not question the use of “*door*” in John 10:1, 2, 7, 9.

“*door*” is therefore clearly correct in John 10:1, 2, 7, 9 and “*gate*” is incorrect.

- 11.3. John 10:3. The NIV changes “*porter*” to “*watchman*” and breaks or weakens the cross references to 2 Chronicles 23:4, 19, Nehemiah 11:19, 12:25, 45.
- 11.4. John 10:4. The NIV omits the first use of the word “*sheep*” in this all-important passage about the Lord’s sheep. Nestle also omits the first use of the word “*sheep*” but Ricker Berry includes it.
- 11.5. John 10:6. The NIV changes “*parable*” to “*figure of speech*” and obscures the picture of the Rapture and the Second Advent that John 10:1-5 give. See comments under Point 6, John 10:6.



**Table: John 10:11-18**  
**John 10:11-18, AV1611 versus NIV/NKJV footnotes**

Verse	AV1611	NIV/NKJV footnotes
11	<i>I am the good shepherd: the good shepherd giveth his life for the sheep.</i>	<i>“I am the good shepherd. The good shepherd lays down his life for the sheep.</i>
12	<i>But he that is an hireling, and not the shepherd, whose own the sheep are not, seeth the wolf coming, and leaveth the sheep, and fleeth: and the wolf catcheth them, and scattereth the sheep.</i>	<i>The hired hand is not the shepherd who owns the sheep. So when he sees the wolf coming, he abandons the sheep and runs away. Then the wolf attacks the flock and scatters it.</i>
13	<i>The hireling fleeth, because he is an hireling, and careth not for the sheep.</i>	<i>The man runs away because he is a hired hand and cares nothing for the sheep</i>
14	<i>I am the good shepherd, and know my sheep, and am known of mine.</i>	<i>“I am the good shepherd; I know my sheep and my sheep know me —</i>
15	<i>As the Father knoweth me, even so know I the Father: and I lay down my life for the sheep.</i>	<i>just as the Father knows me and I know the Father — and I lay down my life for the sheep.</i>
16	<i>And other sheep I have, which are not of this fold: them also I must bring, and they shall hear my voice; and there shall be one fold, and one shepherd.</i>	<i>I have other sheep that are not of this sheep pen. I must bring them also. They too will listen to my voice, and there shall be one flock and one shepherd.</i>
17	<i>Therefore doth my Father love me, because I lay down my life, that I might take it again.</i>	<i>The reason my Father loves me is that I lay down my life — only to take it up again.</i>
18	<i>No man taketh it from me, but I lay it down of myself. I have power to lay it down, and I have power to take it again. This commandment have I received of my Father.</i>	<i>No one takes it from me, but I lay it down of my own accord. I have authority to lay it down and authority to take it up again. This command I received from my Father.”</i>

Note that many of the notes that follow this table are from Dr Ruckman’s works<sup>38</sup>.

### Notes on John 10:11-18

1. John 10:11. The Lord Jesus Christ is “*the good shepherd*,” Who giveth His sheep eternal life according to John 10:28.

***“And I give unto them eternal life; and they shall never perish, neither shall any man pluck them out of my hand.”***

The life of the good Shepherd in the person of the Lord Jesus Christ is as John describes Him in 1 John 1:2.

***“For the life was manifested, and we have seen it, and bear witness, and shew unto you that eternal life, which was with the Father, and was manifested unto us;”***

The manner of the giving of “*that life*” is as John describes in John 3:16, which verse also shows that anyone can become one of “*the sheep*” and how.

***“For God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting life.”***

John 6:51 also describes how “*the good shepherd giveth his life for the sheep*.” The use of the term “*the world*” in John 6:51 shows that anyone can become one of “*the sheep*” for whom “*the good shepherd giveth his life*” according to John 3:16.

***"I am the living bread which came down from heaven: if any man eat of this bread, he shall live for ever: and the bread that I will give is my flesh, which I will give for the life of the world."***

David, who was a shepherd, 1 Samuel 16:11, foretold the ministry of the Lord Jesus Christ in Psalm 23:1-6, arguably the best known passage of scripture. Note David's expectation of eternal life in Psalm 23:3, 4, 6.

***"The LORD is my shepherd; I shall not want.***

***"He maketh me to lie down in green pastures: he leadeth me beside the still waters.***

***"He restoreth my soul: he leadeth me in the paths of righteousness for his name's sake.***

***"Yea, though I walk through the valley of the shadow of death, I will fear no evil: for thou art with me; thy rod and thy staff they comfort me.***

***"Thou preparest a table before me in the presence of mine enemies: thou anointest my head with oil; my cup runneth over.***

***"Surely goodness and mercy shall follow me all the days of my life: and I will dwell in the house of the LORD for ever."***

2. John 10:12. The **"hireling"** is he **"whose own the sheep are not."** He oversees the flock **"for filthy lucre's sake"** Titus 1:11, not **"willingly"** 1 Peter 5:2 in order to **"feed the flock of God which is among you...being ensamples to the flock"** 1 Peter 5:2-3.

The sheep are not his because **"he...careth not for the sheep"** John 10:3, unlike **"the chief Shepherd...for he careth for you"** 1 Peter 5:4, 7.

**"An hireling"** therefore does nothing when the **"grievous wolves enter in"** Acts 20:29. The hireling does not care if **"the wolf catcheth...and scattereth the sheep"** John 10:12 because as **"the idol shepherd that leaveth the flock"** Zechariah 11:17 he goes where **"filthy lucre"** beckons.

Dr Ruckman<sup>39</sup> notes with respect to John 10:12 that, his emphases *The "hireling" is "the idol shepherd" of Zechariah 11:17* [who therefore sets up an idol to be worshipped, Revelation 13:13-15, typified in Daniel 3:1-7, dissenters being dealt with in essentially the same way, Daniel 3:6, Revelation 13:13, 15, see remarks under John 10:3, **"And now I have told you before it come to pass"** John 14:29].... *It is a picture of the Popes, who will sacrifice tens of thousands of their own "congregations" in order to preserve their political office and institution (the Roman Catholic Church – see The History of the New Testament Church, Vols. 1 & 2, Bible Baptist Bookstore, 1982, 1984).*

The Crusades<sup>40</sup> would be an example, where the popes sent thousands of Catholics to suffer and die in the Holy Land in order to wrest Jerusalem from the Moslem Saracens.

Paul warned in Romans 16:17-18 of **"grievous wolves"** Acts 20:29 who were a particular menace in the church at Corinth, 1 Corinthians 1:10-13, 3:3, 11:18.

***"Now I beseech you, brethren, mark them which cause divisions and offences contrary to the doctrine which ye have learned; and avoid them. For they that are such serve not our Lord Jesus Christ, but their own belly; and by good words and fair speeches deceive the hearts of the simple."***

Those who depart from **"the apostles' doctrine"** Acts 2:42 **"by good words and fair speeches"** are like The Right Reverend Tom Butler<sup>41</sup>, who as the then Bishop of Southwark, stated on the BBC Radio 4 Today Programme, Thought For The Day, November 18<sup>th</sup> 2008 that **"I believe the lust for certainty is the original human sin...I'm disturbed by those who have terrible doubts about religion but I'm even more disturbed by those who have terrible certainties."**

That is as Satanic a 'thought for the day' as has surfaced this many a day. Why?

Because the scriptures were written for the expressed purpose of certainty, as Luke said in his Gospel.

***“That thou mightest know the certainty of those things, wherein thou hast been instructed”***  
Luke 1:4.

Solomon wrote the Book of Proverbs for the same reason.

***“Have not I written to thee excellent things in counsels and knowledge, That I might make thee know the certainty of the words of truth; that thou mightest answer the words of truth to them that send unto thee?”*** Proverbs 22:19, 20.

So a Christian believer can have certainty from the writers of scripture, especially with respect to staying out hell John 5:24.

Tom Butler’s pretence of ‘toleration’ will damn his listeners to hell who take him seriously. He is like ***“the hireling”*** that ***“careth not for the sheep”*** in that he invites the attention of ***“the wolf”*** that ***“scattereth the sheep”*** John 10:12, 13 away from ***“the apostles’ doctrine”*** Acts 2:42. A hireling like Butler ***“leaveth the sheep, and fleeth”*** when he ***“seeth the wolf coming”*** John 10:12 (Pope Benedict XVI visiting England on September 18<sup>th</sup> (!) 2010<sup>42</sup>) because he does nothing to *prevent* the wolf from ‘savaging’ the sheep but rather condones the savagery. For example, he would be all in favour of ‘multi-faith’ or Interfaith dialogue<sup>43</sup> that will ***“deceive the hearts of the simple”*** and lure them away ***“from the simplicity that is in Christ”*** 2 Corinthians 11:3.

***“The apostles’ doctrine”*** Acts 2:42 is of course predicated on ***“the scripture of truth”*** Daniel 10:21 and ***“the word of his grace”*** Acts 20:32. Paul in 2 Corinthians 2:17 lays bare the root of all division wrought by ***“grievous wolves.”***

***“For we are not as many, which corrupt the word of God: but as of sincerity, but as of God, in the sight of God speak we in Christ.”***

Dr Benjamin G. Wilkinson<sup>44</sup> describes what happened in church history, beginning even before the end of the apostolic age of the 1<sup>st</sup> century.

*We hear a great deal today about the Sunday Law of the Roman Emperor Constantine, 321 AD. Why is it that we do not hear about the corrupt Bible which Constantine adopted and promulgated, the version which for 1800 years has been exploited by the forces of heresy and apostasy? This Bible, we regret to say, lies at the bottom of many versions which now flood the publishing houses, the schools, the churches, yes, many homes, and are bringing confusion and doubt to untold millions...*

*Inspired by the unerring Spirit of God, chosen men brought forth the different books of the New Testament, these originally written in Greek. For a few years, under the guidance of the noble apostles, believers in Christ were privileged to have the unadulterated Word of God.*

*But soon the scene changed; the fury of Satan, robbed of further opportunity to harass the Son of God, turned upon the written Word. Heretical sects, warring for supremacy, corrupted the manuscripts in order to further their ends.*

Citing church historian G.P. Fisher, Wilkinson states what transpired after Constantine’s imperial reign:

*“Epiphanius, in his polemic treatise the ‘Panarion,’ describes not less than eighty heretical parties.” The Roman Catholics won. The true church fled into the wilderness, taking pure manuscripts with her.*

Citing Acts 20:30, 31 ***“Also of your own selves shall men arise, speaking perverse things, to draw away disciples after them. Therefore watch, and remember, that by the space of three years I ceased not to warn every one night and day with tears,”*** Wilkinson continues:

*The Holy Spirit deemed it of high importance to put on record this prophecy, to warn us that even from among the elders or bishops there would arise perverse leadership.*

As Wilkinson indicates, one result of that perverse leadership was the emergence of Constantine's counterfeit, sheep-scattering 'bible'<sup>45</sup> *bringing confusion and doubt to untold millions...*

See also comments on John 10:5, 8, noting that **"false prophets"** e.g. Mohammed<sup>46</sup> are **"ravening wolves"** Matthew 7:15. Note that Avro Manhattan's work<sup>47</sup> is an excellent treatise on **"the idol shepherd"** and his lust for filthy lucre.

Note in the following extracts, the victims are not, strictly speaking, the Lord's sheep because most of them would be unsaved Catholics. However, they are therefore **"as sheep having no shepherd"** Matthew 9:36 i.e. only **"an hireling."**

Jack Chick<sup>48</sup> summarises the 'ministry' of **"an hireling"** who **"careth not for the sheep"** John 10:13 and who will **"by good words and fair speeches deceive the hearts of the simple"** Romans 16:18. Jack Chick cites part of Manhattan's work.

*Remember when the pope came to the United States? How he chided us for not showing mercy? That we should give away what we have to the poor? We are such a wealthy nation. And then remember the great earthquake that took place in 1980 over in Italy? I remember when the pope came into this ruined area, walked up to the bedside of some poor little wounded Italian man and the pope so benevolently laid his hand on his head and made the sign of the cross, blessed the man and walked off...*

*Now let me read something out of The Vatican Billions by Avro Manhattan...*

*"The Catholic church is the biggest financial power, wealth accumulator and property owner in existence. She is a greater possessor of material riches than any other single institution, corporation, bank, giant trust, government or state of the whole globe. The pope, as the visible ruler of this immense amassment of wealth, is consequently the richest individual of the twentieth century. No one can realistically assess how much he is worth in terms of billions of dollars."*

*And I think back about how the pope, the wealthiest man on this [earth], walked up to that poor little Italian man, put his hand on his head, and said, "Bless you," and then walked away and just left him there. That has got to be the height of hypocrisy. And then Sen. Kennedy, the pope's boy over in the United States makes the big pitch to the U.S. people to foot the bill to repair that devastated village, right in the Pope's backyard. What a set-up!*

A insightful comparison between the ministry of **"the good shepherd"** versus that of **"an hireling"** who allows the sheep and/or those **"as sheep having no shepherd"** to be **"scattered and peeled"** Isaiah 18:2, 7, John 10:12 comes from the work of L. H. Lehmann<sup>49</sup>, a former Catholic priest of many years standing and for several years a negotiator in legal matters at the Vatican before he became a New Testament Christian.

He compares social and educational outcomes for each of the two American continents and refers simply to *Two Continents, One Bible!*

The Bible, of course, accompanied the British colonisation of the northern American continent. That Book, first the Geneva Bible and then the 1611 Authorised King James Holy Bible was, naturally, absent from the Spanish Catholic colonisation (conquest) of the southern American continent.

Lehmann writes:

*The two American Continents were discovered and colonised at about the same time. Any difference of opportunity or of resources that may have existed between them was in favor of the southern Continent. However, the northern land prospered greatly from the very beginning in all those things that make life worthwhile. The southern countries grovelled for four centuries, and still grovel, in almost universal destitution, illiteracy and illegitimacy. WHY? The answer*

is clear. The countries above the Rio Grande were given the Bible and the Protestant faith of the Pilgrim Fathers. Those to the south were given the sword of the Spaniard and the idols of the priests of Rome...

North American Continent, including Canada: Illiteracy 6%, Illegitimacy 2.4% [in the 1940s]

South American Continent, including Mexico: Illiteracy 60-80%, Illegitimacy 25-50% [in the 1940s]

The percentages shown for the countries north of the Rio Grande would be even lower were it not for Roman Catholic Quebec in Canada, and the foreign-born Romanists in the United States. The figures for the Latin American countries are, on the whole, approximate, due to the fact that some of the more backward nations down there do not keep careful records of vital statistics. However, the percentages given are those of the most conservative estimates from authoritative sources.

**"the wolf"** of course can be a range of predatory menaces, including illiteracy and illegitimacy, two strategies by which clearly **"Lucifer, son of the morning...didst weaken the nations"** Isaiah 14:12 in South America to the point of utter destitution.

Note in each illustration, given the evident destitution, how **"an hireling...seeth the wolf coming, and leaveth the sheep, and fleeth..."**

The Catholic Church in particular, with its worldwide, millennia-long politico-religious blight of thieves, robbers, hirelings and idol shepherds, in many cases also furnishing the **"ravening wolves"** [Croatia, 1941-1944<sup>50</sup>], will have a lot to answer for at the judgement of the Great White Throne, Revelation 20:11.

On a more local level, a good application is to assist with shepherding as much as possible by being able, by means of **"the sword of the Spirit, which is the word of God"** Ephesians 6:17, to 'slay' **"both the lion and the bear"** 1 Samuel 17:36 that menace the flock. These unclean beasts emerge from **"the lions' dens"** Song of Solomon 4:8 in the form of heretics critical of the 1611 Holy Bible and are also likened to dogs and pigs, 2 Peter 2:22.

3. John 10:13. See comments under John 10:12 but note also that the Lord reiterates His warning, after the manner of His familiar expression **"Verily, verily"** giving double emphasis that occurs 25 times in the Gospel of John (and only in the Gospel of John).
4. John 10:14. The Lord reiterates His calling according to the principle of His familiar expression **"Verily, verily"** giving double emphasis. See comments under John 10:13. The Lord's declaration that **"I...know my sheep, and am known of mine"** is *foundational* to the Christian.

**"And this is life eternal, that they might know thee the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom thou hast sent"** John 17:3.

**"Nevertheless the foundation of God standeth sure, having this seal, The Lord knoweth them that are his. And, Let every one that nameth the name of Christ depart from iniquity"** 2 Timothy 2:19.

John 10:14 therefore is foundational to the New Testament definition of a Christian, namely an individual who knows the Lord Jesus Christ personally. John emphasises this definition in 1 John 5:20.

**"And we know that the Son of God is come, and hath given us an understanding, that we may know him that is true, and we are in him that is true, even in his Son Jesus Christ. This is the true God, and eternal life."**

In the light of those comments on **"the idol shepherd"** 1 John 5:21 is applicable.

**"Little children, keep yourselves from idols. Amen."**

Knowing the Lord Jesus Christ personally should have the effect of hating sin and seeking to separate from it, as Paul exhorts in 2 Timothy 2:19 and as the Lord exhorts through Peter in 1 Peter 1:16.

***“Because it is written [Leviticus 11:44], Be ye holy; for I am holy.”***

5. John 10:15. The Lord knew His Father especially in that He knew His Father’s will and was willing to do it, even in the agony of Gethsemane, Luke 22:44.

***“Father, if thou be willing, remove this cup from me: nevertheless not my will, but thine, be done”*** Luke 22:42. See also Matthew 26:39, 42.

The Lord nevertheless actually delighted to do God’s will.

***“I delight to do thy will, O my God: yea, thy law is within my heart”*** Psalm 40:8.

***“Then said I, Lo, I come (in the volume of the book it is written of me,) to do thy will, O God”*** Hebrews 10:7.

However, even the Lord Jesus Christ had to learn what obedience to the will of His Father would cost. See Luke 22:42 and Hebrews 5:8.

***“Though he were a Son, yet learned he obedience by the things which he suffered;”***

Observe that the Lord’s pledge that ***“I lay down my life for the sheep”*** is itself consistent with God’s will for Him.

***“Yet it pleased the LORD to bruise him; he hath put him to grief: when thou shalt make his soul an offering for sin, he shall see his seed, he shall prolong his days, and the pleasure of the LORD shall prosper in his hand”*** Isaiah 53:10.

See related passages in Luke 24:25, 26, John 6:38, 48, 51, Acts 2:23, Hebrews 10:7-13. This is how, in part, the Lord and the Father knew each other. The Father trusted His Son to do His will and the Son pleased the Father in fulfilling His will, John 8:29.

It should be understood that learned obedience ***“by the things...suffered”*** is likely to be, as Paul indicated, part of ***“the fellowship of His sufferings”*** Philippians 3:10 for the faithful disciple of the Lord Jesus Christ, Luke 9:23.

It is part of Paul’s exhortation in Romans 12:2.

***“And be not conformed to this world: but be ye transformed by the renewing of your mind, that ye may prove what is that good, and acceptable, and perfect, will of God.”***

Proving the will of the Lord of course does not come cheaply. Even devotionally speaking, the cost is high.

***“So likewise, whosoever he be of you that forsaketh not all that he hath, he cannot be my disciple”*** Luke 14:33.

6. John 10:16. John 10:16 refers first to the Jews of the dispersion, Acts 2:39 ***“all that are afar off, even as many as the Lord our God shall call,”*** as even Caiaphas was able to prophesy in John 11:51-52.

***“And this spake he not of himself: but being high priest that year, he prophesied that Jesus should die for that nation; And not for that nation only, but that also he should gather together in one the children of God that were scattered abroad.”***

John 10:16 also applies to Gentiles of whom the Lord prayed in John 17:20 ***“Neither pray I for these alone, but for them also which shall believe on me through their word;”***

These Gentiles were formerly ***“aliens from the commonwealth of Israel, and strangers from the covenants of promise, having no hope, and without God in the world:”*** Ephesians 2:12. Paul describes how John 10:16 applies to them now in Ephesians 2:13.

*“But now in Christ Jesus ye who sometimes were far off are made nigh by the blood of Christ.”*

See also Ephesians 2:14-22 for Paul’s full explanation of how the Gentiles are now part of *“the commonwealth of Israel.”*

John 10:16 is of course pointing to the Great Commission, Matthew 28:18-20.

*“And Jesus came and spake unto them, saying, All power is given unto me in heaven and in earth. Go ye therefore, and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost: Teaching them to observe all things whatsoever I have commanded you: and, lo, I am with you always, even unto the end of the world. Amen.”*

7. John 10:17. See Matthew 26:39, 42, Luke 22:42, Hebrews 5:8 and comments in Point 5 on John 10:15. The Father loves the Lord Jesus Christ because the Son was obedient to the Father in laying down His life that *“the scriptures be fulfilled”* Matthew 26:54 e.g. Psalm 22, Isaiah 53 etc. In principle, in His obedience to the Father, the Lord gives the example for the Christian, as the Lord later expressed in John 14:21.

*“He that hath my commandments, and keepeth them, he it is that loveth me: and he that loveth me shall be loved of my Father, and I will love him, and will manifest myself to him.”*

Acts 2:23-25 explains how the Lord could give up and take up His life again.

*“Him, being delivered by the determinate counsel and foreknowledge of God, ye have taken, and by wicked hands have crucified and slain: Whom God hath raised up, having loosed the pains of death: because it was not possible that he should be holden of it.”*

The expressions *“that I might take it again”* and *“Whom God hath raised up”* reinforce the truth of John 10:30 *“I and my Father are one.”*

8. John 10:18. All attempts to murder the Lord Jesus Christ prior to Calvary Matthew 26:4, John 7:1 were doomed to failure because *“his hour was not yet come”* John 7:30. See also John 2:4, 8:20. The *“power”* of which the Lord speaks is *“the power of an endless life”* Hebrews 7:17 and John 10:18 shows that it is greater than *“the power of darkness”* Luke 22:53.

The Christian has *“the power of an endless life”* within him according to Ephesians 3:20 and it is *vital* for effective prayer.

*“Now unto him that is able to do exceeding abundantly above all that we ask or think, according to the power that worketh in us,”*

The Lord’s statement *“This commandment have I received of my Father”* emphasises the perfect obedience of the Son to the Father and the basis for the Father’s love of the Son. See comments under Point 7 and John 10:17.

Again, the Lord’s statement in John 10:18 serves to reinforce the Lord’s example to the Christian with respect to obedience to the Father and the Son as John 14:21 shows. See also Mark 10:21 with respect to the standard of discipleship that the Lord sets forth. Note that the Lord’s love mentioned in Mark 10:21 stemmed from the young man’s evident obedience to the commandments of God up to his encounter with the Lord, Mark 10:18-20.

*“Then Jesus beholding him loved him, and said unto him, One thing thou lackest: go thy way, sell whatsoever thou hast, and give to the poor, and thou shalt have treasure in heaven: and come, take up the cross, and follow me.”*

See also Luke 9:23. Nothing should stand in the way of the disciple of the Lord following the Lord Jesus Christ.

## 9. The NIV is deficient in:

- 9.1. John 10:11. Although both the 1611 Holy Bible and the NIV state ***“I lay down my life for the sheep”*** in John 10:15, 17, 18, the NIV’s alteration of ***“giveth”*** to ***“lays down”*** obscures the all-important cross references to John 3:16, 6:51, 10:28, 1 John 1:2. See comments under Point 1, John 10:11.

- 9.2. John 10:14, 15. The NIV’s change from ***“...am known of mine. As the Father knoweth me...”*** to ***“my sheep know me – just as the Father knows me”*** is clearly blasphemous. No Christian can know the Lord Jesus Christ as the Father does, as John 1:18 makes clear.

***“No man hath seen God at any time; the only begotten Son, which is in the bosom of the Father, he hath declared him.”***

A Christian is ***“in Christ”*** 2 Corinthians 5:17 but he is never said to be so intimately associated with the Father that he is ***“in the bosom of the Father”*** whereby he knows the Lord as fully as the Father does.

Note also Paul’s statement in 1 Timothy 6:14-16 with respect to ***“our Lord Jesus Christ...the King of kings, and Lord of lords; Who only hath immortality, dwelling in the light which no man can approach unto; whom no man hath seen, nor can see.”***

However, the expression ***“no man”*** does *not* refer to the Persons of the Godhead, Who are *one* with each other and therefore share intimacy with each other in which *no-one else* participates, not even Christians.

***“For there are three that bear record in heaven, the Father, the Word, and the Holy Ghost: and these three are one”*** 1 John 5:7.

No Christian is a member of ***“the godhead”*** Acts 17:29, Romans 1:20, Colossians 2:9 and no Christian is *ever* said to be ***“one”*** with the Godhead, *even though* he is ***“in Christ.”*** Not being a member of the Godhead, the Christian *cannot* know Christ as the Father knows Him, even though the Christian’s lifelong purpose, even in eternity is to ***“know thee the only true God, and Jesus Christ”*** John 17:3, Philippians 3:10.

For the source materials concerning the correct and corrupted readings for John 10:14, 15, see this writer’s summary<sup>51</sup>.

- 9.3. John 10:18. The NIV’s alteration of ***“power”*** to ***“authority”*** casts doubt on the Lord’s resurrection because the authority or entitlement to meet any challenge *does not guarantee that the challenge can be met*, especially one as daunting as ***“rising from the dead”*** Mark 9:10. Only the capacity or *power* to do so is sufficient for meeting the challenge.

The alteration also breaks the cross reference for the NIV to Romans 1:4, where the NIV does have the word ***“power.”***

***“And declared to be the Son of God with power, according to the spirit of holiness, by the resurrection from the dead.”***



**Table: John 11:17-27**  
**John 11:17-27, AV1611 versus NIV/NKJV footnotes**

Verse	AV1611	NIV/NKJV footnotes
17	<i>Then when Jesus came, he found that he had lain in the grave four days already.</i>	<i>On his arrival, Jesus found that Lazarus had already been in the tomb for four days.</i>
18	<i>Now Bethany was nigh unto Jerusalem, about fifteen furlongs off:</i>	<i>Bethany was less than two miles from Jerusalem,</i>
19	<i>And many of the Jews came to Martha and Mary, to comfort them concerning their brother.</i>	<i>and many Jews had come to Martha and Mary to comfort them in the loss of their brother.</i>
20	<i>Then Martha, as soon as she heard that Jesus was coming, went and met him: but Mary sat still in the house.</i>	<i>When Martha heard that Jesus was coming, she went out to meet him, but Mary stayed at home.</i>
21	<i>Then said Martha unto Jesus, Lord, if thou hadst been here, my brother had not died.</i>	<i>“Lord,” Martha said to Jesus, “if you had been here, my brother would not have died.</i>
22	<i>But I know, that even now, whatsoever thou wilt ask of God, God will give it thee.</i>	<i>But I know that even now God will give you whatever you ask.”</i>
23	<i>Jesus saith unto her, Thy brother shall rise again.</i>	<i>Jesus said to her, “Your brother will rise again.”</i>
24	<i>Martha saith unto him, I know that he shall rise again in the resurrection at the last day.</i>	<i>Martha answered, “I know he will rise again in the resurrection at the last day.”</i>
25	<i>Jesus said unto her, I am the resurrection, and the life: he that believeth in me, though he were dead, yet shall he live:</i>	<i>Jesus said to her, “I am the resurrection and the life. He who believes in me will live, even though he dies;</i>
26	<i>And whosoever liveth and believeth in me shall never die. Believest thou this?</i>	<i>and whoever lives and believes in me will never die. Do you believe this?”</i>
27	<i>She saith unto him, Yea, Lord: I believe that thou art the Christ, the Son of God, which should come into the world.</i>	<i>“Yes, Lord,” she told him, “I believe that you are the Christ, the Son of God, who was to come into the world.”</i>

Note that many of the notes that follow this table are from Dr Ruckman’s works<sup>52</sup>.

#### Notes on John 11:17-27

1. John 11:17. John 11:4-6, 14-15, 40 explain John 11:17.

*“When Jesus heard that, he said, This sickness is not unto death, but for the glory of God, that the Son of God might be glorified thereby. Now Jesus loved Martha, and her sister, and Lazarus. When he had heard therefore that he was sick, he abode two days still in the same place where he was.”*

*“Then said Jesus unto them plainly, Lazarus is dead. And I am glad for your sakes that I was not there, to the intent ye may believe; nevertheless let us go unto him.”*

*“Jesus saith unto her, Said I not unto thee, that, if thou wouldest believe, thou shouldest see the glory of God?”*

Sometimes, as in John 11:1-6, the Lord “*delayeth his coming*” in order to encourage faith, patience and earnest prayer.

*“But if we hope for that we see not, then do we with patience wait for it” Romans 8:25.*

**“Likewise the Spirit also helpeth our infirmities: for we know not what we should pray for as we ought: but the Spirit itself maketh intercession for us with groanings which cannot be uttered”** Romans 8:26.

**“That ye be not slothful, but followers of them who through faith and patience inherit the promises”** Hebrews 6:12.

2. **John 11:18, 19.** “Now Bethany was nigh unto Jerusalem, about fifteen furlongs off” John 11:18 so the friends of the bereaved rightly applied Galatians 6:2 **“Bear ye one another’s burdens, and so fulfil the law of Christ.”**
3. **John 11:20.** Each sister faced grief individually in her dependence upon God.

Martha appears to have applied Psalm 55:22.

**“Cast thy burden upon the LORD, and he shall sustain thee; he shall never suffer the righteous to be moved.”**

Mary appears to have applied Psalm 46:10-11.

**“Be still, and know that I am God: I will be exalted among the heathen, I will be exalted in the earth. The LORD of hosts is with us; the God of Jacob is our refuge. Selah.”**

The Lord is able to minister to each individual, according to that person’s individuality, whether forthright like Martha’s or subdued like Mary’s.

**“This poor man cried, and the LORD heard him, and saved him out of all his troubles”** Psalm 34:6.

4. **John 11:20, 21.** Martha believed that the Lord Jesus Christ could forestall death because she would have known about the centurion’s servant, Matthew 8:5-13 and that He could raise the recently dead because she would have known about the widow of Nain’s son and Jairus’s daughter, Luke 7:11-15, 8:50-56.

She did not at this stage believe that the Lord could raise an individual who had been dead four days, John 11:39.

For today’s believer, however, insofar as **“the just shall live by faith”** Romans 1:17, Galatians 3:11, Hebrews 10:38 and **“...the fruit of the Spirit is love, joy, peace, longsuffering, gentleness, goodness, faith”** Galatians 5:22, faith in the Lord Jesus Christ may:

- 4.1. increase 2 Corinthians 10:15 **“Not boasting of things without our measure, that is, of other men’s labours; but having hope, when your faith is increased, that we shall be enlarged by you according to our rule abundantly”**
- 4.2. be furthered with joy Philippians 1:25 **“And having this confidence, I know that I shall abide and continue with you all for your furtherance and joy of faith”**
- 4.3. be stablished or made stable Colossians 2:7 **“Rooted and built up in him, and stablished in the faith, as ye have been taught, abounding therein with thanksgiving”**
- 4.4. grow exceedingly 2 Thessalonians 1:3 **“We are bound to thank God always for you, brethren, as it is meet, because that your faith groweth exceedingly, and the charity of every one of you all toward each other aboundeth”**
- 4.5. be edified or built up in godliness 1 Timothy 1:4 **“Neither give heed to fables and endless genealogies, which minister questions, rather than godly edifying which is in faith: so do”**
- 4.6. be effectually communicated Philemon 6 **“That the communication of thy faith may become effectual by the acknowledging of every good thing which is in you in Christ Jesus”**

- 4.7. please God Hebrews 11:6 **“But without faith it is impossible to please him: for he that cometh to God must believe that he is, and that he is a rewarder of them that diligently seek him”**
- 4.8. bring praise to God through trial 1 Peter 1:7 **“That the trial of your faith, being much more precious than of gold that perisheth, though it be tried with fire, might be found unto praise and honour and glory at the appearing of Jesus Christ”**
- 4.9. encourage virtue and other godly qualities 2 Peter 1:5-7 **“And beside this, giving all diligence, add to your faith virtue; and to virtue knowledge; And to knowledge temperance; and to temperance patience; and to patience godliness; And to godliness brotherly kindness; and to brotherly kindness charity”**
- 4.10. overcome the world 1 John 5:4 **“For whatsoever is born of God overcometh the world: and this is the victory that overcometh the world, even our faith.”**

The experiences by which faith in the Lord Jesus Christ is increased, however, may be daunting, as Martha's experience was John 11:39. The lesson is nevertheless that faith is sustained and strengthened by believing what God said, **“according to the scriptures”** 1 Corinthians 15:3, 4, as in Romans 4:20, 21.

**“He staggered not at the promise of God through unbelief; but was strong in faith, giving glory to God; And being fully persuaded that, what he had promised, he was able also to perform.”**

5. John 11:22. Whatever the Lord Jesus Christ asks **“of God”** is granted. Martha had that right because the Lord did not contradict her on that point. That conclusion is encouraging with respect to John 14:16-17, Romans 8:34 and Hebrews 7:25.

**“And I will pray the Father, and he shall give you another Comforter, that he may abide with you for ever; Even the Spirit of truth; whom the world cannot receive, because it seeth him not, neither knoweth him: but ye know him; for he dwelleth with you, and shall be in you.”**

**“Who is he that condemneth? It is Christ that died, yea rather, that is risen again, who is even at the right hand of God, who also maketh intercession for us.”**

**“Wherefore he is able also to save them to the uttermost that come unto God by him, seeing he ever liveth to make intercession for them.”**

6. John 11:23, 24. The Lord is about to give new revelation on the subject of resurrection, over and above what Martha understood at the time. As a good teacher<sup>53</sup>, the Lord started with a statement that Martha understood i.e. **“Thy brother shall rise again.”** What he said next, in John 11:25, 26 would be a fulfilment of Matthew 13:52, as applied to Himself.

**“Then said he unto them, Therefore every scribe which is instructed unto the kingdom of heaven is like unto a man that is an householder, which bringeth forth out of his treasure things new and old.”**

When the Lord received Martha's confirmation in John 11:24 that she understood what He'd said in John 11:23, He made the statement in John 11:25 that took her to the next stage of learning, which, as it turned out, Martha was slow to achieve (and didn't achieve until at least after John 11:44 and then by sight rather than by faith, 2 Corinthians 5:7).

7. John 11:25, 26, 27. The Lord identifies Himself as **“the resurrection and the life”** in John 11:25. What did He mean?

Taking the statements in reverse order, the Lord Jesus Christ is **“the life”** in John 1:4, 11:25, 14:6, 1 John 1:2 especially, which states:

**“For the life was manifested, and we have seen it, and bear witness, and shew unto you that eternal life, which was with the Father, and was manifested unto us;”**

See notes in the previous study, Point 1, John 10:11. The Lord Jesus Christ is *“that eternal life,”* a Person, not simply a condition. Believing on the Lord Jesus Christ as Saviour, therefore, enables the believer to receive *“that eternal life,”* according to the Lord’s statement in John 10:28 *“And I give unto them eternal life; and they shall never perish, neither shall any man pluck them out of my hand [Romans 8:38, 39],”* which is why the Lord said *“he that believeth in me, though he were dead, yet shall he live: And whosoever liveth and believeth in me shall never die”* in John 11:25, 26.

That last statement points to the fact that not every believer in the Lord Jesus Christ will have to die.

The reason is found in the Lord’s first statement in the passage. All Jews, including Martha, believed in *“the resurrection of the dead”* Acts 23:6 *“at the last day”* John 6:39. See also Ezekiel 37, Daniel 12:2. Jesus was, however, speaking here of a resurrection *before “the last day.”* According to the laws of teaching set forth by Gregory, the Lord was proceeding from the known to the unknown.

The Lord’s statement *“I am the resurrection”* points to the catching-up of believers at the Lord’s Return, 1 Thessalonians 4:16, 17, 1 Corinthians 15:50-52, which was *“a mystery”* revealed to Paul but not to the other apostles (although Enoch Genesis 5:24, Hebrews 11:5 typified the statement *“we shall not all sleep”* 1 Corinthians 15:51), which is why neither they nor Martha could understand *“what the rising from the dead should mean”* Mark 9:10.

After the Lord’s resurrection *“they taught the people, and preached through Jesus the resurrection from the dead”* Acts 4:2 but the Lord did not reveal the details of the resurrection of believers until He gave them to Paul in the writing of 1 Corinthians 15 some years later.

This resurrection is *“that blessed hope”* of which Paul speaks in Titus 2:11-13, which is itself an exhortation to godly living.

*“For the grace of God that bringeth salvation hath appeared to all men, Teaching us that, denying ungodliness and worldly lusts, we should live soberly, righteously, and godly, in this present world; Looking for that blessed hope, and the glorious appearing of the great God and our Saviour Jesus Christ;”*

That is, whatever you are doing when the Lord comes back, make sure that you would be happy for Him to find you doing it, 1 Corinthians 10:31, which is a good application verse to keep in mind.

*“Whether therefore ye eat, or drink, or whatsoever ye do, do all to the glory of God.”*

Moreover, keep looking up, in accordance with Titus 2:11-13.

For more details, see these references<sup>54</sup>.

The Lord concludes His statement with a question. *“Believest thou this?”*

Martha evades the question by resorting to ‘the fundamentals.’ She acknowledges the Lord Jesus Christ as the Messiah, Daniel 9:25, 26 and as the Son of God, Proverbs 30:3, 4, Daniel 3:25. However, Jesus didn’t ask her about the fundamentals. He asked her if she believed what He had just said about *“rising from the dead.”*

Martha didn’t believe what the Lord had said, as John 11:39 shows, or she wasn’t prepared to at that time. She, like many of the Lord’s people, was an example of ‘arrested development,’ spiritually and of preference for the ‘fundamentals-of-my-faith comfort zone.’

*“For every one that useth milk is unskilful in the word of righteousness: for he is a babe. But strong meat belongeth to them that are of full age, even those who by reason of use have their senses exercised to discern both good and evil”* Hebrews 5:13-14.

Most Christian fundamentalists believe the following 5 Christian fundamentals<sup>55</sup>, with minor variation<sup>56</sup>.

1. The inerrancy, infallibility, and literal truth of the Bible in every detail.
2. The virgin birth and the complete deity of Jesus Christ.
3. The physical resurrection of Christ and all dead.
4. The atoning sacrifice [of Christ] for the sins of the world.
5. The second coming of Christ in bodily form.

These 5 tenets of Christian belief are good foundations for faith but note the absence in those tenets of any specific reference to anyone ***“rising from the dead”*** except by implication in Point 3 of the Lord Jesus Christ Himself.

However, believers are exhorted to progress beyond the fundamentals as Peter exhorts.

***“But grow in grace, and in the knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. To him be glory both now and for ever. Amen”*** 2 Peter 3:18.

That is why Pastor John Robinson of the Mayflower lamented the believers ***“unskilful in the word of righteousness”*** of his day. These were his dying words<sup>57</sup>.

*“I bewail the condition of the Reformed churches...the Lutherans cannot be drawn to go beyond what Luther saw. And the Calvinists as you see, stick where Calvin left them...Luther and Calvin were precious shining lights in their times. Yet God did not reveal His whole will to them...I am very confident that the Lord hath more truth and light yet to break forth out of His Holy Word.”*

Paul’s exhortation in 2 Timothy 2:15 should be obeyed in order for the Lord to break forth more truth and light out of His Holy Word. ***“Study to shew thyself approved unto God, a workman that needeth not to be ashamed, rightly dividing the word of truth.”***

For example, ***“the resurrection from the dead”*** should be divided from ***“the resurrection of the dead.”*** They are not the same. See Revelation 20:4-6, 11-15, verses that clearly distinguish between the two resurrections and 2 Timothy 2:16-18, where Paul warns against spiritualising the first resurrection<sup>58</sup>. Note also Matthew 27:52-53. These individuals are with ***“Christ the firstfruits”*** 1 Corinthians 15:20, 23 and part of ***“the resurrection from the dead.”***

***“And the graves were opened; and many bodies of the saints which slept arose, And came out of the graves after his resurrection, and went into the holy city, and appeared unto many.”***

8. The NIV is deficient in:

- 8.1. John 11:22. The NIV omits ***“of God”*** and obscures the principle of addressing prayer to God the Father according to Matthew 6:6. ***“But thou, when thou prayest, enter into thy closet, and when thou hast shut thy door, pray to thy Father which is in secret; and thy Father which seeth in secret shall reward thee openly.”*** Note this comparison.

**Table “of God” in the AV1611, NKJV, ESV, NIV**

<b><i>“of God”</i></b>	<b>AV1611</b>	<b>NKJV</b>	<b>ESV</b>	<b>NIV</b>
Occurrences	989	919	861	756
Omissions	0	70	128	233
% Omissions	0	7	13	24

The NKJV/ESV/NIV each ***“hath done despite unto the spirit of grace”*** Hebrews 10:29 and ***“perverted the words of the living God, of the LORD of hosts our God”*** Jeremiah 23:36 via their excisions of the expression ***“of God.”***

**Table: John 14:1-6**  
**John 14:1-6, AV1611 versus NIV/NKJV footnotes**

Verse	AV1611	NIV/NKJV footnotes
1	<i>Let not your heart be troubled: ye believe in God, believe also in me.</i>	<i>“Do not let your hearts be troubled. Trust in God; trust also in me.</i>
2	<i>In my Father’s house are many <b>man-sions</b>: if it were not so, I would have told you. I go to prepare a place for you.</i>	<i>In my Father’s house are many rooms; if it were not so, I would have told you. I am going there to prepare a place for you.</i>
3	<i>And if I go and prepare a place for you, I will come again, and receive you unto myself; that where I am, there ye may be also.</i>	<i>And if I go and prepare a place for you, I will come back and take you to be with me that you also may be where I am.</i>
4	<i>And whither I go ye know, and the way ye know.</i>	<i>You know the way to the place where I am going.”</i>
5	<i>Thomas saith unto him, Lord, we know not whither thou goest; and how can we know the way?</i>	<i>Thomas said to him, “Lord, we don’t know where you are going, so how can we know the way?”</i>
6	<i>Jesus saith unto him, I am the way, the truth, and the life: no man cometh unto the Father, but by me.</i>	<i>Jesus answered, “I am the way and the truth and the life. No one comes to the Father except through me...”</i>

Note that many of the notes that follow this table are from Dr Ruckman’s works<sup>59</sup>.

#### Notes on John 14:1-6

1. John 14:1. John 14:1 cross references to John 14:27.

**“Peace I leave with you, my peace I give unto you: not as the world giveth, give I unto you. Let not your heart be troubled, neither let it be afraid.”**

Note that believing in God and believing in the Lord Jesus Christ are one and the same.

**“I and my Father are one”** John 10:30.

Heart trouble can be cured by **“the peace of God, which passeth all understanding”** Philippians 4:7, received in answer to **“prayer and supplication”** Philippians 4:6.

2. John 14:2. The Lord promises **“mansions”** to believers and He will keep His promises.

**“For all the promises of God in him are yea, and in him Amen, unto the glory of God by us”** 2 Corinthians 1:20.

In addition to going **“to prepare a place for you”** the Lord is preparing you for that place.

**“Husbands, love your wives, even as Christ also loved the church, and gave himself for it; That he might sanctify and cleanse it with the washing of water by the word, That he might present it to himself a glorious church, not having spot, or wrinkle, or any such thing; but that it should be holy and without blemish”** Ephesians 5:25-27.

3. John 14:3. John 14:3 cross references with John 17:24.

**“Father, I will that they also, whom thou hast given me, be with me where I am; that they may behold my glory, which thou hast given me: for thou lovedst me before the foundation of the world.”**

The promise **“I will come again”** is one of the greatest in scripture, if not the greatest promise of scripture. The words **“and receive you unto myself”** are the greatest encouragement in scripture. 1 Thessalonians 4:16, 17 confirm that they will literally be fulfilled, which is a great source of comfort 1 Thessalonians 4:18.

4. John 14:4, 5. Although Thomas, no doubt speaking for all the disciples at the time, questioned in John 14:5 the Lord's words in John 14:4, the Lord had told them whither He was going in John 7:33 in the hearing of the disciples. It was ***"to the Father"*** John 16:16, 17, 28.

***"Then said Jesus unto them, Yet a little while am I with you, and then I go unto him that sent me."***

They did know ***"the way"*** because they knew Him, as He was about to declare in John 14:6.

The Lord was giving a preview of the ministry of ***"the Spirit of truth"*** John 16:13 of Whom the Lord would say ***"he will guide you into all truth."***

It should be noted that the Lord's emphasis on Himself as ***"the way"*** lays the foundation for what He was about to say in John 14:6 and which statement should be used against all ecumenical/multifaith notions.

***"No man cometh unto the Father, but by me."***

It has rightly been said that many ways exist for coming to the Lord Jesus Christ but only one way to God exists and that is through the Lord Jesus Christ. As the apostles would later declare ***"Neither is there salvation in any other: for there is none other name under heaven given among men, whereby we must be saved"*** Acts 4:12.

5. John 14:6. The statement ***"I am the way, the truth, and the life"*** is actually a statement on the triune Godhead 1 John 5:7 and shows that the Lord Jesus is fully God Himself Colossians 2:9.

***"For in him dwelleth all the fulness of the Godhead bodily."***

It could be said that in the Father ***"dwelleth all the fulness of the Godhead"*** personally (as ***"Jehovah"*** Exodus 6:3, revealed directly from God Himself) and in the Holy Ghost ***"dwelleth all the fulness of the Godhead"*** spiritually, giving with ***"the Word"*** the Lord Jesus Christ three Persons of the Godhead each fully God but each manifest individually according to Their individual offices. Note that the other attributes of the Godhead that the Lord manifests as the Second Person of the Godhead are also manifest in the other Persons of the Godhead, with respect to ***"the life of God"*** Ephesians 4:18 and ***"the Spirit is truth"*** 1 John 5:6.

Observe that the Persons of the Godhead have their counterparts in the individual, with respect to ***"spirit and soul and body"*** 1 Thessalonians 5:23, the spirit corresponding to the Holy Ghost (the capacity to be indwelt by the Persons of the Godhead, 1 Corinthians 3:16, 2 Corinthians 6:16, Ephesians 3:17), the soul corresponding to the Father (the real person, the real you), the body corresponding to the Word, the Lord Jesus Christ, by whom you communicate with others and with your surroundings, the way the Lord Jesus Christ did as ***"God...manifest in the flesh"*** 1 Timothy 3:16.

That is one reason why the Lord prayed as He did in John 17:21 for believers and His prayer has partly been answered and will be fully answered at His Return.

***"That they all may be one; as thou, Father, art in me, and I in thee, that they also may be one in us; that the world may believe that thou hast sent me."***

See Point 4 for comments on the expression ***"No man cometh unto the Father, but by me."***

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As ***"the Word"*** 1 John 5:7, the Lord is ***"the way"*** because He revealed God's glory according to John 1:14.

***"And the Word was made flesh, and dwelt among us, (and we beheld his glory, the glory as of the only begotten of the Father,) full of grace and truth."***

The Lord also declared God as manifest by Himself, according to John 1:18, 14:9.

**“No man hath seen God at any time; the only begotten Son, which is in the bosom of the Father, he hath declared him.”**

**“Jesus saith unto him, Have I been so long time with you, and yet hast thou not known me, Philip? he that hath seen me hath seen the Father; and how sayest thou then, Shew us the Father?”**

As ***“the Word”*** the Lord Jesus Christ then declared ***“the way”*** to God as *obedience to what He said*, i.e. *His words*, according to John 14:23.

**“Jesus answered and said unto him, If a man love me, he will keep my words: and my Father will love him, and we will come unto him, and make our abode with him.”**

As ***“the Word”*** Who was ***“with God”*** John 1:1, Jesus is ***“the way”*** to God because He has ***“the words of God”*** John 3:34, 14:24, which if a man keeps them, God and the Lord Jesus Christ will make Their way *to him* and Their ***“abode with him.”***

This way is now ***“a new and living way”*** Hebrews 10:19, 20, depicted in Matthew 27:51, Mark 15:38 that is entered into ***“by the blood of Jesus”*** by faith, Romans 3:22-24. John 1:12 depicts this entry to ***“a new and living way”*** ***“by the blood of Jesus”*** by faith for the man who loves God enough to want Him to ***“come unto him.”***

6. The NIV is deficient in John 14:2 because it reduces ***“mansions”*** to ***“rooms.”*** Yet Psalm 45:8 shows that ***“new Jerusalem”*** Revelation 21:2 has ***“ivory palaces.”*** ***“Mansions”*** is clearly the correct term with respect to design, splendour, capacity and quality and ***“rooms”*** or ***“plenty of room”*** is wrong. See Dr Ruckman’s description of New Jerusalem and the mansions that it could hold<sup>60</sup>.

Would the NIV adherents be prepared to alter the second stanza of the well-known hymn *My Jesus I Love Thee*<sup>61</sup> to match their texts?

*In mansions of glory and endless delight  
I’ll ever adore thee in heaven so bright;  
I’ll sing with the glittering crown on my brow:  
If ever I loved thee, my Jesus, ‘tis now.  
My gracious Redeemer, my Savior art thou,  
If ever I loved thee, my Jesus, ‘tis now.*

The word ***“mansions”*** only occurs once in scripture, in John 14:2. Once gone from that verse, it is gone from the Bible.



**Table: John 15:1-17**  
**John 15:1-17, AV1611 versus NIV/NKJV footnotes**

Verse	AV1611	NIV/NKJV footnotes
1	<i>I am the true vine, and my Father is the husbandman.</i>	<i>"I am the true vine, and my Father is the gardener.</i>
2	<i>Every branch in me that beareth not fruit he taketh away: and every branch that beareth fruit, he purgeth it, that it may bring forth more fruit.</i>	<i>He cuts off every branch in me that bears no fruit, while every branch that does bear fruit he prunes so that it will be even more fruitful.</i>
3	<i>Now ye are clean through the word which I have spoken unto you.</i>	<i>You are already clean because of the word I have spoken to you.</i>
4	<i>Abide in me, and I in you. As the branch cannot bear fruit of itself, except it abide in the vine; no more can ye, except ye abide in me.</i>	<i>Remain in me, and I will remain in you. No branch can bear fruit by itself; it must remain in the vine. Neither can you bear fruit unless you remain in me.</i>
5	<i>I am the vine, ye are the branches: He that abideth in me, and I in him, the same bringeth forth much fruit: for without me ye can do nothing.</i>	<i>"I am the vine; you are the branches. If a man remains in me and I in him, he will bear much fruit; apart from me you can do nothing.</i>
6	<i>If a man abide not in me, he is cast forth as a branch, and is withered; and men gather them, and cast them into the fire, and they are burned.</i>	<i>If anyone does not remain in me, he is like a branch that is thrown away and withers; such branches are picked up, thrown into the fire and burned.</i>
7	<i>If ye abide in me, and my words abide in you, ye shall ask what ye will, and it shall be done unto you.</i>	<i>If you remain in me and my words remain in you, ask whatever you wish, and it will be given you.</i>
8	<i>Herein is my Father glorified, that ye bear much fruit; so shall ye be my disciples.</i>	<i>This is to my Father's glory, that you bear much fruit, showing yourselves to be my disciples.</i>
9	<i>As the Father hath loved me, so have I loved you: continue ye in my love.</i>	<i>"As the Father has loved me, so have I loved you. Now remain in my love.</i>
10	<i>If ye keep my commandments, ye shall abide in my love; even as I have kept my Father's commandments, and abide in his love.</i>	<i>If you obey my commands, you will remain in my love, just as I have obeyed my Father's commands and remain in his love.</i>
11	<i>These things have I spoken unto you, that my joy might remain in you, and that your joy might be full.</i>	<i>I have told you this so that my joy may be in you and that your joy may be complete.</i>
12	<i>This is my commandment, That ye love one another, as I have loved you.</i>	<i>My command is this: Love each other as I have loved you.</i>
13	<i>Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends.</i>	<i>Greater love has no one than this, that he lay down his life for his friends.</i>
14	<i>Ye are my friends, if ye do whatsoever I command you.</i>	<i>You are my friends if you do what I command.</i>

**Table: John 15:1-17 Continued**  
**John 15:1-17, AV1611 versus NIV/NKJV footnotes**

Verse	AV1611	NIV/NKJV footnotes
15	<i>Henceforth I call you not servants; for the servant knoweth not what his lord doeth: but I have called you friends; for all things that I have heard of my Father I have made known unto you.</i>	<i>I no longer call you servants, because a servant does not know his master's business. Instead, I have called you friends, for everything that I learned from my Father I have made known to you.</i>
16	<i>Ye have not chosen me, but I have chosen you, and ordained you, that ye should go and bring forth fruit, and that your fruit should remain: that whatsoever ye shall ask of the Father in my name, he may give it you.</i>	<i>You did not choose me, but I chose you and appointed you to go and bear fruit — fruit that will last. Then the Father will give you whatever you ask in my name.</i>
17	<i>These things I command you, that ye love one another.</i>	<i>This is my command: Love each other.</i>

Note that many of the notes that follow this table are from Dr Ruckman's works<sup>62</sup>.

### Notes on John 15:1-17

#### Introductory Note

It should first be noted from John 14:30 that John 15, 16 are the Lord's discourse from the upper room through the streets of Jerusalem *en route* to the mount of Olives and Gethsemane, Mark 14:15, 26, 32. The discourse of John 15 is largely illustrative and provides much useful devotional material but as a pre-crucifixion, pre-Acts 2 Pentecost discourse it does not refer explicitly to Christians today in the Body of Christ according to Pauline doctrine. The Body of Christ as such did not exist until after the Crucifixion and no believer in the Lord Jesus was in the Body of Christ until Acts 2. See Acts 1:5, 2:1-4, 1 Corinthians 12:13.

Paul, for example, never refers to the Lord and Christians as the vine and branches but as a head and body. See 1 Corinthians 12:27, Ephesians 4:15-16.

***"Now ye are the body of Christ, and members in particular."***

***"But speaking the truth in love, may grow up into him in all things, which is the head, even Christ: From whom the whole body fitly joined together and compacted by that which every joint supplieth, according to the effectual working in the measure of every part, maketh increase of the body unto the edifying of itself in love."***

A considerable amount of good spiritual/devotional application can be made from John 15, 16 nevertheless.

1. John 15:1. The Lord gives an implied warning about a false vine, Deuteronomy 32:32, 33.

***"For their vine is of the vine of Sodom, and of the fields of Gomorrah: their grapes are grapes of gall, their clusters are bitter: Their wine is the poison of dragons, and the cruel venom of asps."***

The Lord is ***"the true vine"*** because with reference to ***"the pure blood of the grape"*** Deuteronomy 32:14, the Lord said of ***"the innocent blood"*** Matthew 27:3 i.e. God's blood ***"his own blood"*** Acts 20:28 in Matthew 26:28 ***"For this is my blood of the new testament, which is shed for many for the remission of sins."***

See also John 6:53-56.

God the Father is *“the husbandman”* because, the Lord’s Calvary sufferings notwithstanding, He takes care of the Lord Jesus Christ as *“the true vine”* in the way that He sought to do for Israel, according to Isaiah 5:7a, 54:5. See Isaiah 5:1-7 and note therefore Lord’s scathing denunciation of Israel’s spiritual leaders of His day who were evil *“husbandmen”* and *“wicked men”* Matthew 21:33-41.

*“For the vineyard of the LORD of hosts is the house of Israel, and the men of Judah his pleasant plant:”* Isaiah 5:7a.

*“For thy Maker is thine husband; the LORD of hosts is his name; and thy Redeemer the Holy One of Israel; The God of the whole earth shall he be called”* Isaiah 54:5.

The Lord spoke in John 8:29 of His Father’s care during His earthly ministry.

*“And he that sent me is with me: the Father hath not left me alone; for I do always those things that please him.”*

Note that John 15:1 cross references to 1 Corinthians 3:9. Note also the context of 1 Corinthians 3:6-11 that shows God’s care for His building, described in greater detail in Ephesians 2:18-22.

*“For we are labourers together with God: ye are God’s husbandry, ye are God’s building.”*

2. John 15:2. The *“fruit”* as applied to the Christian must include *“the fruit of the Spirit”* Galatians 5:22, 23. The illustration therefore extends beyond that of *“my blood of the new testament”* described in Point 1.

The Lord Jesus Christ did point to the spiritual and ministerial fruit that His disciples could and would bear through Him during and after His earthly ministry, *“love”* John 13:34, 35, John 15:12, 17, *“joy”* John 15:11, *“peace”* John 16:33 and the fruits of the Great Commission according to Matthew 28:19-20 *“Go ye therefore, and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost: Teaching them to observe all things whatsoever I have commanded you: and, lo, I am with you always, even unto the end of the world. Amen.”*

The statement *“Every branch in me that beareth not fruit he taketh away:”* cannot apply doctrinally to a Christian because Paul said in 2 Timothy 2:13 *“If we believe not, yet he abideth faithful: he cannot deny himself.”*

An apostate Christian can be taken away in the sense of Romans 8:13.

*“For if ye live after the flesh, ye shall die; but if ye through the Spirit do mortify the deeds of the body, ye shall live.”*

He cannot, however, be taken away in the sense of being cut off from the Lord Jesus Christ like a branch could be cut from a vine because the Lord will not cut off parts of Himself.

*“For we are members of his body, of his flesh, and of his bones”* Ephesians 5:30.

The Lord’s statement could apply directly to Judas Iscariot, *“which also was the traitor”* Luke 6:16, who had departed in John 13:30 *“that he might go to his own place”* Acts 1:25.

In a wider sense, as with the apostate Christian, the statement applies to believers who get caught up in *“this life”* according to Luke 8:14 (even if applying strictly to sown seed, not a vine and branches as such).

*“And that which fell among thorns are they, which, when they have heard, go forth, and are choked with cares and riches and pleasures of this life, and bring no fruit to perfection.”*

Luke 8:15 in principle describes the bringing of fruit to perfection and note that Matthew 13:8 quantifies the terms *“fruit,”* *“more fruit”* and *“much fruit”* in John 15:2, 5.

*“But that on the good ground are they, which in an honest and good heart, having heard the word, keep it, and bring forth fruit with patience.”*

***“But other fell into good ground, and brought forth fruit, some an hundredfold, some sixtyfold, some thirtyfold.”***

Paul in Hebrews 12:6<sup>63</sup> describes the ‘husbanding’ of which the Lord speaks in the remainder of John 15:2 in likening it to the purging or cleansing of the branches, John 15:3. Hebrews 12:11 shows that God’s chastening is for the purpose of fruit-bearing.

***“For whom the Lord loveth he chasteneth, and scourgeth every son whom he receiveth.”***

***“Now no chastening for the present seemeth to be joyous, but grievous: nevertheless afterward it yieldeth the peaceable fruit of righteousness unto them which are exercised thereby.”***

3. John 15:3. The purging of the branches to ***“bring forth more fruit”*** is equivalent to being made ***“clean through the word which I have spoken unto you.”***

The cleansing and the purging are, however, contingent on obeying and doing the word, as James 1:22-25 show.

***“But be ye doers of the word, and not hearers only, deceiving your own selves. For if any be a hearer of the word, and not a doer, he is like unto a man beholding his natural face in a glass: For he beholdeth himself, and goeth his way, and straightway forgetteth what manner of man he was. But whoso looketh into the perfect law of liberty, and continueth therein, he being not a forgetful hearer, but a doer of the work, this man shall be blessed in his deed.”***

James in James 1:27 then gives examples of doing the word, supporting what Paul said in 1 Timothy 5:16 about relieving ***“them that are widows indeed”*** and what John said in 1 John 2:15 to ***“Love not the world, neither the things that are in the world...”***

***“Pure religion and undefiled before God and the Father is this, To visit the fatherless and widows in their affliction, and to keep himself unspotted from the world.”***

The word of the Lord Jesus Christ is the word of God, because it cleanses, as Psalm 119:9, 11 show.

***“Wherewithal shall a young man cleanse his way? by taking heed thereto according to thy word. Thy word have I hid in mine heart, that I might not sin against thee.”***

The application is still to encourage Dave and Mike about memorising, reviewing and applying Psalm 119:9, 11. See also Ephesians 5:25-26 that describe the inner cleansing wrought by ***“the word which I have spoken unto you.”***

***“Husbands, love your wives, even as Christ also loved the church, and gave himself for it; That he might sanctify and cleanse it with the washing of water by the word,”***

Application of the promises of God, 2 Corinthians 6:17, 18 ***“Wherefore come out from among them, and be ye separate, saith the Lord, and touch not the unclean thing; and I will receive you, And will be a Father unto you, and ye shall be my sons and daughters, saith the Lord Almighty,”*** is a further instance of being cleansed ***“with the washing of water by the word.”***

Note the association of what then follows with separation from the world according to James 1:27, 1 John 2:15.

***“Having therefore these promises, dearly beloved, let us cleanse ourselves from all filthiness of the flesh and spirit, perfecting holiness in the fear of God”*** 2 Corinthians 7:1.

4. John 15:4. The expression ***“Abide in me, and I in you”*** speaks of the Lord’s oneness with the believer that Paul describes in 2 Corinthians 5:17, Galatians 2:20 as it now applies for the Christian.

***“Therefore if any man be in Christ, he is a new creature: old things are passed away; behold, all things are become new.”***

***“I am crucified with Christ: nevertheless I live; yet not I, but Christ liveth in me: and the life which I now live in the flesh I live by the faith of the Son of God, who loved me, and gave himself for me.”***

The expression “*Abide in me, and I in you*” is similar to the Lord’s statement in John 6:56 and provides understanding of the word “*abideth*.”

***“He that eateth my flesh, and drinketh my blood, dwelleth in me, and I in him.”***

John 6:35 explains the expression “*eateth my flesh, and drinketh my blood*” as equivalent to “*he that cometh to me shall never hunger; and he that believeth on me shall never thirst*.” Coming to and believing on the Lord Jesus Christ results in the believer indwelling the Lord Jesus and the Lord Jesus Christ indwelling the believer.

John 14:23 therefore states “*Jesus answered and said unto him, If a man love me, he will keep my words: and my Father will love him, and we will come unto him, and make our abode with him*.”

John 14:23 overlaps with John 6:35, 56 and emphasises sustained fellowship of the believer with God the Father and the Lord Jesus Christ, as John describes in 1 John 1:3.

***“That which we have seen and heard declare we unto you, that ye also may have fellowship with us: and truly our fellowship is with the Father, and with his Son Jesus Christ*.”**

Practically speaking, the expression “*Abide in me, and I in you*” is therefore an exhortation to stay in the “*abode*” and in close fellowship with the Lord Jesus Christ – and God the Father, the “*husbandman*” of John 15:1. Fruit-bearing for the Christian as described in Point 2 is only possible through this closeness of fellowship, as Luke 8:14, 15 confirm.

Observe that the branch “*cannot bear fruit of itself*” or produce fruit of itself. The branch can only bear or carry the fruit that the vine produces. That is the purpose of the branches on the vine according to John 15:16 and why the Lord exhorts the believer to “*abide in me*” as defined in John 15:4, 5.

Note that the theme of abiding in the Lord Jesus Christ is important for John, who refers to the term 11 times in 1 John and twice in 2 John 9, 11 times in his letters in all. Observe too that 1 John 2:5 echoes the Lord’s words in John 14:23.

***“But whoso keepeth his word, in him verily is the love of God perfected: hereby know we that we are in him*.”**

5. John 15:5. The content of John 15:5 has largely been covered in remarks on John 15:1-4 and John 15:5 is therefore a summation of that material, which the Lord has graciously provided and should be memorized.

The implication for the Christian of John 15:1-5 is clear, especially with respect to the exhortation to “*abide in me*” according to Point 4.

Just as “*the life of the flesh is in the blood*” Leviticus 17:11, the life of the branch is in the vine and just as “*they that are in the flesh cannot please God*” Romans 8:8 they that are the branches cannot “*maketh manifest the savour of his knowledge...in every place*” 2 Corinthians 2:14 without “*Always bearing about in the body the dying of the Lord Jesus, that the life also of Jesus might be made manifest in our body*” 2 Corinthians 4:10.

Fruitfulness *in* the Lord Jesus Christ requires faithfulness *to* the Lord Jesus Christ, in continued close fellowship *with* the Lord Jesus Christ.

6. John 15:6. John 15:6 is not a doctrinal statement that applies to the Christian. See *Introductory Note* and Point 2 especially with respect to Ephesians 5:30.

He can, however, be “*cast forth*” only in the sense of breaking fellowship like Demas “*having loved this present world*” 2 Timothy 4:10 – see again Point 2 and Luke 8:14 – and withering

like the carnal Christians of Corinth 1 Corinthians 3:1, 3, 4 who could not even take part appropriately in communion 1 Corinthians 10:16 and of whom Paul therefore said in 1 Corinthians 11:30 ***“For this cause many are weak and sickly among you, and many sleep.”***

The essentially illustrative nature of John 15:6 is emphasised by the contrast with 1 Corinthians 3:15.

***“If any man’s work shall be burned, he shall suffer loss: but he himself shall be saved; yet so as by fire.”***

A Christian’s *works* may burn at ***“the judgment seat of Christ”*** Romans 14:10, 2 Corinthians 5:10 and he can lose rewards but he himself is fireproof. See again ***Introductory Note*** and Point 2, especially Ephesians 5:30.

The Lord’s statement in the remainder of the verse emphasises the utter fruitlessness of failing to abide in Him. See Ezekiel 15:4 for a vivid Old Testament illustration of an utterly fruitless and profitless *vine* and by implication all its branches.

***“Behold, when it was whole, it was meet for no work: how much less shall it be meet yet for any work, when the fire hath devoured it, and it is burned?”***

7. ***John 15:7.*** John 15:7 is a great prayer promise that should be memorised but it is conditional on abiding in the Lord Jesus Christ *and the abiding of the Lord’s words in the believer*. Paul, Peter and John emphasise the centrality of the word of God for both proper worship, spiritual growth (and by implication fruit-bearing) and answered prayer.

***“Let the word of Christ dwell in you richly in all wisdom; teaching and admonishing one another in psalms and hymns and spiritual songs, singing with grace in your hearts to the Lord”*** Colossians 3:16.

***“As newborn babes, desire the sincere milk of the word, that ye may grow thereby:”*** 1 Peter 2:2.

***“And whatsoever we ask, we receive of him, because we keep his commandments, and do those things that are pleasing in his sight”*** 1 John 3:22.

8. ***John 15:8.*** The expression ***“so shall ye be my disciples”*** is a description of a *mature* disciple, who is characterised by bearing ***“much fruit”*** to the glory of God. See comments on the terms ***“fruit,” “more fruit”*** and ***“much fruit”*** in John 15:2, 5 in Point 2.

Paul in Ephesians 4:13 and Peter in 2 Peter 1:8, together with the contexts of those verses, describe the believer’s level of maturity of which the Lord speaks in John 15:8.

***“Till we all come in the unity of the faith, and of the knowledge of the Son of God, unto a perfect man, unto the measure of the stature of the fulness of Christ:”***

***“For if these things be in you, and abound, they make you that ye shall neither be barren nor unfruitful in the knowledge of our Lord Jesus Christ.”***

Fruit-bearing, as described in Point 2 and as in every other aspect of ***“life in Christ Jesus”*** Romans 8:2 is intended to glorify God, as Paul exhorts in 1 Corinthians 10:31.

***“Whether therefore ye eat, or drink, or whatsoever ye do, do all to the glory of God.”***

9. ***John 15:9, 10.*** John 15:9 provides a definition of the term ***“abide”*** according to the scripture’s own built-in dictionary as ***“continue ye.”*** Compare the expressions ***“continue ye in my love”*** and ***“abide in my love.”***

The continuance in God’s love for the believer as fellowship with the Lord Jesus Christ 1 John 2:2-6 is predicated on keeping the Lord’s commandments. The Lord is about to emphasise His premier commandment in John 15:12 but He has introduced it in John 13:34, 35.

**“A new commandment I give unto you, That ye love one another; as I have loved you, that ye also love one another. By this shall all men know that ye are my disciples, if ye have love one to another.”**

See comments under Point 2.

In addition to manifesting the Lord Jesus Christ and the love between Him and the Father and bearing the fruit of the Spirit, mutual love is what would – and will – keep the believers together to stand fast in the trials they would face – and do, both within and without the church.

**“And whether one member suffer, all the members suffer with it; or one member be honoured, all the members rejoice with it”** 1 Corinthians 12:26.

**“With all lowliness and meekness, with longsuffering, forbearing one another in love;”** Ephesians 4:2.

**“Only let your conversation be as it becometh the gospel of Christ: that whether I come and see you, or else be absent, I may hear of your affairs, that ye stand fast in one spirit, with one mind striving together for the faith of the gospel; And in nothing terrified by your adversaries: which is to them an evident token of perdition, but to you of salvation, and that of God. For unto you it is given in the behalf of Christ, not only to believe on him, but also to suffer for his sake;”** Philippians 1:27-29.

10. John 15:11. See comments under Point 2 on the fruit of the Spirit and note that the Lord’s words should be a source of joyfulness.

**“I rejoice at thy word, as one that findeth great spoil”** Psalm 119:162.

**“Thy words were found, and I did eat them; and thy word was unto me the joy and rejoicing of mine heart: for I am called by thy name, O LORD God of hosts”** Jeremiah 15:16.

Note also that John 15:11, 16 according to the Bible’s built-in dictionary<sup>64</sup> give another definition for the term **“abide”** in the context as **“remain.”** Compare the statements **“my words abide in you”** John 15:7 and **“my joy might remain in you.”**

11. John 15:12, 17. See comments under Point 9 but note the repetition, whereby the Lord is emphasising the commandment to **“love one another.”** The expression sunk down into the ears of John Luke 9:44 because he says **“love one another”** 6 times in his letters, 1 John 3:11, 23, 4:7, 11, 12, 2 John 5.

The expression should therefore sink down into the ears of the believer and become part of doing the Lord’s word, James 1:22, according to Paul’s exhortation in Philippians 2:1-4.

**“If there be therefore any consolation in Christ, if any comfort of love, if any fellowship of the Spirit, if any bowels and mercies, Fulfil ye my joy, that ye be likeminded, having the same love, being of one accord, of one mind. Let nothing be done through strife or vainglory; but in lowliness of mind let each esteem other better than themselves. Look not every man on his own things, but every man also on the things of others.”**

12. John 15:13, 14. The Lord was here setting out the standard of discipleship as He had stated in Luke 14:26-27, 33.

**“If any man come to me, and hate not his father, and mother, and wife, and children, and brethren, and sisters, yea, and his own life also, he cannot be my disciple. And whosoever doth not bear his cross, and come after me, cannot be my disciple...So likewise, whosoever he be of you that forsaketh not all that he hath, he cannot be my disciple.”**

To befriend the Lord Jesus Christ is to be from all other prior engagements forfeit. That is the Lord’s admonition in Luke 14:26-27, 33.

Paul explains how the Lord exercised the **“greater love”** for the church in Ephesians 5:25-27. See also remarks under Point 3.

**“Husbands, love your wives, even as Christ also loved the church, and gave himself for it; That he might sanctify and cleanse it with the washing of water by the word, That he might present it to himself a glorious church, not having spot, or wrinkle, or any such thing; but that it should be holy and without blemish.”**

Paul explains further how the “greater love” is exercised for “*the things of others*” in ministering to the church in Philippians 2:15-18. The life of the church is worth the expenditure of his life. That should be the standard for any Christian seeking to follow Paul and in turn the Lord Jesus Christ according to 1 Corinthians 11:1.

**“That ye may be blameless and harmless, the sons of God, without rebuke, in the midst of a crooked and perverse nation, among whom ye shine as lights in the world; Holding forth the word of life; that I may rejoice in the day of Christ, that I have not run in vain, neither laboured in vain. Yea, and if I be offered upon the sacrifice and service of your faith, I joy, and rejoice with you all. For the same cause also do ye joy, and rejoice with me.”**

John himself described the “greater love” as it should apply to believers in 1 John 3:16-18, emphasising the practicality of this love. Again, the Lord’s words clearly sunk down into the ears of this disciple. See Point 11.

**“Hereby perceive we the love of God, because he laid down his life for us: and we ought to lay down our lives for the brethren. But whoso hath this world’s good, and seeth his brother have need, and shutteth up his bowels of compassion from him, how dwelleth the love of God in him? My little children, let us not love in word, neither in tongue; but in deed and in truth.”**

The Lord Christ however exercised the greatest love in that He not only died “for his friends” such as the apostles who would become part of the church as a result of the Lord’s death and resurrection, Ephesians 5:25-27 but for sinners, enemies and the ungodly, Romans 5:6, 8, 10. That was the greatest love – though note that it is confined to Calvary with respect to the unsaved at the present time. John 3:36 shows clearly that God does not love, present tense, the ungodly who refuse to receive His Son as Saviour, John 1:12. Don’t fall for the falsehood that ‘God hates the sin but loves the sinner.’ He hates both, Psalm 5:5, 6, 11:5, 6.

**“For when we were yet without strength, in due time Christ died for the ungodly.”**

**“But God commendeth his love toward us, in that, while we were yet sinners, Christ died for us.”**

**“For if, when we were enemies, we were reconciled to God by the death of his Son, much more, being reconciled, we shall be saved by his life.”**

13. John 15:15. Friendship has the distinction that friends can be entrusted with confidences. James 2:23 provides an example for the Christian in the person of Abraham.

**“And the scripture was fulfilled which saith, Abraham believed God, and it was imputed unto him for righteousness: and he was called the Friend of God.”**

Note therefore the confidences that God entrusted to Abraham as His friend in Genesis 12:1-3, 15, 17:1-22, 18:17-19, effectively summed up as such in Genesis 18:17.

**“And the LORD said, Shall I hide from Abraham that thing which I do;”**

Answer: No. It is the same for the Christian who has access to revelation from God through his friendship with God via the Lord Jesus Christ that unsaved do not have.

**“Now we have received, not the spirit of the world, but the spirit which is of God; that we might know the things that are freely given to us of God. Which things also we speak, not in the words which man’s wisdom teacheth, but which the Holy Ghost teacheth; comparing spiritual things with spiritual. But the natural man receiveth not the things of the Spirit of God: for they are foolishness unto him: neither can he know them, because they are spiritually discerned. But he that is spiritual judgeth all things, yet he himself is judged of no man. For**



*who hath known the mind of the Lord, that he may instruct him? But we have the mind of Christ*" 1 Corinthians 2:12-16.

14. John 15:16. The Lord's statement refers to His choosing of the disciples in John 6:70, of which the disciples' acceptance of the selection was voluntary (even that of Judas). See also Mark 3:13-19. The Lord's choice was partly vindicated in that the disciples continued with the Lord in His temptations Luke 22:28, until *"they all forsook him and fled"* Mark 14:50. They, like today's believers, needed the indwelling Spirit of God and to be *"filled with the Holy Ghost"* such that *"they spake the word of God with boldness"* Acts 4:31.

Acts 4:24-30 show that the Lord's words in John 15:16 were fulfilled in that the apostles did *"ask of the Father"* in the Lord's name and received what they asked for *"by the name of thy holy child Jesus."*

Moreover, their fruit *did* remain as the Lord promised in John 15:16, in answer to the Lord's prayer in John 17:20.

*"Neither pray I for these alone, but for them also which shall believe on me through their word;"*

Two millennia later, the Christian today, through the apostles' ministry stemming from John 15:16 has the testimony of which Paul writes in Philippians 3:20-21.

*"For our conversation is in heaven; from whence also we look for the Saviour, the Lord Jesus Christ: Who shall change our vile body, that it may be fashioned like unto his glorious body, according to the working whereby he is able even to subdue all things unto himself."*

15. The NIV is deficient in:

- 15.1. John 15:1, breaking the cross references to Isaiah 54:5, 1 Corinthians 3:9 by the substitution of "gardener" for *"husbandman."*
- 15.2. John 15:4, changing an exhortation to stay in fellowship with the Lord Jesus Christ according to the expression *"Abide in me, and I in you"* to a stipulation with a condition *"Remain in me, and I will remain in you"* that conflicts with John 15:3 in the context because the Lord had already cleansed the disciples by His word so that they *would* abide with Him – even if the abiding was not fully realised until after Acts 2:4. They had at least abode spiritually with the Lord Jesus Christ prior to Acts 2 according to the account in Acts 1:3-26.
- 15.3. John 15:8, where substitution of *"showing yourselves to be"* for *"so shall ye be"* obscures the Lord's description of *mature* disciples who bear *"much fruit"* and breaks the cross references to Ephesians 4:13, 2 Peter 1:8. See comments under Point 8.

**Table: John 18:1-9**  
**John 18:1-9, AV1611 versus NIV/NKJV footnotes**

Verse	AV1611	NIV/NKJV footnotes
1	<i>When Jesus had spoken these words, he went forth with his disciples over the <b>brook</b> Cedron, where was a <b>garden</b>, into the which he entered, and his disciples.</i>	<i>When he had finished praying, Jesus left with his disciples and crossed the Kidron Valley. On the other side there was an olive grove, and he and his disciples went into it.</i>
2	<i>And Judas also, which betrayed him, knew the place: for Jesus oftentimes resorted thither with his disciples.</i>	<i>Now Judas, who betrayed him, knew the place, because Jesus had often met there with his disciples.</i>
3	<i>Judas then, having received a band of men and officers from the chief priests and Pharisees, cometh thither with lanterns and torches and weapons.</i>	<i>So Judas came to the grove, guiding a detachment of soldiers and some officials from the chief priests and Pharisees. They were carrying torches, lanterns and weapons.</i>
4	<i>Jesus therefore, knowing all things that should come upon him, went forth, and said unto them, Whom seek ye?</i>	<i>Jesus, knowing all that was going to happen to him, went out and asked them, "Who is it you want?"</i>
5	<i>They answered him, Jesus of Nazareth. Jesus saith unto them, I am he. And Judas also, which betrayed him, stood with them.</i>	<i>"Jesus of Nazareth," they replied. "I am he," Jesus said. (And Judas the traitor was standing there with them.)</i>
6	<i>As soon then as he had said unto them, I am he, they went backward, and fell to the ground.</i>	<i>When Jesus said, "I am he," they drew back and fell to the ground.</i>
7	<i>Then asked he them again, Whom seek ye? And they said, Jesus of Nazareth.</i>	<i>Again he asked them, "Who is it you want?" And they said, "Jesus of Nazareth."</i>
8	<i>Jesus answered, I have told you that I am he: if therefore ye seek me, let these go their way:</i>	<i>"I told you that I am he," Jesus answered. "If you are looking for me, then let these men go."</i>
9	<i>That the saying might be fulfilled, which he spake, Of them which thou gavest me have I lost none.</i>	<i>This happened so that the words he had spoken would be fulfilled: "I have not lost one of those you gave me."</i>

Note that many of the notes that follow this table are from Dr Ruckman's works<sup>65</sup>.

### Notes on John 18:1-9

1. John 18:1. Man first sinned in a garden with an adversary present, Genesis 3:8-15, Romans 5:12, 2 Corinthians 11:3. The Lord's victory over sin and the adversary via the cross where He **"spoiled principalities and powers, he made a shew of them openly, triumphing over them in it"** Colossians 2:13-15, should include a garden with an adversary present, Matthew 26:46, 47, John 18:3. This is **"Gethsemane"** on **"the mount of olives"** Matthew 26:30, 36, Mark 14:26, 32, Luke 22:39, meaning an olive press, where the Lord's life was pressed out of Him according to Luke 22:41-44, for sin and sinners Colossians 2:13, **"God sending his own Son in the likeness of sinful flesh, and for sin, condemned sin in the flesh:"** Romans 8:3.

***"And he was withdrawn from them about a stone's cast, and kneeled down, and prayed, Saying, Father, if thou be willing, remove this cup from me: nevertheless not my will, but thine, be done. And there appeared an angel unto him from heaven, strengthening him. And being***

*in an agony he prayed more earnestly: and his sweat was as it were great drops of blood falling down to the ground."*

Note that the Lord led His followers across a body of water to a place with an abundance of olive trees. The Lord had earlier led His people across a body of water Exodus 14:22, 29 to a place with an abundance of olive trees, Deuteronomy 6:11, 12, 28:40. It should also be noted that the olive tree<sup>66</sup> is *"the tree of life"* Genesis 2:9, Zechariah 4:3-6, 10-14 (picturing *"my spirit"* Who is revealed in Romans 8:2 as *"the Spirit of life in Christ Jesus"*), Romans 11:14-24 (applying spiritually for the Christian of whom Paul says in Romans 11:17 *"thou partakes...of the root and fatness of the olive tree"*) and it is now in *"the holy city, the new Jerusalem"* that John saw *"coming down from God out of heaven, prepared as a bride adorned for her husband"* Revelation 21:2, 9-27, 22:1, 2.

The Lord will one day lead His people across a body of water to the place where *"the tree of life"* as typified by olive trees, is now located in abundance Genesis 1:6, 7, 1 Thessalonians 4:16, 17, which is a great encouragement for these *"perilous times"* 2 Timothy 3:1. The Lord's people of course do not need the tree of life as such because they now have life in Him thanks to Gethsemane and the events following, according to Galatians 2:20.

*"I am crucified with Christ: nevertheless I live; yet not I, but Christ liveth in me; and the life which I now live in the flesh I live by the faith of the Son of God, who loved me, and gave himself for me."*

As Daniel said to Nebuchadnezzar in Daniel 2:45 *"the dream is certain, and the interpretation thereof sure."*

2. John 18:2, 3. Judas is said to be *"the traitor"* in Luke 6:16. Judas is said to have *"betrayed him,"* namely the Lord Jesus Christ, 8 times in the other Gospel accounts; Matthew 10:4, 26:25, 48, 27:3, Mark 3:19, 14:44, John 18:2, 5. All four Gospel writers are unanimous about Judas as the traitor, which is double the number of scriptural witnesses required to establish Judas as such, according to Paul in 2 Corinthians 13:1.

*"In the mouth of two or three witnesses shall every word be established."*

Judas is therefore established in the scripture as a traitor.

The expression *"one of the twelve"* occurs in each of the Gospels, a total 8 times in scripture; Matthew 26:14, 27, Mark 14:10, 20, 43, Luke 22:47, John 6:71, 20:24. Each occurrence, with the exception of John 20:24, is a reference to Judas, of whom the Lord said in John 6:70 *"Have not I chosen you twelve, and one of you is a devil?"* giving a ninth association between one and twelve and Judas, whom John 6:71 identifies as he who *"is a devil."*

One and twelve give the number 13 that is repeatedly associated with the Devil in scripture or that which is satanic, evil or accursed; Genesis 13:13, Deuteronomy 13:13, Joshua 6:26, Judges 20:13, 2 Kings 18:13, 2 Chronicles 9:13, Ezra 2:13, Nehemiah 2:13, Job 26:13, Psalm 71:13, 74:13, 91:13, Isaiah 14:13, Jeremiah 13, 26, 39, 52, Ezekiel 13:16, 28:13, Matthew 6:13, 26:65, Luke 4:13, 6:26, John 13:2, 13, 26, Acts 6:13, 13:6, Colossians 1:13, 1 Timothy 1:13, 2 Timothy 3:13, 1 John 2:13, Jude 13, Revelation 13:6, 18, 16:13, 20:13 etc. Note also in Revelation 17:5 the 13 word-65 i.e. 5x13 letter combination of the scripture's description of the Catholic Church as *"MYSTERY, BABYLON THE GREAT, THE MOTHER OF HARLOTS AND ABOMINATIONS OF THE EARTH."*

Dr Ruckman notes<sup>67</sup>, his emphases, *Of the several score chapter and verse 13's in the Bible, only 10% are good and 5% are neutral. 85% refer to sin, Satan, rebellion, or a curse. Pretty high average, wouldn't you say?* – Dr Peter S. Ruckman, his emphases.

The name *"Judas Iscariot"* Matthew 10:4, 26:14, Mark 3:19, 14:10, Luke 6:16, John 6:71, 12:4, 13:2, 26, has 13 letters. He is clearly associated with Satan the Devil, 13 letters and the anti-christ, 13 letters.

It is possible that the Lord went with the disciples often to *“the place”* in order to remind the disciples to look forward to *“the garden of God”* Ezekiel 28:13 (!), 31:8, 9 and *“new heavens and a new earth, wherein dwelleth righteousness”* 2 Peter 3:13 (!).

Observe by the actions of Judas that the Devil can infiltrate even a close fellowship of believers by means of one of his own and manipulate the secular and religious authorities to persecute the Lord’s followers, as Barnabas Fund<sup>68</sup>, Christian Concern for our Nation<sup>69</sup> and The Christian Institute<sup>70</sup> regularly report. See Matthew 26:15, Luke 22:5.

Note that in John 20:24, Thomas is referred to as *“one of the twelve.”* The use of the expression strongly suggests therefore that doubting or contradicting the Lord’s words creates opportunity to *“give place to the devil”* Ephesians 4:27. See Matthew 16:23, Mark 8:33, John 20:27.

3. John 18:4, 5. The Lord Jesus Christ, being *“God...manifest in the flesh”* 1 Timothy 3:16 knows *“the end from the beginning”* Isaiah 46:10 and had already *“spake of his decease which he should accomplish at Jerusalem”* Luke 9:31 with Elijah and Moses *“in the holy mount”* 2 Peter 1:18 where *“he was transfigured before them”* Mark 9:2. The Lord had also *“committed himself to him that judgeth righteously”* 1 Peter 2:23 by His prayer in Gethsemane, Matthew 26:36-42.

He therefore knew *“all things that should come upon him”* and *“went forth”* John 18:4. He gave even His enemies a chance to confess Him before men and avoid *“the greater sin”* John 19:11 by asking *“Whom seek ye?”*

They did confess Him but not *“in truth and in righteousness”* Zechariah 8:8.

The Lord nevertheless then declared *“I am he”* John 18:5.

The lesson for the Lord’s followers is that they should always declare for Him, according to Matthew 10:32, Luke 12:8.

*“Whosoever therefore shall confess me before men, him will I confess also before my Father which is in heaven.”*

*“Also I say unto you, Whosoever shall confess me before men, him shall the Son of man also confess before the angels of God:”*

Note Mark 1:37 *“And when they had found him, they said unto him, All men seek for thee.”* The respective contexts of Mark 1:37 and John 18:4, 5 are diametrically different but the truth is the same. Men need *“the salvation of God”* Psalm 50:23, Luke 3:6, Acts 28:28. The Devil seeks to be like God, Isaiah 14:14. Jesus Christ – and *only* Jesus Christ – is *the* way for men, John 14:6 and *in* the way for the Devil, Luke 4:5-7.

The expression ‘over my dead body’ applies to both challenges with respect to the Lord Jesus Christ but the Lord is the victor, 1 Corinthians 2:6-8, Colossians 2:13-15 and in turn so is the believer, through the Lord Jesus Christ, 2 Corinthians 2:14.

*“Now thanks be unto God, which always causeth us to triumph in Christ, and maketh manifest the savour of his knowledge by us in every place.”*

Note at the end of John 18:5 the statement *“And Judas...stood with them.”* Moses in Exodus 32:26 asks *“Who is on the LORD’s side?”* Judas was on the wrong side and suffered the consequences, Matthew 27:5, Acts 1:18.

4. John 18:6, 7, 8, 9. The Lord Jesus Christ identifies Himself simultaneously as *“Jesus of Nazareth”* and as Jehovah God of Exodus 3:14. *“I AM THAT I AM.”* See comments in the study on Exodus 3:14. The effect on the Lord’s would-be captors is powerful. It is like that on Daniel, Daniel 10:6-9, Paul, Acts 9:3, 4 and John, Revelation 1:12-17. On this occasion, however, it is the Lord’s words, specifically His voice that affect the recipients, without His *“glorious appearing”* Titus 2:13. See Psalm 29, especially Psalm 29:4.

**“The voice of the LORD is powerful; the voice of the LORD is full of majesty.”**

The Lord’s voice alone is sufficient to exercise ***“the power of God”*** Matthew 22:29, Mark 12:24, Luke 22:69, Romans 1:16, 1 Corinthians 1:18, 24, 2:5, 6:7, 13:4 twice, 2 Timothy 1:8, 1 Peter 1:5. Note Luke 7:7-15, 8:54-55, John 4:46-53, 11:43-44, where the Lord is able to ***“say in a word”*** Luke 7:7 in order to heal terminal illness and to raise the dead. Observe that in these verses, the Lord says ***“I am he”*** three times, underlining the triune Godhead, 1 John 5:7.

In spite of the Lord’s evident power, Judas and the others continue with their mission of seizure and arrest of the Lord Jesus Christ because they ***“loved darkness rather than light, because their deeds were evil”*** John 3:19. Sin is endemic in human nature, Psalm 51:5, as Revelation 9:20, 21 show, even after successive outpourings of God’s judgement in the End Times.

**“And the rest of the men which were not killed by these plagues yet repented not of the works of their hands, that they should not worship devils, and idols of gold, and silver, and brass, and stone, and of wood: which neither can see, nor hear, nor walk: Neither repented they of their murders, nor of their sorceries, nor of their fornication, nor of their thefts.”**

The Lord therefore says to His captors in Luke 22:53 that ***“this is your hour, and the power of darkness.”***

John 18:9 shows that the Lord’s promise in John 17:12 is fulfilled, certainly insofar as the loyal disciples are shown to be eternally secure Matthew 19:28, Luke 22:30, as is the Christian 1 John 5:11-13. The temporal safe-keeping for some of the disciples was temporary e.g. James, Acts 12:2.

**“While I was with them in the world, I kept them in thy name: those that thou gavest me I have kept, and none of them is lost, but the son of perdition; that the scripture might be fulfilled.”**

***“The scripture”*** and ***“the saying”*** would include Psalm 69:25, 109:1-18, especially Psalm 109:8 ***“Let his days be few; and let another take his office.”*** See Acts 1:20.

The case of Judas with respect to John 17:12, 18:9 may be one of John 6:37, with respect to ***“him that cometh to me I will in no wise cast out”*** unless he that has in this way come to Jesus independently of the Father during the Lord’s earthly ministry goes fully over to ‘the dark side’ John 13:2, 26, 27.

John 18:9 shows in principle that when the Lord speaks ***“these words are true and faithful”*** Revelation 21:5, 22:6, which is a great encouragement to the Christian.

The term ***“Jesus of Nazareth”*** occurs 17 times in scripture; Matthew 26:71, Mark 1:24, 10:47, 14:67, 16:6, Luke 4:34, 18:37, 24:19, John 1:45, 18:5, 7, 19:19, Acts 2:22, 6:14, 10:38, 22:8, 26:9. All the Gospel writers mention the term, thereby giving it considerable emphasis in scripture.

Many years ago, William Bright of Campus Crusade referred to a young Oriental university student who was a devout follower of one of the non-Christian Eastern religions. A Campus Crusade staff member happened to ask this young man whom he thought was the greatest man of all time and whom he thought was the greatest teacher of all time. To each question, the young man gave the same answer.

***“Jesus of Nazareth.”***

It is therefore a great incentive, as an application from this study to pray for David and Michael Isaiah 54:13 (which happens to be a ‘good’ 13). **“And all thy children shall be taught of the LORD; and great shall be the peace of thy children.”**

5. The NIV is deficient in John 18:1. By altering ***“brook”*** to ***“Valley”*** and ***“garden”*** to ***“olive grove”*** the NIV breaks the cross references to the Second Advent and the Fall in Eden, Genesis 3:8-15, Exodus 14:22, 29, 1 Thessalonians 4:16, 17 etc. See detailed comments under Point 1.

**Table: Revelation 1:1-11**  
**Revelation 1:1-11, AV1611 versus NIV/NKJV footnotes**

Verse	AV1611	NIV/NKJV footnotes
1	<i>The Revelation of Jesus Christ, which God gave unto him, to shew unto his servants things which must shortly come to pass; and he sent and signified it by his angel unto his servant John:</i>	<i>The revelation of Jesus Christ, which God gave him to show his servants what must soon take place. He made it known by sending his angel to his servant John,</i>
2	<i>Who bare record of the word of God, and of the testimony of Jesus Christ, and of all things that he saw.</i>	<i>who testifies to everything he saw — that is, the word of God and the testimony of Jesus Christ.</i>
3	<i>Blessed is he that readeth, and they that hear the words of this prophecy, and keep those things which are written therein: for the time is at hand.</i>	<i>Blessed is the one who reads the words of this prophecy, and blessed are those who hear it and take to heart what is written in it, because the time is near.</i>
4	<i>John to the seven churches which are in Asia: Grace be unto you, and peace, from him which is, and which was, and which is to come; and from the seven Spirits which are before his throne;</i>	<i>John, To the seven churches in the province of Asia: Grace and peace to you from him who is, and who was, and who is to come, and from the seven spirits before his throne,</i>
5	<i>And from Jesus Christ, who is the faithful witness, and the first begotten of the dead, and the prince of the kings of the earth. Unto him that loved us, and washed us from our sins in his own blood,</i>	<i>and from Jesus Christ, who is the faithful witness, the firstborn from the dead, and the ruler of the kings of the earth. To him who loves us and has freed us from our sins by his blood,</i>
6	<i>And hath made us kings and priests unto God and his Father; to him be glory and dominion for ever and ever. Amen.</i>	<i>and has made us to be a kingdom and priests to serve his God and Father — to him be glory and power for ever and ever! Amen.</i>
7	<i>Behold, he cometh with clouds; and every eye shall see him, and they also which pierced him: and all kindreds of the earth shall wail because of him. Even so, Amen.</i>	<i>Look, he is coming with the clouds, and every eye will see him, even those who pierced him; and all the peoples of the earth will mourn because of him. So shall it be! Amen.</i>
8	<i>I am Alpha and Omega, the beginning and the ending, saith the Lord, which is, and which was, and which is to come, the Almighty.</i>	<i>“I am the Alpha and the Omega,” says the Lord God, “who is, and who was, and who is to come, the Almighty.”</i>
9	<i>I John, who also am your brother, and companion in tribulation, and in the kingdom and patience of Jesus Christ, was in the isle that is called Patmos, for the word of God, and for the testimony of Jesus Christ.</i>	<i>I, John, your brother and companion in the suffering and kingdom and patient endurance that are ours in Jesus, was on the island of Patmos because of the word of God and the testimony of Jesus.</i>
10	<i>I was in the Spirit on the Lord's day, and heard behind me a great voice, as of a trumpet,</i>	<i>On the Lord's Day I was in the Spirit, and I heard behind me a loud voice like a trumpet,</i>



**Table: Revelation 1:1-11 Continued**  
**Revelation 1:1-11, AV1611 versus NIV/NKJV footnotes**

Verse	AV1611	NIV/NKJV footnotes
11	<i>Saying, <b>I am Alpha and Omega, the first and the last:</b> and, <b>What thou seest, write in a book, and send it unto the seven churches which are in Asia;</b> unto Ephesus, and unto Smyrna, and unto Pergamos, and unto Thyatira, and unto Sardis, and unto Philadelphia, and unto Laodicea.</i>	<i>which said: "Write on a scroll what you see and send it to the seven churches: to Ephesus, Smyrna, Pergamum, Thyatira, Sardis, Philadelphia and Laodicea."</i>

Note that many of the notes that follow this table are from Dr Ruckman's works<sup>71</sup>.

### Notes on Revelation 1:1-11

1. Revelation 1:1. Revelation 1:1 speaks of the revelation about the Lord Jesus Christ and what He would do in the End Times that **"God gave...unto his servant John"** for John in turn to reveal to all of God's servants **"things which must shortly come to pass."** Almost 2,000 years have elapsed since God gave the Book of Revelation to John but the word **"shortly"** still applies from God's perspective as Peter explains in 2 Peter 3:8.

**"But, beloved, be not ignorant of this one thing, that *one day is with the Lord as a thousand years, and a thousand years as one day.*"**

**"His angel"** is a reference to an appearance<sup>72</sup> by **"the angel of the LORD."** Note the expression **"the angel of the LORD appeared"** or similar that appears 10 times in scripture, Exodus 3:2, Judges 6:12, 13:3, 21, Matthew 1:20, 2:13, 19, Luke 1:11, 22:43, Acts 7:30.

John describes **"the angel of the LORD"** and His appearance in Revelation 1:13-16.

2. Revelation 1:2. The revelation that God gave to John is therefore by definition **"the word of God"** of which John **"bare record"** because like the Lord Jesus Christ, he was **"the true and faithful witness"** Revelation 3:14 **"of all things that he saw."**

**"The testimony of Jesus Christ"** is defined in Revelation 19:10 as **"the spirit of prophecy."** It is this spirit of prophecy to which John also faithfully **"bare record"** that enables the foretelling of the future or **"things which must shortly come to pass."**

It should be noted that **"the spirit of prophecy"** identifies **"the scripture of truth"** Daniel 10:21 as **"the word of God."** Dr Ruckman<sup>73</sup> states that the four Gospels contain 48 fulfilled prophecies<sup>74</sup> about the Lord Jesus Christ, the full details of which the Lord could not possibly have fulfilled by Himself during His earthly ministry. Only twice in scripture does the Lord appear to have been able to make a conscious decision with respect to the fulfilment of prophecy. However, only one such instance, John 19:28, with respect to Psalm 69:21, could be considered fulfilment of a Messianic prophecy and then only with respect to one particular detail.


**"And he began to say unto them, This day is this scripture fulfilled in your ears"** Luke 4:21.

**"After this, Jesus knowing that all things were now accomplished, that the scripture might be fulfilled, saith, I thirst"** John 19:28.

This one detail is overwhelmingly outweighed by the other prophetic details that came to pass during the Lord's earthly life over He had no direct control. Dr Ruckman states further that the late Peter Stoner<sup>75</sup>, of Pasadena City College, calculated that the statistical probability of one man fulfilling all 48 prophecies by chance is one in 10<sup>157</sup>. That these prophecies have been fulfilled is clearly **"the work of God"** Psalm 64:9 fulfilling **"the word of God"** Revelation 1:2, as this Messianic statement resolutely declares.

***“And all men shall fear, and shall declare the work of God; for they shall wisely consider of his doing.”***

Many of the Old Testament prophecies that were fulfilled when the Lord Jesus Christ suffered ***“his decease which he should accomplish at Jerusalem”*** Luke 9:31 are listed as follows<sup>76</sup>. The fulfilment of these prophecies is a powerful testimony to ***“the spirit of prophecy”*** that will ensure the complete fulfilment of ***“things which shortly come to pass”*** as John prophesies them in the Book of Revelation.

 <b>Jesus, the Creator, fulfilled over 30 prophecies when He allowed Himself to be murdered by man. (John 18-21)</b>			
PROPHECY	FULFILLMENT	PROPHECY	FULFILLMENT
Genesis 3:15	John 19:18	Psalms 69:21	Matthew 27:34
Exodus 12:46	John 19:36	Psalms 109:25	Matthew 27:39
Psalms 2:2	Mark 15:1	Isaiah 50:6	Matthew 26:67
Psalms 22:1	Matthew 27:46	Isaiah 53:3	John 1:11
Psalms 22:6	Matthew 27:39-44	Isaiah 53:5,6,10	Romans 5:6,8
Psalms 22:7-8	Matthew 27:39-44	Isaiah 53:7	Matthew 27:13-14
Psalms 22:16	John 19:18	Isaiah 53:7	Matthew 26:62-63
Psalms 22:17	Matthew 27:36	Isaiah 53:8	Mark 15:1-25
Psalms 22:18	Matthew 27:35	Isaiah 53:9	Matthew 27:57-60
Psalms 31:5	Luke 23:46	Isaiah 53:12	Mark 15:27-28
Psalms 34:20	John 19:32-33 & 36	Daniel 9:26	Matthew 26:24
Psalms 35:11	Mark 14:56	Amos 8:9	Matthew 27:45
Psalms 38:11	Luke 23:49	Zechariah 11:13	Matthew 27:9
Psalms 41:9	John 13:18	Zechariah 12:10	John 19:34
Psalms 69:19	Matthew 27:28-29	Zechariah 13:7	Mark 14:27,50

Speaking personally, the Christian has ***“the spirit of prophecy”*** in that he can know that he is saved for all eternity, where he is going for all eternity and where he is *not* going.

***“Verily, verily, I say unto you, He that heareth my word, and believeth on him that sent me, hath everlasting life, and shall not come into condemnation; but is passed from death unto life”*** John 5:24.

3. ***Revelation 1:3***. God bestows a blessing upon anyone that reads the Book of Revelation, hears its words and keeps that which is ***“written therein.”*** Revelation 1:3 therefore contrasts sharply with Revelation 22:19.

***“And if any man shall take away from the words of the book of this prophecy, God shall take away his part out of the book of life, and out of the holy city, and from the things which are written in this book.”***

Revelation 1:3, 22:19 are consistent with the Lord’s exhortation in Mark 4:24-25, by which the Christian ***“shall be blessed in his deed”*** James 1:25 to ***“keep those things which are written therein.”***

***“And he said unto them, Take heed what ye hear: with what measure ye mete, it shall be measured to you: and unto you that hear shall more be given. For he that hath, to him shall be given: and he that hath not, from him shall be taken even that which he hath.”***

The expression ***“the time is at hand”*** rightly reinforces the urgency of the expression ***“things which must shortly come to pass”*** Revelation 1:1.

4. ***Revelation 1:4***. John’s greeting to his readers ***“Grace be unto you, and peace”*** is similar to that found in the Pauline Epistles insofar as John has the complete Pauline revelation before him when he writes the Book of Revelation. Such a greeting is of course God’s greeting to *His* readers, which is an encouragement.

***“Grace be unto you, and peace, from God our Father, and from the Lord Jesus Christ”*** 1 Corinthians 1:3, 2 Corinthians 1:2, Galatians 1:3, Ephesians 1:2, Philippians 1:2.



See also Romans 1:7, Colossians 1:2, 1 Thessalonians 1:1, 2 Thessalonians 1:2, 1 Timothy 1:2, 2 Timothy 1:2, Titus 1:4, Philemon 3.

The expression *“which is, and which was, and which is to come”* Revelation 1:4, 8 emphasises the expression *“I am Alpha and Omega, the beginning and the ending...the first and the last”* Revelation 1:8, 11. See also Revelation 11:17. The Lord Jesus Christ *“is to be ruler in Israel; whose goings forth have been from of old, from everlasting”* Micah 5:2 according to *“the power of an endless life”* Hebrews 7:16 and according to Psalm 90:2 *“Before the mountains were brought forth, or ever thou hadst formed the earth and the world, even from everlasting to everlasting, thou art God.”*

*“I am he that liveth, and was dead; and, behold, I am alive for evermore, Amen; and have the keys of hell and of death”* Revelation 1:18.

The Lord Jesus Christ is *“that eternal life, which was with the Father”* 1 John 1:2 and 1 John 5:11-13 explain how the individual can be partaker of *“that eternal life.”*

*“Thanks be unto God for his unspeakable gift”* 2 Corinthians 9:15.

As Dr Ruckman observes, the recurrence of the number *“seven”* in the Book of Revelation and throughout the scripture should carefully noted; *“seven churches”* Revelation 1:4, *“seven Spirits”* Revelation 1:4\*, *“seven golden candlesticks”* Revelation 1:12, *“seven stars”* Revelation 1:16, *“seven lamps of fire”* Revelation 4:5, *“seven seals”* Revelation 5:1, *“a Lamb...having seven horns and seven eyes”* Revelation 5:6, *“seven angels”* Revelation 8:2, *“seven trumpets”* Revelation 8:2, *“seven thunders”* Revelation 10:3, *“a beast...having seven heads”* Revelation 13:1, *“seven last plagues”* Revelation 15:1, *“seven vials”* Revelation 17:1, *“seven kings”* Revelation 17:10, seven key personages; the Lord Jesus Christ, John, the woman, the dragon, the beast, the false prophet, the whore, Revelation 12:1, 3, 13:1, 11, 16:13, 17:1. \*See [Note](#).

The number seven is God’s signature for His Book *“the scripture of truth”* Daniel 10:21. It is no accident that many editions of the 1611 Holy Bible have seven marks or ‘seals’ around the cover of the binding on the spine that other so-called bibles do not have.

5. Revelation 1:5. Revelation 1:5 refers to the Lord Jesus Christ *“who is the faithful witness”* in that during His earthly ministry He glorified His Father, manifested His Father’s name *Jehovah* saves as *“JESUS”* Matthew 1:21 to the disciples and gave them the Father’s words, John 17:4, 6, 8.

*“I have glorified thee on the earth: I have finished the work which thou gavest me to do.”*

*“I have manifested thy name unto the men which thou gavest me out of the world: thine they were, and thou gavest them me; and they have kept thy word.”*

*“For I have given unto them the words which thou gavest me; and they have received them, and have known surely that I came out from thee, and they have believed that thou didst send me.”*

The Lord was also *“the faithful witness”* to all men according to John 18:20.

*“Jesus answered him, I spake openly to the world; I ever taught in the synagogue, and in the temple, whither the Jews always resort; and in secret have I said nothing.”*

The Lord therefore commissions His followers to be faithful witnesses, unto Him, according to Acts 1:8.

*“But ye shall receive power, after that the Holy Ghost is come upon you: and ye shall be witnesses unto me both in Jerusalem, and in all Judaea, and in Samaria, and unto the uttermost part of the earth.”*

The Lord Jesus Christ is *“the first begotten of the dead”* because Revelation 1:5 He is the first man ever to come up from the dead *never to die again*.

**“I am he that liveth, and was dead; and, behold, I am alive for evermore, Amen; and have the keys of hell and of death”** Revelation 1:18.

Revelation 1:5, 18 together are immediately associated with Peter’s pivotal statement in Acts 2:24 with respect to the Lord as **“the first begotten of the dead”** according to God furnishing **“the power of his resurrection”** Philippians 3:10, an expression that occurs nowhere else in scripture.

**“Whom God hath raised up, having loosed the pains of death: because it was not possible that he should be holden of it.”**

Acts 2:24 and Philippians 3:10 are closely linked with Romans 1:4, a testimony to the Lord’s sinlessness and Deity through His Resurrection.

**“And declared to be the Son of God with power, according to the spirit of holiness, by the resurrection from the dead:”**

God can make this power of resurrection available to anyone because the expression **“Alive for evermore”** is the promise the Lord makes to every individual who believes on Him for salvation, even if that individual dies physically before the Lord’s Return.

**“Jesus said unto her, I am the resurrection, and the life: he that believeth in me, though he were dead, yet shall he live:”** John 11:25.

**“And God hath both raised up the Lord, and will also raise up us by his own power”** 1 Corinthians 6:14.

The Lord Jesus Christ is **“the prince of the kings of the earth”** according to Psalm 2, especially Psalm 2:10-11, Revelation 11:17-18, 19:15.

**“Be wise now therefore, O ye kings: be instructed, ye judges of the earth. Serve the LORD with fear, and rejoice with trembling.”**

**“...We give thee thanks, O Lord God Almighty, which art, and wast, and art to come; because thou hast taken to thee thy great power, and hast reigned. And the nations were angry, and thy wrath is come, and the time of the dead, that they should be judged, and that thou shouldst give reward unto thy servants the prophets, and to the saints, and them that fear thy name, small and great; and shouldest destroy them which destroy the earth.”**

**“And out of his mouth goeth a sharp sword, that with it he should smite the nations: and he shall rule them with a rod of iron; and he treadeth the winepress of the fierceness and wrath of Almighty God.”**

The statement that the Lord Jesus Christ **“loved us, and washed us from our sins in his own blood”** is Pauline doctrine that applies directly to the Christian and points to the Deity of the Lord Jesus Christ.

**“Take heed therefore unto yourselves, and to all the flock, over the which the Holy Ghost hath made you overseers, to feed the church of God, which he hath purchased with his own blood”** Acts 20:28.

**“I am crucified with Christ: nevertheless I live; yet not I, but Christ liveth in me: and the life which I now live in the flesh I live by the faith of the Son of God, who loved me, and gave himself for me”** Galatians 2:20.

**“In whom we have redemption through his blood, the forgiveness of sins, according to the riches of his grace;”** Ephesians 1:7.

**“In whom we have redemption through his blood, even the forgiveness of sins:”** Colossians 1:14.

6. Revelation 1:6. Revelation 1:6 reinforces 1 Peter 2:5, 9, with respect to the essential doctrine of the priesthood of all believers.

*"Ye also, as lively stones, are built up a spiritual house, an holy priesthood, to offer up spiritual sacrifices, acceptable to God by Jesus Christ."*

*"But ye are a chosen generation, a royal priesthood, an holy nation, a peculiar people; that ye should shew forth the praises of him who hath called you out of darkness into his marvellous light."*

Paul explains the "spiritual sacrifices" in Hebrews 13:12-15.

*"Wherefore Jesus also, that he might sanctify the people with his own blood, suffered without the gate. Let us go forth therefore unto him without the camp, bearing his reproach. For here have we no continuing city, but we seek one to come. By him therefore let us offer the sacrifice of praise to God continually, that is, the fruit of our lips giving thanks to his name."*

See also 2 Corinthians 5:18-20 as part *"the fruit of our lips giving thanks to his name."*

*"And all things are of God, who hath reconciled us to himself by Jesus Christ, and hath given to us the ministry of reconciliation; To wit, that God was in Christ, reconciling the world unto himself, not imputing their trespasses unto them; and hath committed unto us the word of reconciliation. Now then we are ambassadors for Christ, as though God did beseech you by us: we pray you in Christ's stead, be ye reconciled to God."*

That is the Christian's responsibility now. He will reign with the Lord Jesus Christ later, at the Lord's Return, provided he fulfils 2 Timothy 2:12.

*"If we suffer, we shall also reign with him: if we deny him, he also will deny us:"* i.e. a crown.

In other words, no cross Luke 9:23, no crown. So be it, "Amen" Revelation 1:18.

7. Revelation 1:7. Revelation 1:7 is a reference to the Second Advent, which will be an event to "Behold" as the Lord foretold in Matthew 24:30.

*"And then shall appear the sign of the Son of man in heaven: and then shall all the tribes of the earth mourn, and they shall see the Son of man coming in the clouds of heaven with power and great glory."*

*"He cometh with clouds"* because the earth will have been without rain for three and a half years by means of the ministry of "my two witnesses" Revelation 11:3, 6, one of whom is "Elias" (Elijah), 1 Kings 17:1, James 5:17. Psalm 68:7-9 describes<sup>77</sup> what happens at the Second Advent.

*"O God, when thou wentest forth before thy people, when thou didst march through the wilderness; Selah: The earth shook, the heavens also dropped at the presence of God: even Sinai itself was moved at the presence of God, the God of Israel. Thou, O God, didst send a plentiful rain, whereby thou didst confirm thine inheritance, when it was weary."*

*"They also which pierced him"* are Jews of "This generation" Matthew 24:34 who are on the earth at the Second Advent. These are the descendants of "Ye men of Israel" who "By wicked hands have crucified and slain" the Lord Jesus Christ "whom ye delivered up, and denied him in the presence of Pilate, when he was determined to let him go" Acts 2:22, 23 3:13.

Revelation 1:7 applies to "This generation" because Acts 3:14 applies to them.

*"But ye denied the Holy One and the Just, and desired a murderer to be granted unto you;"*

*"This generation" did. As the Lord warned in John 5:43 "if another shall come in his own name, him ye will receive."*

He would be "no king but Caesar" John 19:15 "a murderer from the beginning" John 8:44 and the Devil incarnate, "that man of sin...the son of perdition...Even him, whose coming is af-

*ter the working of Satan*” 2 Thessalonians 2:3, 4, 9. “*Barabbas*” Luke 23:18, 19, John 18:40 as a murderer and ‘son of the father’<sup>78</sup> John 8:44 foreshadowed him.

Zechariah 12:10 cross-references with Revelation 1:7, emphasising that “*they also which pierced him...shall wail because of him.*”

*“And I will pour upon the house of David, and upon the inhabitants of Jerusalem, the spirit of grace and of supplications: and they shall look upon me whom they have pierced, and they shall mourn for him, as one mourneth for his only son, and shall be in bitterness for him, as one that is in bitterness for his firstborn.”*

The result will be that Israel is converted to “*the Messiah the Prince*” Messiah Daniel 9:25 in one day.

*“Who hath heard such a thing? who hath seen such things? Shall the earth be made to bring forth in one day? or shall a nation be born at once? for as soon as Zion travailed, she brought forth her children”* Isaiah 66:8.

*“For behold the stone that I have laid before Joshua; upon one stone shall be seven eyes: behold, I will engrave the graving thereof, saith the LORD of hosts, and I will remove the iniquity of that land in one day”* Zechariah 3:9.

For anyone who knows not the Lord Jesus Christ, the day is now.

*“(For he saith, I have heard thee in a time accepted, and in the day of salvation have I succoured thee: behold, now is the accepted time; behold, now is the day of salvation.)”* 2 Corinthians 6:2.

Pray to “*be instant in season, out of season*” 2 Timothy 4:2 and the family too.

8. Revelation 1:8. See comments under Revelation 1:4 with respect to the expression “*which is, and which was, and which is to come*” with respect to “*the Lord...the Almighty.*” Note further that the Lord is He “*which is*” a priest, Hebrews 7:24-26, “*which was*” a prophet, Luke 13:33 and “*which is to come*” a king, Luke 1:31-33.

The Christian who is “*of the household of God*” Ephesians 2:19 manifests aspects of the Lord’s 3 offices according to the priesthood of all believers, according to 1 Peter 2:9.

*“But ye are a chosen generation, a royal priesthood, [Revelation 1:6] an holy nation, a peculiar people; that ye should shew forth the praises of him [e.g. Isaiah 12] who hath called you out of darkness into his marvellous light:”*

Note that the expression “*Alpha and Omega*” is defined in Revelation 1:8 as “*the beginning and the ending*” and in Revelation 1:11 as “*the first and the last.*”

Isaiah 46:9-10 therefore identifies the Lord Jesus Christ of the New Testament as the Lord God Jehovah of the Old Testament.

*“Remember the former things of old: for I am God, and there is none else; I am God, and there is none like me, Declaring the end from the beginning, and from ancient times the things that are not yet done, saying, My counsel shall stand, and I will do all my pleasure:”*

The Lord’s word, it should be noted, is “*the first*” in pre-eminence and “*the last*” in authority. That is how He is “*the first and the last*” because He has exalted His word above all else.

Psalms 138:2 is unequivocal in this respect, noting that the Lord’s name “*is above every name*” Philippians 2:9.

*“I will worship toward thy holy temple, and praise thy name for thy lovingkindness and for thy truth: for thou hast magnified thy word above all thy name.”*

That should be the Christian’s attitude to the Lord’s word.

Note also the application of Revelation 1:8 to the Lord's role in the foundation and renovation of all creation according to Colossians 1:17, Hebrews 1:10-12 and 2 Peter 3:10.

***"And he is before all things, and by him all things consist."***

***"And, Thou, Lord, in the beginning hast laid the foundation of the earth; and the heavens are the works of thine hands: They shall perish; but thou remainest; and they all shall wax old as doth a garment; And as a vesture shalt thou fold them up, and they shall be changed: but thou art the same, and thy years shall not fail."***

***"But the day of the Lord will come as a thief in the night; in the which the heavens shall pass away with a great noise, and the elements shall melt with fervent heat, the earth also and the works that are therein shall be burned up."***

In the light of Revelation 1:8 and associated cross references, therefore, the Christian should be looking unto the fulfilment of 2 Peter 3:13.

***"Nevertheless we, according to his promise, look for new heavens and a new earth, wherein dwelleth righteousness."***

The Lord Jesus Christ is also ***"Alpha and Omega, the beginning and the ending...the first and the last"*** with respect to ***"the faith of Jesus Christ"*** Galatians 2:16, according to Hebrews 12:2.

***"Looking unto Jesus the author and finisher of our faith; who for the joy that was set before him endured the cross, despising the shame, and is set down at the right hand of the throne of God."***

The Lord Jesus Christ authored or began the ***"faith of Jesus Christ"*** Romans 3:22 ***"unto life eternal"*** John 12:25 during His earthly ministry according to His declaration to Martha in John 11:25-26.

***"Jesus said unto her, I am the resurrection, and the life: he that believeth in me, though he were dead, yet shall he live: And whosoever liveth and believeth in me shall never die. Believest thou this?"***

He finished ***"the faith of Jesus Christ"*** by His declaration ***"It is finished"*** John 19:30 on the cross ***"by his own blood, having obtained eternal redemption for us"*** Hebrews 9:12 and by the pledge of the ministry of the Spirit of God, Who would impart to the apostles ***"our faith"*** with respect to the entire body of Christian belief, as the term ***"faith"*** is used<sup>79</sup> in Galatians 1:23, Colossians 1:23, 2 Timothy 4:7, 1 Peter 5:9, Jude 3 i.e. ***"the faith which was once delivered unto the saints"*** according to John 14:26, 16:13.

***"But the Comforter, which is the Holy Ghost, whom the Father will send in my name, he shall teach you all things, and bring all things to your remembrance, whatsoever I have said unto you."***

***"Howbeit when he, the Spirit of truth, is come, he will guide you into all truth: for he shall not speak of himself; but whatsoever he shall hear, that shall he speak: and he will shew you things to come."***

See also 1 Corinthians 2:13. The Christian should constantly remind himself to ***"grieve not the holy Spirit of God"*** Ephesians 4:30 by neglecting, disbelieving or disobeying ***"the words...which the Holy Ghost teacheth;"***

9. Revelation 1:9. John describes himself as ***"your brother"*** and claims no special distinction as an apostle, just as Peter claims no special distinction as an elder but simply refers to himself as ***"also an elder"*** 1 Peter 5:1.

John reminds his readers that he is their ***"companion in tribulation, and in the kingdom and patience of Jesus Christ"*** as the other apostles do.

**“Confirming the souls of the disciples, and exhorting them to continue in the faith, and that we must through much tribulation enter into the kingdom of God” Acts 14:22.**

**“Be sober, be vigilant; because your adversary the devil, as a roaring lion, walketh about, seeking whom he may devour: Whom resist stedfast in the faith, knowing that the same afflictions are accomplished in your brethren that are in the world. But the God of all grace, who hath called us unto his eternal glory by Christ Jesus, after that ye have suffered a while, make you perfect, stablish, strengthen, settle you” 1 Peter 5:8-10.**

**“Now unto him that is able to keep you from falling, and to present you faultless before the presence of his glory with exceeding joy,” Jude 24.**

The prospect of undergoing 2 Timothy 3:12 **“Yea, and all that will live godly in Christ Jesus shall suffer persecution”** is not only daunting but certain. However, the Christian has the promise of Paul’s experience in 2 Timothy 3:11.

**“Out of them all the Lord delivered me.”**

The Lord gets you through.

Note that John **“was in the isle that is called Patmos, for the word of God, and for the testimony of Jesus Christ.”** John therefore is living proof of 2 Timothy 2:8, 9, 3:12 and 1 Peter 2:21-23, 4:14, 16.

**“Remember that Jesus Christ of the seed of David was raised from the dead according to my gospel: Wherein I suffer trouble, as an evil doer, even unto bonds; but the word of God is not bound.”**

**“For even hereunto were ye called: because Christ also suffered for us, leaving us an example, that ye should follow his steps: Who did no sin, neither was guile found in his mouth: Who, when he was reviled, reviled not again; when he suffered, he threatened not; but committed himself to him that judgeth righteously:”**

**“If ye be reproached for the name of Christ, happy are ye; for the spirit of glory and of God resteth upon you: on their part he is evil spoken of, but on your part he is glorified...Yet if any man suffer as a Christian, let him not be ashamed; but let him glorify God on this behalf.”**

10. Revelation 1:10. Revelation 1:10 refers to Revelation 4:1-2, which **“the Lord...the Almighty”** Revelation 1:8 is able to bring about. John is caught up **“in the Spirit”** to view that which is still future.

**“After this I looked, and, behold, a door was opened in heaven: and the first voice which I heard was as it were of a trumpet talking with me; which said, Come up hither, and I will shew thee things which must be hereafter. And immediately I was in the spirit: and, behold, a throne was set in heaven, and one sat on the throne.”**

**“The Lord’s day”** is not Sunday as according to popular usage but **“the day of the Lord”** Acts 2:20, 1 Thessalonians 5:2, 2 Peter 3:10, the events of which John sees and records in the Book of Revelation, Revelation 1:11.

The **“great voice, as of a trumpet”** is identified as that of the Lord Himself, Revelation 1:18. It is also identified as **“the voice of God”** Deuteronomy 4:33 according to the association with Sinai, Exodus 19:13, 16, 19, 20:18, which includes the first mention of the word **“trumpet.”**

11. Revelation 1:11. See comments under Point 8 on Revelation 1:8 with respect to the expression **“I am Alpha and Omega, the first and the last.”**

In addition to their 1<sup>st</sup> century historical setting and prophetic import for the End Times, the names of the seven churches match the prevailing characteristic of the period that each represents in the Church Age. Some periods, i.e. Smyrna, Thyatira, Sardis, evidently have to do with great suffering by true believers.

It is clear from Revelation 3:14-20 that the church is now in the Laodicean Age, the last age before the Lord's Return.

**"Ephesus"** – fully purposed

**"Smyrna"** – myrrh

**"Pergamos"** – much marriage

**"Thyatira"** – odour of affliction

**"Sardis"** – red ones

**"Philadelphia"** – brotherly love

**"Laodicea"** – civil rights

The challenge for today's believer is to ensure that he has obeyed Revelation 3:18-19.

**"I counsel thee to buy of me gold tried in the fire, that thou mayest be rich; and white raiment, that thou mayest be clothed, and that the shame of thy nakedness do not appear; and anoint thine eyes with eyesalve, that thou mayest see. As many as I love, I rebuke and chasten: be zealous therefore, and repent."**

Taking just one aspect of the Lord's exhortation **"to repentance"** 2 Corinthians 7:9 in Revelation 3:18-19, by way of illustration, **"to buy of me gold tried in the fire"** would be to become **"rich in faith"** James 2:5 according to 1 Peter 1:7.

**"That the trial of your faith, being much more precious than of gold that perisheth, though it be tried with fire, might be found unto praise and honour and glory at the appearing of Jesus Christ:"**

Faith tried by fire is true faith that pleases God, Hebrews 11:6, which all of the Lord's people should seek to do, especially in view of Revelation 3:16 **"So then because thou art lukewarm, and neither cold nor hot, I will spue thee out of my mouth."** This true faith is characterised by belief in **"the word of faith, which we preach;"** Romans 10:8. See also Romans 10:17 **"So then faith cometh by hearing, and hearing by the word of God."**

Of the preaching of **"the word of faith"** that is **"the word of God"** Proverbs 25:11 states **"A word fitly spoken is like apples of gold in pictures of silver."**

**"The word of faith"** consists, of course, of **"the words of faith"** 1 Timothy 4:6.

The association between **"the word of faith," "the words of faith,"** gold and silver is carried further in Psalm 19:10, 12:6, 7, along with the process of being **"tried in the fire"** and **"tried by fire."**

**"More to be desired are they than gold, yea, than much fine gold:"**

**"The words of the LORD are pure words: as silver tried in a furnace of earth, purified seven times. Thou shalt keep them, O LORD, thou shalt preserve them from this generation for ever."**

Because God has kept and preserved His words, **"the words of faith"** that have been **"in a furnace of earth, purified seven times"** therefore the Christian can keep them. This is the commendation that God gave **"the church in Philadelphia"** Revelation 3:7.

**"Thou...hast kept my word"** Revelation 3:8.

**"Thou hast kept the word of my patience"** Revelation 3:10.

**"The church in Philadelphia"** is the church of the Reformation, revival and global, effective mission that in church history extended from approximately 1500 A.D. to 1900 A.D. It is *this church* that God particularly commends for keeping His word, *not* the apostolic, or immediately post-apostolic churches with 'the originals' and the so-called 'oldest and best manuscripts.'

The testimony of church history is that *“the word of my patience”* that *“the church in Philadelphia”* kept is in its seventh and final state of purification the 1611 Authorized King James Holy Bible.

The Lord in Revelation 3:18-19 is therefore urging *“the church of the Laodiceans”* Revelation 3:14 to *“be zealous therefore, and repent”* and return to that Book as *“gold tried in the fire”* as priority.

The testimony of church history is unequivocal. Without *that Book*, Reformation, revival and global, *effective* mission will not happen.

*That* is the challenge for today’s believer in ensuring that he has obeyed Revelation 3:18-19.

12. The NIV is deficient in the following verses in Revelation 1:1-11.

- 12.1. Revelation 1:3. Substitution of *“the one”* for *“he”* is a subtle move to ‘the One’ of the New Age heresy<sup>80</sup>.
- 12.2. Revelation 1:4. Substitution of *“spirits”* lower case *s* for *“Spirits”* upper case *S* detracts from the Deity of the third Person of the Godhead, the Holy Ghost 1 John 5:7.
- 12.3. Revelation 1:5. Although *“firstborn from the dead”* is a correct expression with respect to the Lord Jesus Christ, see Colossians 1:18, substitution of that expression for *“first begotten of the dead”* in the context of Revelation 1, especially Revelation 1:18, weakens the cross references to the key scriptures Acts 2:24, Romans 1:4, Philippians 3:10.
- 12.4. Revelation 1:5. It is essential to be *“washed”* from sin 1 Corinthians 6:11, Ephesians 5:26, not merely *“freed.”* Omission of the word *“own”* weakens the cross reference to Acts 20:28. See remarks under Point 5.
- 12.5. Revelation 1:6. Substitution of *“kingdom”* for *“kings”* demotes the faithful Christian from royalty 2 Timothy 2:12 to subjection to royalty. Alteration of *“God and his Father”* to *“his God and Father”* allows for the New Age false teaching<sup>81</sup> that the God of the Bible is but one ‘God.’
- 12.6. Revelation 1:8. Addition of the word *“God”* to form the term *“Lord God”* creates confusion between the First and Second Persons of the Godhead, 1 John 5:7. Overall though, the NIV is notably deficient with respect to the term *“Lord God.”* Note this comparison, setting aside case sensitivity.

**Table “Lord God” in the AV1611, NKJV, ESV, NIV**

<b>“Lord God”</b>	<b>AV1611</b>	<b>NKJV</b>	<b>ESV</b>	<b>NIV</b>
Occurrences	545	550*	380	71
Omissions	0	~0*	165	474
% Omissions	0	~0*	30	87

\*Note that the AV1611 includes the names *“Jehovahjireh”* Genesis 22:14, *“Jehovahnis-si”* Exodus 17:15, *“Jehovahshalom”* Judges 6:24, *“JEHOVAH”* Exodus 6:3, Psalm 83:18, Isaiah 12:2, 26:4 i.e. 7 occurrences. The NKJV omits all 7 occurrences.

The NKJV is at fault for its 7 omissions of *“Jehovah...JEHOVAH”* and therefore the NKJV/ESV/NIV each *“hath done despite unto the spirit of grace”* Hebrews 10:29 and *“perverted the words of the living God, of the LORD of hosts our God”* Jeremiah 23:36 via their excisions of the terms *“Jehovah...JEHOVAH”* in the case of the NKJV/ESV/NIV and *“Lord God”* in the case of the ESV/NIV.

- 12.7. Revelation 1:9. The important word *“Christ”* is omitted twice and thereby totally removed from Revelation 1:9. Note this comparison.



Table “*Christ*” in the AV1611, NKJV, ESV, NIV

“ <i>Christ</i> ”	AV1611	NKJV	ESV	NIV
Occurrences	571	569	533	481
Omissions	0	2	38	90
% Omissions	0	~0	7	16

The NKJV is at fault for its two omissions of the name “*Christ*” but the ESV/NIV each “*hath done despite unto the spirit of grace*” Hebrews 10:29 and “*perverted the words of the living God, of the LORD of hosts our God*” Jeremiah 23:36 via their excisions of the name “*Christ*.”

- 12.8. Revelation 1:11. The word “*book*” occurs 28 times in the Book of Revelation, which is itself part of “*the little book*” Revelation 10:8, 9, 10 and “*the book of life*” Revelation 22:19. The NIV’s substitution of the word “*scroll*” obscures this revelation. See Point 12:9 on the NIV’s omission of the expressions “*I am Alpha and Omega, the first and the last*” and “*which are in Asia*.”
- 12.9. Revelation 1:8, 11 are among the many verses from which the typical critic of the 1611 Holy Bible seeks to cut out God’s words<sup>82</sup>.

Revelation 1:8. Text supposedly to remove: “*the beginning and the ending*”

It should first be noted that departures from the 1611 Holy Bible in the Book of Revelation are particularly well documented. Dr Moorman<sup>83</sup> describes the work of Hoskier who identified two major streams of manuscripts for the Book of Revelation, collating 200 plus extant mss. of the Book of Revelation.

Over half of the mss. belong to what Hoskier termed the Andreas group, the text of which can be traced back to the 2<sup>nd</sup> century, i.e. not long after the time of the Apostle John himself. The 1611 Holy Bible follows the Andreas text for the Book of Revelation. The remaining mss. belong to what Hoskier termed the 046 group. He concluded that it dates from the 7<sup>th</sup> century, when changes were made to extant mss. that now constitute the observed departures in modern versions from the text of the 1611 Holy Bible.

Dr Mrs Riplinger<sup>84</sup> states that the changes to the correct i.e. Andreas/1611 Holy Bible texts were made by Greek Orthodox monks who denied the literal 1000-year reign of the Lord Jesus Christ on earth as prophesied in Revelation 20:3-5.

Dr Moorman<sup>85</sup> confirms that the Andreas mss. contain the words “*the beginning and the ending*” along with 8 Old Latin witnesses.

The words are found in the Wycliffe, Tyndale, Coverdale, Great, Matthew, Bishops’, Geneva bibles and in Stephanus’s Received Text.

It should therefore be noted again that the critic will have to overthrow the witness of the 16<sup>th</sup> century English Protestant Reformation in order to deny this and the subsequent readings from the Book of Revelation that he seeks to cut out of the 1611 Holy Bible.

It should be noted further that the critic is evidently taking his alterations to the 1611 Holy Bible from the so-called Majority Text of Hodges and Farstad. This is not a majority text but is based on the incomplete 1913 collation of Herman von Soden, who collated only about 8% of available cursive mss. and leant heavily towards those he could identify as having appreciable departures from the text of the 1611 Holy Bible<sup>86</sup>.

The corrupt Critical Text such as Nestle’s and the corrupt modern versions, RV Revised Version, NIV, ESV, JB Jerusalem Bible (Catholic), NJB New Jerusalem Bible (Catholic), NWTs New World Translations (Watchtower), HCSB Holman Christian Standard Bible omit the words “*the beginning and the ending*.”

Revelation 1:11. Text supposedly to remove: ***"I am Alpha and Omega, the first and the last: and...which are in Asia"***

Dr Moorman<sup>87</sup> specifies 29 cursive mss. that contain the first phrase ***"I am Alpha and Omega, the first and the last."*** He adds that of the Andreas mss. that contain Revelation 1, 57 i.e. most of the group, contain the words. The Tyndale, Coverdale, Great, Matthew, Geneva, Bishops' bibles all contain the words, along with the Received Texts of Stephanus, Beza and Elzevir.

Dr Moorman specifies 3 cursives that contain the words ***"which are in Asia"*** and says that a total of 10 of Hoskier's cursives contain the words. The words are found in the Wycliffe, Tyndale, Coverdale, Great, Matthew, Geneva, Bishops' bibles and the Received Texts of Stephanus, Beza and Elzevir.

The corrupt Critical Text such as Nestle's and the corrupt modern versions, RV, NIV, ESV, JB, NJB, NWTs, HCSB omit the words ***"I am Alpha and Omega, the first and the last and," "which are in Asia."***

The DR Douai-Rheims Jesuit Bible omits the words ***"I am Alpha and Omega, the first and the last and."***

It is up to the critic to show that the witnesses listed in favour of the texts that he wishes to cut out of the Holy Bible are corrupt. He has not done so and will not do so.

The witnesses cited, including the Bibles that God used to bring in the 16<sup>th</sup> century English Protestant Reformation, show that it is actually corrupt Greek texts and corrupt versions of scripture that support the omissions that the critic favours.

Those critics who favour or even condone the omissions noted under Point 12 for the NIV etc. in Revelation 1:8, 9, 11 should reflect carefully on Revelation 22:19, with reference to ***"this book,"*** not ***"scroll."***

***"And if any man shall take away from the words of the book of this prophecy, God shall take away his part out of the book of life, and out of the holy city, and from the things which are written in this book."***

Note: ***"seven Spirits"*** Revelation 1:4

The ***"seven Spirits"*** are identified as follows, where the small *s* for *spirit* in these scriptures accentuates the *ministry* of the Holy Ghost in the life of the believer and indeed in that of the Lord Jesus Christ with respect to the *sevenfold spirit* of Isaiah 11:2-3, ***"the spirit of holiness"*** Romans 1:4, ***"the spirit of wisdom and knowledge in the revelation of him"*** Ephesians 1:17 and ***"the spirit...of power, and of love, and of a sound mind"*** 2 Timothy 1:7.

***"And the spirit of the LORD shall rest upon him, the spirit of wisdom and understanding, the spirit of counsel and might, the spirit of knowledge and of the fear of the LORD; And shall make him of quick understanding in the fear of the LORD; and he shall not judge after the sight of his eyes, neither reprove after the hearing of his ears"*** Isaiah 11:2-3.

**Table: Revelation 1:12-20**  
**Revelation 1:12-20, AV1611 versus NIV/NKJV footnotes**

Verse	AV1611	NIV/NKJV footnotes
12	<i>And I turned to see the voice that spake with me. And being turned, I saw seven golden candlesticks;</i>	<i>I turned around to see the voice that was speaking to me. And when I turned I saw seven golden lampstands,</i>
13	<i>And in the midst of the seven candlesticks one like unto the Son of man, clothed with a garment down to the foot, and girt about the paps with a golden girdle.</i>	<i>and among the lampstands was someone "like a son of man," dressed in a robe reaching down to his feet and with a golden sash around his chest.</i>
14	<i>His head and his hairs were white like wool, as white as snow; and his eyes were as a flame of fire;</i>	<i>His head and hair were white like wool, as white as snow, and his eyes were like blazing fire.</i>
15	<i>And his feet like unto fine brass, as if they burned in a furnace; and his voice as the sound of many waters.</i>	<i>His feet were like bronze glowing in a furnace, and his voice was like the sound of rushing waters.</i>
16	<i>And he had in his right hand seven stars: and out of his mouth went a sharp twoedged sword: and his countenance was as the sun shineth in his strength.</i>	<i>In his right hand he held seven stars, and out of his mouth came a sharp double-edged sword. His face was like the sun shining in all its brilliance.</i>
17	<i>And when I saw him, I fell at his feet as dead. And he laid his right hand upon me, saying unto me, Fear not; I am the first and the last:</i>	<i>When I saw him, I fell at his feet as though dead. Then he placed his right hand on me and said: "Do not be afraid. I am the First and the Last.</i>
18	<i>I am he that liveth, and was dead; and, behold, I am alive for evermore, Amen; and have the keys of hell and of death.</i>	<i>I am the Living One; I was dead, and behold I am alive for ever and ever! And I hold the keys of death and Hades.</i>
19	<i>Write the things which thou hast seen, and the things which are, and the things which shall be hereafter;</i>	<i>"Write, therefore, what you have seen, what is now and what will take place later.</i>
20	<i>The mystery of the seven stars which thou sawest in my right hand, and the seven golden candlesticks. The seven stars are the angels of the seven churches: and the seven candlesticks which thou sawest are the seven churches.</i>	<i>The mystery of the seven stars that you saw in my right hand and of the seven golden lampstands is this: The seven stars are the angels of the seven churches, and the seven lampstands are the seven churches.</i>

Note that many of the notes that follow this table are from Dr Ruckman's works<sup>88</sup>.

## Notes on Revelation 1:12-20

1. Revelation 1:12. When you hear *“the voice of the LORD”* you had better turn to see it and not run and hide like Adam and Eve did, Genesis 3:8. The voice itself may not be seen literally but its effects can be. See Psalm 29:3-5, 7-9.

*“The voice of the LORD is upon the waters: the God of glory thundereth: the LORD is upon many waters.*

*“The voice of the LORD is powerful; the voice of the LORD is full of majesty.*

*“The voice of the LORD breaketh the cedars; yea, the LORD breaketh the cedars of Lebanon.*

*“The voice of the LORD divideth the flames of fire.*

*“The voice of the LORD shaketh the wilderness; the LORD shaketh the wilderness of Kadesh.*

*“The voice of the LORD maketh the hinds to calve, and discovereth the forests: and in his temple doth every one speak of his glory.”*

The “seven golden candlesticks”\* are defined in Revelation 1:20 *“the seven candlesticks which thou sawest are the seven churches”* the seven churches having been designated in Revelation 1:11. The scripture is self-interpreting, 1 Corinthians 2:13. \*See [Note](#).

The function of the candlesticks is to give light by means of their lamps, or candles, Exodus 35:14, Matthew 5:15, Luke 8:16, 11:33.

*“The candlestick also for the light, and his furniture, and his lamps, with the oil for the light,”*

*“Neither do men light a candle, and put it under a bushel, but on a candlestick; and it giveth light unto all that are in the house.”*

*“No man, when he hath lighted a candle, covereth it with a vessel, or putteth it under a bed; but setteth it on a candlestick, that they which enter in may see the light.”*

*“No man, when he hath lighted a candle, putteth it in a secret place, neither under a bushel, but on a candlestick, that they which come in may see the light.”*

“God” is repeatedly associated with “light” in scripture, in 28 verses, 1 John 1:5 being particularly explicit in this respect.

*“This then is the message which we have heard of him, and declare unto you, that God is light, and in him is no darkness at all.”*

“God” is also repeatedly associated *directly* with “gold” in scripture, in 1 Chronicles 29:2, 3, 7, 2 Chronicles 5:1, 13:11, 15:18, 25:24, Ezra 1:14, 5:14, 7:15, 16, 18, 8:25, 28, 30, 33, Isaiah 60:9, Zechariah 13:9, 18 verses in all.

Candlesticks of gold therefore point strongly to the Person of God Himself.

That description strongly suggests in turn that according to God’s depiction of the church in Revelation 1:12 that both an individual church and the church as a whole have as their prime responsibility the steadfast proclamation that *“God is light”* i.e. the ministry of *“the words of God”* Numbers 24:4, 16, 1 Chronicles 25:5, Psalm 107:11, John 3:34, Revelation 17:17, according to Psalm 119:130.

*“The entrance of thy words giveth light; it giveth understanding unto the simple.”*

In sum, the church is intended to shed forth *“the light of the glorious gospel of Christ”* 2 Corinthians 4:4, not a lure for *“grievous wolves...not sparing the flock”* Acts 20:29.

See also<sup>89</sup> Psalm 119:105 with respect to the church’s individual and collective responsibility for the ministry of *“the words of God.”*

**“Thy word is a lamp unto my feet, and a light unto my path.”**

**“the word of God”** 1 Samuel 9:27, 1 Kings 12:22, 1 Chronicles 17:3, Mark 7:13, Luke 3:2, 5:1, 8:11, 21, 11:28, John 10:35, Acts 4:31, 6:2, 7, 8:14, 11:1, 12:24, 13:5, 7, 44, 46, 17:13, 18:11, 19:20, Romans 9:6, 10:17, 1 Corinthians 14:26, 2 Corinthians 2:17, 4:2, Ephesians 6:17, Colossians 1:25, 1 Thessalonians 2:13 twice, 1 Timothy 4:5, 2 Timothy 2:9, Titus 2:5, Hebrews 4:12, 11:3, 13:7, 1 Peter 1:23, 2 Peter 3:5, 1 John 2:14, Revelation 1:2, 9, 6:9, 19:13, 20:4, 46 references, is a sevenfold lamp as Psalm 119 reveals:

1.1. a traveller’s lamp Psalm 119:1

1.2. a guiding lamp Psalm 119:10

1.3. a reading lamp Psalm 119:18

1.4. a comforting lamp Psalm 119:23

1.5. a night lamp Psalm 119:55

1.6. a safety lamp Psalm 119:133

1.7. an inextinguishable lamp Psalm 119:160 in that **“it shall never go out”** Leviticus 6:13.

The ministry of **“the words of God”** by the church shows that God intends the Body of believers to be **“as unto a light that shineth in a dark place, until the day dawn”** 2 Peter 1:19. See also Matthew 5:14, Philippians 2:15, 16.

2. Revelation 1:13. The vision here is that of the risen Lord Jesus Christ glorified according to John 17:5.

**“And now, O Father, glorify thou me with thine own self with the glory which I had with thee before the world was.”**

God clearly answered this aspect of the Lord’s prayer in John 17, indicating that He will answer all aspects of that prayer, including those applying directly to the Christian, e.g. John 17:11, 15, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26.

The identity of the Lord Jesus Christ is confirmed in Revelation 1:13 by the expression **“the Son of man”** that cross-references to John 3:13, Acts 7:56. The expression occurs 88 times in the New Testament, all but one of those times, Hebrews 2:6, referring explicitly to the Lord Jesus Christ.

**“And no man hath ascended up to heaven, but he that came down from heaven, even the Son of man which is in heaven.”**

**“And said, Behold, I see the heavens opened, and the Son of man standing on the right hand of God.”**

**“A garment down to the foot”** is like that which the Lord wore on earth, Luke 8:44 and that described as **“a long white garment”** in Mark 16:5 that is clearly associated with the Lord’s Resurrection and the only time that the expression is used in the New Testament, which are additional pointers to the Lord’s identity as confirmed in Revelation 1:13.

Revelation 1:13 shows that the Lord is not remote from His churches but that He is **“in the midst of”** them. As they are depicted as gold, His **“golden girdle”** secured around **“the paps”** enclosing the heart indicates that the churches are on the Lord’s heart and securely so.

He is indeed **“the Shepherd and Bishop of your souls”** 1 Peter 2:25, not merely of your diocese.

3. Revelation 1:14, 15. Song of Solomon 5:10 states that **“My beloved is white and ruddy, the chiefest among ten thousand”** and introduces a description of the Lord Jesus Christ on earth, Song of Solomon 5:10-16. Isaiah 53:2 says of the Lord evidently during His earthly ministry that **“he hath no form nor comeliness; and when we shall see him, there is no beauty that we**

*should desire him.*" The description of the Lord in Song of Solomon 5:10-16 could therefore be that of the Lord Jesus Christ on earth at the Second Advent when the Lord is seated *"upon the throne of his glory"* Matthew 25:31 that is *"the throne of his father David"* Luke 1:30 *"in the regeneration when the Son of man shall sit in the throne of his glory"* Matthew 19:28 as King over a literal, visible, physical, earthly kingdom<sup>90</sup>.

By contrast, the description of the Lord in Revelation 1:14, 15 is that of the Lord Jesus Christ in His glory, according to John 17:5, see comments on Revelation 1:13 and as revealed according to Peter in 2 Peter 1:18 *"when we were with him in the holy mount"* where John was also a witness, according to Matthew 17:1, 2. Note again the correspondence between the Lord's raiment in Matthew 17:2 and His garment in Revelation 1:13. See also Revelation 1:16, with respect to the Lord's face or countenance in his glorified state, a manifestation of *"his own glory, and...his Father's"* Luke 9:26.

*"And after six days Jesus taketh Peter, James, and John his brother, and bringeth them up into an high mountain apart, And was transfigured before them: and his face did shine as the sun, and his raiment was white as the light."*

John's vision of the risen Lord is also like that of Daniel's vision of *"the ancient of days"* and *"one like the Son of man"* Daniel 7:9-10, 13-14. Again, the Lord's glory and His Father's glory are manifest\* as *"the excellent glory"* 2 Peter 1:17. Note the correspondence between the expressions *"like unto a Son of man"* in Revelation 1:13 and *"like the Son of man"* in Daniel 7:13.

\*not and never as the so-called 'Shekinah glory,' which does not exist<sup>91</sup>. The term 'Shekinah' has been corrupted from the Hebrew word *shikan*, which means a habitation and has nothing to do with God's glory.

*"I beheld till the thrones were cast down, and the Ancient of days did sit, whose garment was white as snow, and the hair of his head like the pure wool: his throne was like the fiery flame, and his wheels as burning fire. A fiery stream issued and came forth from before him: thousand thousands ministered unto him, and ten thousand times ten thousand stood before him: the judgment was set, and the books were opened"* Daniel 7:9-10.

*"I saw in the night visions, and, behold, one like the Son of man came with the clouds of heaven, and came to the Ancient of days, and they brought him near before him. And there was given him dominion, and glory, and a kingdom, that all people, nations, and languages, should serve him: his dominion is an everlasting dominion, which shall not pass away, and his kingdom that which shall not be destroyed"* Daniel 7:13-14.

The whiteness of the Lord's countenance clearly emphasizes His sinless purity.

*"Come now, and let us reason together, saith the LORD: though your sins be as scarlet, they shall be as white as snow; though they be red like crimson, they shall be as wool"* Isaiah 1:18.

*"And ye know that he was manifested to take away our sins; and in him is no sin"* 1 John 3:5.

The Lord's eyes are *"as a flame of fire"* Revelation 1:14 in that they can burn through the grossest darkness and behold the deepest recesses of the human heart.

*"For the ways of man are before the eyes of the LORD, and he pondereth all his goings"* Proverbs 5:21.

*"The eyes of the LORD are in every place, beholding the evil and the good"* Proverbs 15:3.

*"The heart is deceitful above all things, and desperately wicked: who can know it? I the LORD search the heart, I try the reins, even to give every man according to his ways, and according to the fruit of his doings"* Jeremiah 17:9-10.

*"But Jesus did not commit himself unto them, because he knew all men, And needed not that any should testify of man: for he knew what was in man"* John 2:24-25.

In the light of Revelation 1:14, therefore and *“The eyes of the Lord”* a good prayer for both self and family is Psalm 139:23-24.

*“Search me, O God, and know my heart: try me, and know my thoughts: And see if there be any wicked way in me, and lead me in the way everlasting.”*

The Lord’s description in Revelation 1:14, 15 also matches the pre-incarnate Old Testament appearance of the Lord Jesus Christ in Daniel 10:6.

*“His body also was like the beryl, and his face as the appearance of lightning, and his eyes as lamps of fire, and his arms and his feet like in colour to polished brass, and the voice of his words like the voice of a multitude.”* See Ezekiel 1:24 that follows.

Observe that the association between absolute purity i.e. *“fine brass,”* burning *“in a furnace”* and *“his feet”* Revelation 1:15 prompts further association between the everlasting purity of the Lord’s words and *“the gospel of Christ”* Romans 1:16, 15:19, 29, 1 Corinthians 9:12, 18, 2 Corinthians 9:13, 10:14, Galatians 1:7, Philippians 1:27, 1 Thessalonians 3:2.

Note the association in scripture between *“the word of the Lord”* and *“the gospel of your salvation”* Acts 8:25, 15:7, Ephesians 1:13, Colossians 1:5, 1 Thessalonians 1:5, Hebrews 4:2, 1 Peter 1:25.

*“The words of the LORD are pure words: as silver tried in a furnace of earth, purified seven times. Thou shalt keep them, O LORD, thou shalt preserve them from this generation for ever”* Psalm 12:6-7.

*“How beautiful upon the mountains are the feet of him that bringeth good tidings, that publisheth peace; that bringeth good tidings of good, that publisheth salvation; that saith unto Zion, Thy God reigneth!”* Isaiah 52:7.

*“And how shall they preach, except they be sent? as it is written, How beautiful are the feet of them that preach the gospel of peace, and bring glad tidings of good things!”* Romans 10:15.

*“And that he might reconcile both unto God in one body by the cross, having slain the enmity thereby: And came and preached peace to you which were afar off, and to them that were nigh”* Ephesians 2:16-17. See also 2 Corinthians 5:18-21.

*“Stand therefore, having your loins girt about with truth, and having on the breastplate of righteousness; And your feet shod with the preparation of the gospel of peace;”* Ephesians 6:14-15.

Ephesians 6:14, 15 summarise standing fast in truth and righteousness and stepping forward with the Gospel of Christ.

The expression in Revelation 1:15 *“his voice as the sound of many waters”* is another testimony to the Lord’s Deity.

*“The voice of the LORD is upon the waters: the God of glory thundereth: the LORD is upon many waters”* Psalm 29:3.

*“And when they went, I heard the noise of their wings, like the noise of great waters, as the voice of the Almighty, the voice of speech, as the noise of an host: when they stood, they let down their wings”* Ezekiel 1:24. See Daniel 10:6.

*“And, behold, the glory of the God of Israel came from the way of the east: and his voice was like a noise of many waters: and the earth shined with his glory”* Ezekiel 43:2.

In sum, the description in Revelation 1:13, 14, 15 of *“one like unto the Son of man”* with respect to His garment, His gold, His face, hair, eyes, feet and voice, all attributes of Him that can be preached upon, all testify to Him as *“the living God, who is the Saviour of all men, specially of those that believe”* 1 Timothy 4:10.



It is essential, as Paul says, to trust in Him to receive by faith *“the salvation of God”* Psalm 50:23, Luke 3:6, Acts 28:28.

*Note: “seven golden candlesticks”* Revelation 1:12<sup>92</sup>

The *“seven golden candlesticks”* are *“heavenly things”* with respect to *“...the example and shadow of heavenly things, as Moses was admonished of God when he was about to make the tabernacle: for, See, saith he, that thou make all things according to the pattern shewed to thee in the mount”* Hebrews 8:5 with Exodus 25:31-32, 40 and by inspection are *sticks* not *stands*.

4. Revelation 1:16. The *“seven stars”* are defined as *“the angels of the seven churches”* in Revelation 1:20 and these angels are *appearances* of the spiritual condition of each of the churches before the Lord in heaven, according to the expression Exodus 3:2, Judges 6:12, 13:3, Matthew 1:20 *“the angel of the LORD appeared.”* See also Luke 1:11, 22:43, Acts 7:30, 35.



Psalm 104:4 speaks of God *“Who maketh his angels spirits; his ministers a flaming fire:”* See also Acts 23:8, Hebrews 1:7.

The association between angels, appearances and spirituality is very strong and therefore the conclusion that *“the angels of the seven churches”* is in each case the spiritual condition of a church, or churches collectively, as the Lord perceives it, is very possible.

Observe that in spite of what follows in Revelation 2, 3 the churches are still associated with *“stars”* in Revelation 1:16, 20, indicating the Lord’s imputed righteousness with respect to saved individuals within those churches.

*“Even as David also describeth the blessedness of the man, unto whom God imputeth righteousness without works”* Romans 4:6. See Romans 4:8, 11, 13, 22, 23.

*“And they that be wise shall shine as the brightness of the firmament; and they that turn many to righteousness as the stars for ever and ever”* Daniel 12:3.

*“They that be wise”* are as those in a church for the right reason, having been turned *“to righteousness”* and effective church ministries are as *“they that turn many to righteousness as the stars for ever and ever.”*

It is also noteworthy that as the Lord Jesus Christ is *“on the right hand of God”* Mark 16:9, Acts 2:33, 7:55, 56, Romans 8:34, Colossians 3:1, Hebrews 10:12, 1 Peter 3:22, so the church and churches are *spiritually* in the right hand of the Lord Jesus Christ Who is *“the Son of man sitting on the right hand of power”* Matthew 26:64, Mark 14:62.

*“Even when we were dead in sins, hath quickened us together with Christ, (by grace ye are saved;) And hath raised us up together, and made us sit together in heavenly places in Christ Jesus:”* Ephesians 2:5-6.

Appreciation of Ephesians 2:5-6 is an application of 2 Corinthians 5:7.

*“(For we walk by faith, not by sight:)”*

In the light of Ephesians 2:5-6, Colossians 3:1-2 should be applied.

*“If ye then be risen with Christ, seek those things which are above, where Christ sitteth on the right hand of God. Set your affection on things above, not on things on the earth.”*

Revelation 1:17 shows that the Lord, spiritually, is intimately close to each individual member of His church, *“he laid his right hand upon me.”*

Ephesians 6:17, Hebrews 4:12 define the *“sharp twoedged sword.”*



***“And take the helmet of salvation, and the sword of the Spirit, which is the word of God:”***

***“For the word of God is quick, and powerful, and sharper than any twoedged sword, piercing even to the dividing asunder of soul and spirit, and of the joints and marrow, and is a discern-er of the thoughts and intents of the heart.”***

*“The word of God” is “twoedged” because it can wound and it can heal.*

***“See now that I, even I, am he, and there is no god with me: I kill, and I make alive; I wound, and I heal: neither is there any that can deliver out of my hand”** Deuteronomy 32:39.*

***“For he maketh sore, and bindeth up: he woundeth, and his hands make whole”** Job 5:18.*

***“He healeth the broken in heart, and bindeth up their wounds”** Psalm 147:3.*

***“For I will restore health unto thee, and I will heal thee of thy wounds, saith the LORD; because they called thee an Outcast, saying, This is Zion, whom no man seeketh after”** Jeremiah 30:17.*

Note that in John 15:2-3, the purging of the branches is wounding, healing and cleansing for the follower of the Lord Jesus Christ and it is accomplished by ***“the word of God.”***

***“Every branch in me that beareth not fruit he taketh away: and every branch that beareth fruit, he purgeth it, that it may bring forth more fruit. Now ye are clean through the word which I have spoken unto you.”***

Observe, however that the ***“sharp twoedged sword”*** is also a WMD that the Lord will wield as ***“a short work”*** Romans 9:28 at the Second Advent, according to Revelation 19:15, 21.

***“And out of his mouth goeth a sharp sword, that with it he should smite the nations: and he shall rule them with a rod of iron: and he treadeth the winepress of the fierceness and wrath of Almighty God.”***

***“And the remnant were slain with the sword of him that sat upon the horse, which sword proceeded out of his mouth: and all the fowls were filled with their flesh.”***

The expression ***“his countenance was as the sun shineth in his strength”*** is another testimony to the Lord’s Deity, with respect to Psalm 19:4-6, cross referencing with respect to ***“he...that is to be ruler in Israel; whose goings forth have been from of old, from everlasting”*** Micah 5:2 and ***“the bridegroom”*** Matthew 9:15, 25:1, 5, 6, 10, Mark 2:19, 20, Luke 5:34, 35, John 2:9, 3:29 and Malachi 4:2, noting again the context of the Second Advent.

***“...In them hath he set a tabernacle for the sun, Which is as a bridegroom coming out of his chamber, and rejoiceth as a strong man to run a race. His going forth\* is from the end of the heaven, and his circuit unto the ends of it: and there is nothing hid from the heat thereof”*** Psalm 19:4-6.

\*Literally true<sup>93</sup>.

***“But unto you that fear my name shall the Sun of righteousness arise with healing in his wings; and ye shall go forth, and grow up as calves of the stall”*** Malachi 4:2.

See also comments in Point 3, with respect to the Lord’s transfiguration in Luke 9:26. All these references reinforce Revelation 1:16 as a testimony to the Lord’s Deity.

See Dr Ruckman’s work<sup>94</sup> for an explanation of the Sun as a type of the Trinity, the Gospel and the First and Second Advents.

5. Revelation 1:17. John is ***“the disciple whom Jesus loved”*** John 19:26, 20:2, 21:7, 20. Nevertheless, when he sees the Lord as He really is, John testifies that ***“I fell at his feet as dead.”***

John’s reaction is a further testimony to the Deity of the Lord Jesus Christ as revealed in Revelation 1:12-20. John’s reaction is the same as Ezekiel’s and Daniel’s on seeing the pre-incarnate

Lord Jesus Christ and Paul's on seeing the risen Lord Jesus Christ – proof that ***"Jesus Christ the same yesterday, and to day, and for ever"*** Hebrews 13:8.

***"As the appearance of the bow that is in the cloud in the day of rain, so was the appearance of the brightness round about. This was the appearance of the likeness of the glory of the LORD. And when I saw it, I fell upon my face, and I heard a voice of one that spake"*** Ezekiel 1:28.

***"Therefore I was left alone, and saw this great vision, and there remained no strength in me: for my comeliness was turned in me into corruption, and I retained no strength"*** Daniel 10:8.

See remarks in Point 3 on Ezekiel 1:24, Daniel 10:6.

***"And as he journeyed, he came near Damascus: and suddenly there shined round about him a light from heaven: And he fell to the earth, and heard a voice saying unto him, Saul, Saul, why persecutest thou me?"*** Acts 9:3-4.

In each case the Lord responds according to Zechariah 1:13.

***"And the LORD answered the angel that talked with me with good words and comfortable words."***

***"And he said unto me, Son of man, stand upon thy feet, and I will speak unto thee. And the spirit entered into me when he spake unto me, and set me upon my feet, that I heard him that spake unto me"*** Ezekiel 2:1-2.

***"And he said unto me, O Daniel, a man greatly beloved, understand the words that I speak unto thee, and stand upright: for unto thee am I now sent. And when he had spoken this word unto me, I stood trembling"*** Daniel 10:11. See Daniel 10:9-19.

***"And he said, Who art thou, Lord? And the Lord said, I am Jesus whom thou persecutest: it is hard for thee to kick against the pricks. And he trembling and astonished said, Lord, what wilt thou have me to do? And the Lord said unto him, Arise, and go into the city, and it shall be told thee what thou must do"*** Acts 9:5-6.

***"And he laid his right hand upon me, saying unto me, Fear not; I am the first and the last:...After this I looked, and, behold, a door was opened in heaven: and the first voice which I heard was as it were of a trumpet talking with me; which said, Come up hither, and I will shew thee things which must be hereafter"*** Revelation 1:17, 4:1.

The Lord's words are always uplifting, such that great encouragement may be drawn from them, according to Isaiah 41:10, which should be memorized.

***"Fear thou not; for I am with thee: be not dismayed; for I am thy God: I will strengthen thee; yea, I will help thee; yea, I will uphold thee with the right hand of my righteousness."***

It is essential to ***"Be still, and know that I am God"*** Psalm 46:10 but with knowledge of God comes growing in service and the Lord's words may also be taken as an exhortation to stand up, step out, move on and do the business, according to the principle of Acts 9:6.

***"And the Lord said unto him, Arise, and go into the city, and it shall be told thee what thou must do."*** See also Matthew 17:5-8 with respect to Revelation 1:17.

6. ***Revelation 1:18.*** Revelation 1:18 cross-references to Revelation 1:8. See comments in the previous study in Point 8. The expression from Revelation 1:8 showing that the Lord is He ***"which is"*** a priest, Hebrews 7:24-26, ***"which was"*** a prophet, Luke 13:33 and ***"which is to come"*** a king, Luke 1:31-33 clearly matches the expression in Revelation 1:18 ***"I am he that liveth,"*** a priest, Hebrews 7:24-26, ***"and was dead;"*** a prophet, Luke 13:33 ***"and, behold, I am alive for evermore,"*** a king, Luke 1:31-33, when He returns, according to 1 Corinthians 15:25 ***"For he must reign, till he hath put all enemies under his feet."***

See comments in Point 4 on Hebrews 7:16 with respect to *“the power of an endless life.”* This is the life by which the Lord *“liveth for ever and ever”* Revelation 4:9, 10, 5:14, 10:6, 15:7. That life is on offer to *“whosoever will, let him take of the water of life freely”* Revelation 22:17.

The succinct expression *“Amen”* is God’s spoken guarantee that *“These are the true sayings of God”* Revelation 19:9.

The Lord has *“the keys of hell and of death”* because He opened *“the gates of death”* Job 38:17, Psalm 9:13, 107:18 when He was *“three days and three nights in the heart of the earth”* Matthew 12:40 after which *“When he ascended up on high, he led captivity captive”* Ephesians 4:8, having taken with Him the souls like that of Lazarus and the repentant thief who were resident in *“Abraham’s bosom”* Luke 16:22 i.e. *“in paradise”* Luke 23:43 as explained by Ephesians 4:9<sup>95</sup>.

*“Now that he ascended, what is it but that he also descended first into the lower parts of the earth?”*

Ephesians 4:8 explains why paradise is now in the third heaven as Paul recounts in 2 Corinthians 12:2, 4 about his experience after being stoned and left for dead in Lystra.

*“I knew a man in Christ above fourteen years ago, (whether in the body, I cannot tell; or whether out of the body, I cannot tell: God knoweth;) such an one caught up to the third heaven.”*

*“How that he was caught up into paradise, and heard unspeakable words, which it is not lawful for a man to utter.”*

The Lord also has the keys of *“the gates of hell”* Matthew 16:18, so that even if those who were in *“Abraham’s bosom”* had been confined there, the Lord could get them out. Note that when the Lord says *“the gates of hell shall not prevail against it”* He could be referring to Himself as *“it”* i.e. *“this rock”* 1 Corinthians 10:4. Matthew 16:18 would then indicate that *“the gates of hell”* cannot *“prevail”* against the Lord Jesus Christ because He, and only He, has the power via *“the keys”* to lock and unlock them. This is a firm testimony to *“his divine power”* 2 Peter 1:3. No-one, not even the Devil, can put anyone in hell if that individual is built into the Lord’s church that the Lord refers to in Matthew 16:18. See Ephesians 2:18-22 with respect to the Lord’s church as *“an habitation of God through the Spirit.”*

For a different but most informative study on Matthew 16:18, see Dr Ruckman’s work<sup>96</sup>.

The Lord can therefore keep the unrighteous dead in hell. Only one man<sup>97</sup> ever prayed his way *“out of the belly of hell”* Jonah 2:2, because, providentially for him, he was a type of the Lord Jesus Christ, Matthew 12:40. *That office is no longer in operation.* See the excellent tracts<sup>98</sup> by Chick Publications and Dr Ruckman’s work<sup>99</sup>.

Therefore, those like *“the rich man...in hell”* Luke 16:22-23 stay under lockdown like *“the angels which kept not their first estate, but left their own habitation, he hath reserved in everlasting chains under darkness unto the judgment of the great day”* Jude 6 and those *“Even as Sodom and Gomorrha, and the cities about them in like manner, giving themselves over to fornication, and going after strange flesh, are set forth for an example, suffering the vengeance of eternal fire”* Jude 7.

*“The judgment of the great day”* is that of the *“great white throne, and him that sat on it, from whose face the earth and the heaven fled away; and there was found no place for them”* Revelation 20:11. See Revelation 20:12-15 and note in particular Revelation 20:13.

*“And the sea gave up the dead which were in it; and death and hell delivered up the dead which were in them; and they were judged every man according to their works.”*

As He that hath *“the keys of hell and of death”* says in Isaiah 46:11:

**“Yea, I have spoken it, I will also bring it to pass; I have purposed it, I will also do it.”**

7. Revelation 1:19, 20. John is told to write up the past from the threshold of the End Times just prior to the Second Advent, ***“the things which thou hast seen”*** Revelation 1-3, the present during the End Times ***“the things which are”*** Revelation 4-19 and the future beginning with the Lord’s actual Return, ***“the things which shall be hereafter”*** Revelation 20-22.

The threefold emphasis on ***“the things”*** enhances the import of Revelation 1:1 with respect to the ***“things which must shortly come to pass.”***

See comments under Points 1, 2, 4 and Revelation 1:12, 13, 16 with respect to Revelation 1:20.

Revelation 1 effectively comes full circle in its closing verses because it needs only to be added that it is John ***“Who bare record of the word of God, and of the testimony of Jesus Christ, and of all things that he saw”*** Revelation 1:2 and ***“This is the disciple which testifieth of these things, and wrote these things: and we know that his testimony is true...Amen”*** John 21:24-25.

8. The NIV is deficient in the following verses in Revelation 1:12-20.
  - 8.1. Revelation 1:12, 13, 20. Alteration of ***“candlesticks”*** to ***“lampstands”*** leads to an imprecise reading. A candlestick is easily recognizable as such and a church should be easily recognizable as such. A lampstand could be anything e.g. a table or an upturned box and is not easily visualised as a distinct shape.
  - 8.2. Revelation 1:13. Alteration of ***“in the midst of”*** to ***“among”*** leads to an imprecise reading that is less intimate. Omission of ***“seven”*** is further lack of precision, detracting again from the intimacy that the Lord exercises with respect to His individual churches. Alteration of ***“the Son”*** to ***“a son”*** weakens the cross reference to John 3:13 and is clearly a slight against the Lord’s Deity. Alteration of ***“garment”*** to ***“robe”*** is objectionable because it associates the Lord’s heavenly garments with the robes that His enemies clothed Him in, Matthew 27:28, 31, Luke 23:11, John 19:2, 5.
  - 8.3. Revelation 1:15. Omission of ***“fine”*** detracts from the Lord’s purity, Hebrews 1:13.
  - 8.4. Revelation 1:16. Alteration of ***“his strength”*** to ***“its brilliance”*** weakens the cross references to Psalm 19:4-6, Malachi 4:2. See remarks under Point 4.
  - 8.5. Revelation 1:17. Omission of ***“unto me”*** weakens the personal nature of the Lord’s words to John.
  - 8.6. Revelation 1:18. Alteration of ***“he”*** to ***“the...one”*** is a move towards the New Age false doctrine<sup>100</sup> of ‘the One.’ Omission of ***“Amen”*** weakens the testimony of Revelation 1:18 to ***“the certainty of the words of truth”*** Proverbs 22:21. Substitution of ***“Hades”*** for ***“hell”*** is unacceptable because it is merely a transliteration<sup>101</sup>, not a translation and imprecise, breaking the cross reference to Luke 16:22, 23. See comments under Point 6.
  - 8.7. Revelation 1:19. The NIV’s threefold omission of ***“these things”*** detracts from the import of Revelation 1:1 with respect to real events. See comments under Point 7.

***“The Revelation of Jesus Christ, which God gave unto him, to shew unto his servants things which must shortly come to pass; and he sent and signified it by his angel unto his servant John:”***

I am he that  
liveth, and was  
dead; and,  
behold, I am  
alive for  
evermore,  
Amen; and  
have the keys  
of hell and of  
death.

Revelation 1:18  
[magnifythelordwithme.com](http://magnifythelordwithme.com)



See **References** for the sites used in this writer's works for:

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JR = Jesuit Rheims New Testament 1582<sup>103</sup>

DR = Catholic Douay-Rheims Version, Challoner's Revision 1749-1752<sup>104</sup>

ASV = American Standard Version<sup>105</sup>

RV = English Revised Version, 1885<sup>106</sup>

ESV = 2016 English Standard Version<sup>107</sup>

NASVs = 1977, 1995 New American Standard Versions<sup>108</sup>

NIV = 1984, 2011 Editions New International Version<sup>109</sup>

NKJV = New King James Version<sup>110</sup>

NKJV f.n. = New King James Version footnote

NRSV = New Revised Standard Version<sup>111</sup>

JB, NJB = Catholic Jerusalem, New Jerusalem Bibles, respectively<sup>112</sup>

NWT = Jehovah's Witness Watchtower 1984, 2013 New World Translation<sup>113</sup>

CEV = Contemporary English Version<sup>114</sup>

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<sup>4</sup> [store.kjv1611.org/](http://store.kjv1611.org/) *Bible Numerics* by Dr Peter S. Ruckman, pp 23-27

<sup>5</sup> [store.kjv1611.org/](http://store.kjv1611.org/) *The Book of Revelation* by Dr Peter S. Ruckman, p 479

<sup>6</sup> [store.kjv1611.org/](http://store.kjv1611.org/) *The Book of Matthew* by Dr Peter S. Ruckman, p 36

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